

Converting Colors

`RYB(167, 0, 230)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(167, 0, 230) contains.

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Color

R_YB(167, 0, 230)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A700E6
RGB	167, 0, 230
RGB Percent	65%, 0%, 90%
CMY	0.3451, 1.0000, 0.0980
CMYK	0.27, 1.00, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	284°, 100%, 45%
HSV	284°, 100%, 90%
XYZ	30.2193, 13.9287, 75.9587
YIQ	76.1530, 25.7020, 106.9340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

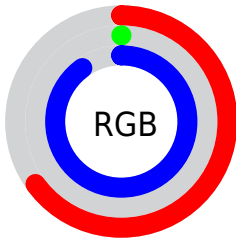
Format	Color
R_{YB}	167, 0, 230
Decimal	10944742
CIE _{Lab}	44.13, 82.08, -73.71
CIE _{LCh}	44, 110.314, 318.076
Yxy	13.9287, 0.2516, 0.1160
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289134822 (0xFFA700E6)
YUV	76.1530, 75.8466, 79.6728
Hunter-Lab	37.3211, 79.2212, -94.5466

Details

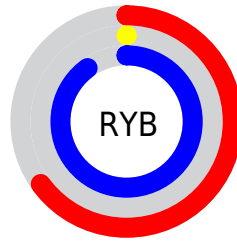
The RYB color **167, 0, 230** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33FF**. The color can be described as middle washed purple. A complement of this color would be **0, 230, 167**, and the grayscale version is **75, 75, 75**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **228, 88, 255**, and **107, 0, 173** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **167, 0, 230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **173, 23, 230**.

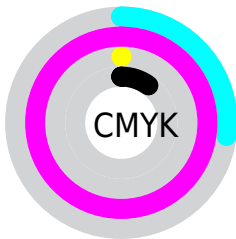
Distribution



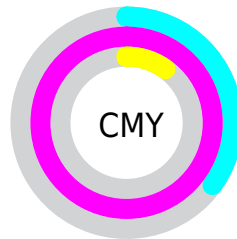
- Red (65%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)





















- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (10%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 167, 0, 230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 167, 0, 230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 167, 0, 230	 167, 0, 230
 255, 255, 255	 137, 0, 201
 228, 88, 255	 107, 0, 173
 255, 118, 255	 76, 0, 146
 255, 147, 255	 44, 0, 119
 255, 177, 255	 0, 0, 93
 255, 206, 255	 0, 0, 68
 255, 236, 255	 0, 3, 45
	 0, 1, 23
	 0, 0, 0

 167, 0, 230


 173, 23, 230


 180, 46, 230


 186, 69, 230

 192, 92, 230

 198, 115, 230

 205, 138, 230

 211, 161, 230

 217, 184, 230

 224, 207, 230

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 72, 255



167, 0, 230



240, 0, 145

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



167, 0, 230



126, 157, 0



0, 74, 160

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



167, 0, 230



0, 230, 167

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 91, 134



167, 0, 230



0, 117, 44

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



167, 0, 230



217, 0, 0



0, 129, 129



0, 88, 243

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



167, 0, 230



252, 0, 85



0, 129, 129



0, 70, 136

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



167, 0, 230



234, 179, 255



0, 51, 230



115, 82, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



167, 0, 230



185, 0, 255



230, 0, 180



112, 103, 115



130, 0, 179



37, 0, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



230, 0, 63



255, 0, 70



0, 189, 230



115, 103, 106



179, 0, 49



51, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 167, 0, 230 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

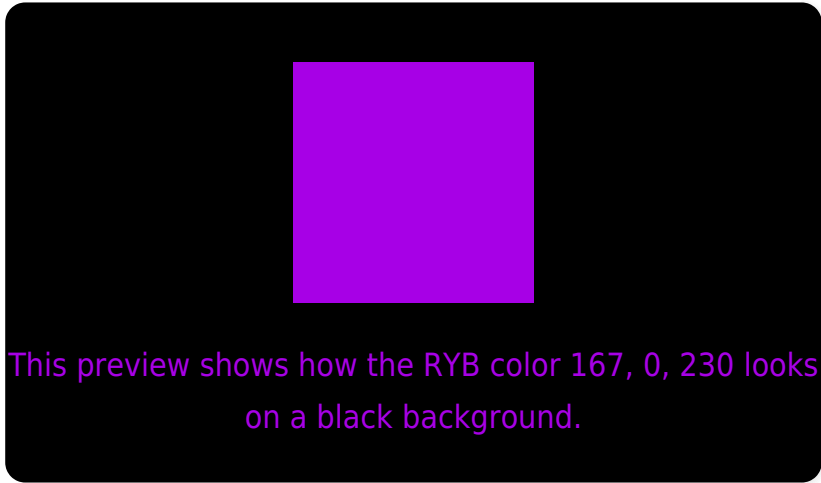
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 167, 0, 230 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 167, 0, 230.

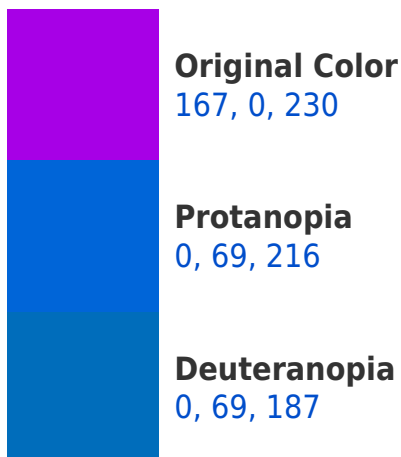


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 167, 0, 230.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
145, 90, 97

Trichromacy



Original Color

167, 0, 230



Protanomaly

61, 65, 221



Deuteranomaly

61, 69, 203



Tritanomaly

153, 57, 145

Monochromacy



Original Color

167, 0, 230



Achromatopsia

76, 76, 76



Achromatomaly

109, 48, 132

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 167, 0, 230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 0, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 0, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 0, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 0, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 167, 0, 230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 0, 230) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 0, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 0, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 0, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 0, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 0,  
230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 167, 0, 230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 0, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167, 0,  
230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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