

# Converting Colors

`RYB(168, 119, 202)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(168, 119, 202) contains.

<b>RYB(168, 119, 202)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**$\text{RYB}(168, 119, 202)$**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A877CA
RGB	168, 119, 202
RGB Percent	66%, 47%, 79%
CMY	0.3412, 0.5333, 0.2078
CMYK	0.17, 0.41, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	275°, 44%, 63%
HSV	275°, 41%, 79%
XYZ	33.4059, 25.7828, 59.0930
YIQ	143.1130, 2.5610, 36.2010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

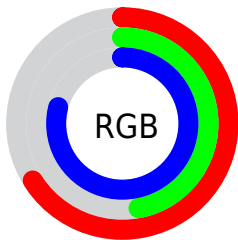
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	168, 119, 202
Decimal	11040714
CIE Lab	57.83, 34.62, -35.84
CIE LCh	58, 49.835, 314.007
Yxy	25.7828, 0.2824, 0.2180
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289230794 (0xFFA877CA)
YUV	143.1130, 29.0313, 21.8259
Hunter-Lab	50.7767, 28.5757, -33.4569

# Details

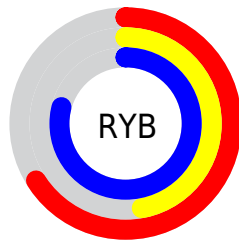
The RYB color **168, 119, 202** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. A complement of this color would be **119, 202, 168**, and the grayscale version is **143, 143, 143**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **224, 172, 255**, and **114, 69, 148** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **160, 99, 202**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **176, 139, 202**.

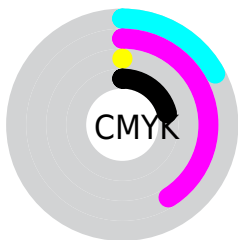
# Distribution



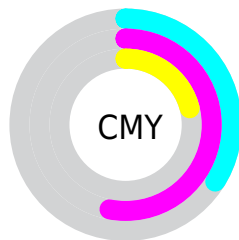
- Red (66%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 168, 119, 202 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 168, 119, 202 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 168, 119, 202


255, 255, 255

 224, 172, 255

 253, 200, 255

 255, 228, 255

 168, 119, 202

 141, 94, 174


 114, 69, 148

 88, 45, 121

 63, 22, 96

 38, 0, 72

 17, 0, 49

 0, 1, 27

 0, 0, 0

 168, 119, 202

 168, 119, 202

160, 99, 202

176, 139, 202

151, 79, 202

185, 159, 202

143, 58, 202

193, 180, 202

135, 38, 202

201, 200, 202

127, 18, 202

202, 220, 213

119, 0, 202

202, 240, 224

202, 255, 231

202, 255, 223

202, 255, 215

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99, 128, 224



168, 119, 202



207, 104, 164

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



168, 119, 202



147, 183, 52



0, 81, 161

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



168, 119, 202



119, 202, 168

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 93, 159



168, 119, 202



50, 144, 49

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



168, 119, 202



210, 122, 80



73, 153, 131



0, 88, 198

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



168, 119, 202



218, 100, 135



73, 153, 131



0, 84, 160



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



168, 119, 202



242, 224, 255



119, 144, 202



120, 110, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



168, 119, 202



204, 130, 255



202, 119, 195



98, 92, 102



98, 0, 166



23, 0, 38



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



202, 119, 153



255, 130, 181



119, 196, 202



102, 92, 96



166, 0, 68

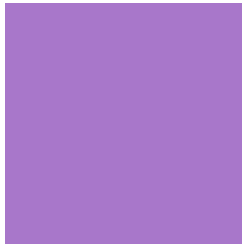


38, 0, 16



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 168, 119, 202 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

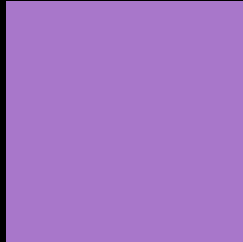
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 168, 119, 202 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

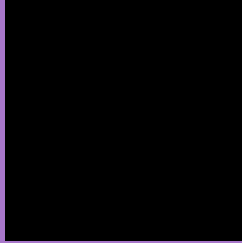
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 168, 119, 202 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 168, 119, 202.

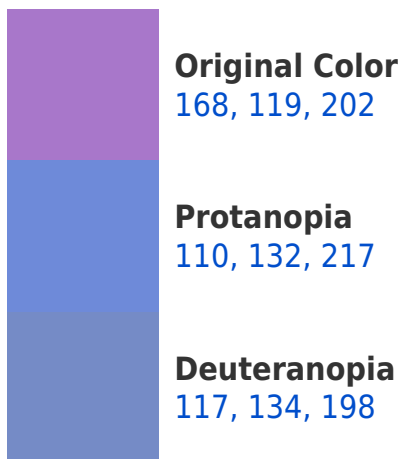



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 168, 119, 202.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
158, 132, 142

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
168, 119, 202

**Protanomaly**  
131, 130, 212

**Deuteranomaly**  
136, 131, 199

**Tritanomaly**  
162, 127, 164

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
168, 119, 202

**Achromatopsia**  
143, 143, 143

**Achromatomaly**  
152, 134, 164

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 168, 119, 202 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 119, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 119, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 119, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 119, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 168, 119, 202 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 119, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 119, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 119, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 119, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 119, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 119,  
202) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 168, 119, 202 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 119, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
119, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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