

Converting Colors

`RYB(167, 215, 250)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(167, 215, 250) contains.

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Color

R_YB(167, 215, 250)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A7FAE4
RGB	167, 250, 228
RGB Percent	65%, 98%, 89%
CMY	0.3451, 0.0196, 0.1078
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.09, 0.02
HSL	164°, 89%, 82%
HSV	164°, 33%, 98%
XYZ	64.0591, 82.1616, 85.5330
YIQ	222.6750, -42.4060, -24.4380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

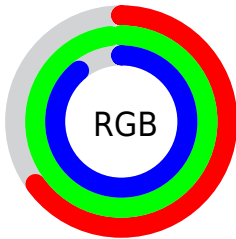
Format	Color
RYB	167, 215, 250
Decimal	11008740
CIELab	92.65, -29.92, 2.78
CIElCh	93, 30.051, 174.688
Yxy	82.1616, 0.2764, 0.3545
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289198820 (0xFFA7FAE4)
YUV	222.6750, 2.6252, -48.8270
Hunter-Lab	90.6430, -32.4760, 7.5026

Details

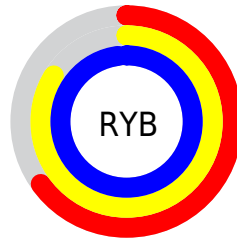
The RYB color **167, 215, 250** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **250, 167, 189**, and the grayscale version is **223, 223, 223**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **224, 240, 255**, and **112, 158, 193** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **142, 204, 250**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **192, 226, 250**.

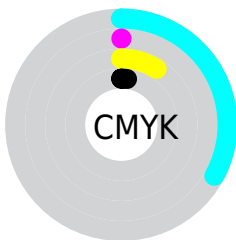
Distribution



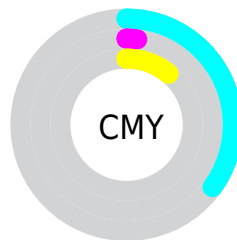
- Red (65%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 167, 215, 250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 167, 215, 250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 167, 215, 250

 167, 215, 250


255, 255, 255

 139, 186, 221

 224, 240, 255

 112, 159, 193

254, 255, 255

 84, 131, 166


 57, 103, 139

 25, 74, 113

 0, 48, 88

 0, 36, 64

 0, 25, 42


 0, 15, 17

 167, 215, 250


 167, 215, 250

 142, 204, 250


 192, 226, 250

 117, 194, 250


 217, 236, 250


 92, 183, 250

 242, 247, 250

 67, 173, 250

 255, 250, 255

 42, 162, 250

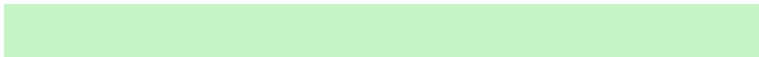
 17, 152, 250

 0, 145, 250

Harmonies

Analogous

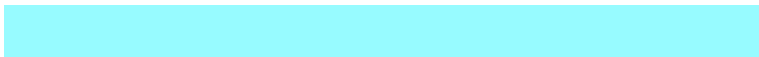
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



197, 243, 246



167, 215, 250



151, 202, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



167, 215, 250



232, 228, 255



255, 253, 188

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



167, 215, 250



250, 167, 189

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 214, 211



167, 215, 250



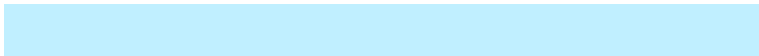
255, 219, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



167, 215, 250



192, 219, 255



255, 213, 240



214, 255, 177

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



167, 215, 250



154, 203, 255



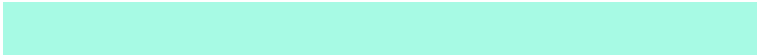
255, 213, 240



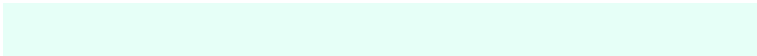
255, 234, 194

Sweetspot

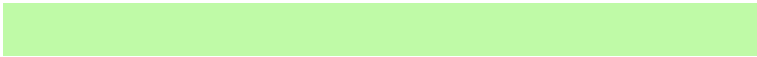
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



167, 215, 250



230, 245, 255



167, 250, 226



112, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

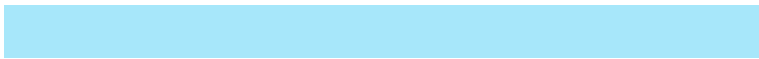
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



167, 215, 250



153, 212, 255



167, 203, 250



112, 119, 125



0, 109, 189



0, 35, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



250, 167, 189



255, 153, 181



250, 190, 167



125, 112, 116



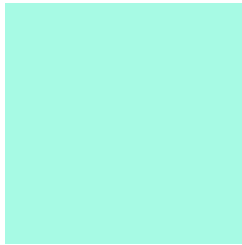
189, 0, 51



61, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 167, 215, 250 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

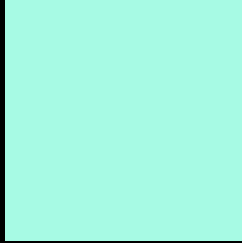
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 167, 215, 250 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 167, 215, 250 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 167, 215, 250.

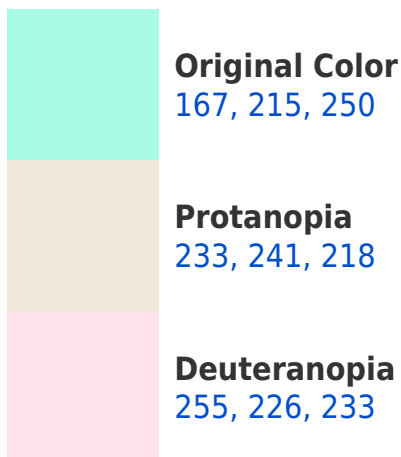


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 167, 215, 250.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





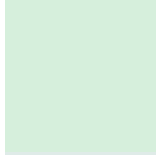
Tritanopia
196, 222, 255

Trichromacy



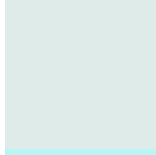
Original Color

167, 215, 250



Protanomaly

214, 234, 239



Deuteranomaly

223, 230, 235



Tritanomaly

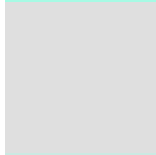
185, 215, 245

Monochromacy



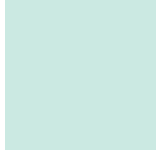
Original Color

167, 215, 250



Achromatopsia

223, 223, 223



Achromatomaly

203, 220, 233

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 167, 215, 250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 250, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 250, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 250, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 250, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 167, 215, 250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 250, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 250, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 250, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 250, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 250, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 250,  
228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 167, 215, 250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 250, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
250, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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