

Converting Colors

`RYB(168, 28, 125)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(168, 28, 125) contains.

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Color

`RYB(168, 28, 125)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A81C7D
RGB	168, 28, 125
RGB Percent	66%, 11%, 49%
CMY	0.3412, 0.8902, 0.5098
CMYK	0.00, 0.83, 0.26, 0.34
HSL	318°, 71%, 38%
HSV	318°, 83%, 66%
XYZ	20.2654, 10.6360, 20.3869
YIQ	80.9180, 52.3030, 59.8470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

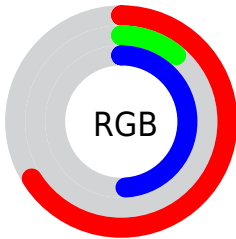
Format	Color
R_{YB}	168, 28, 125
Decimal	11017341
CIE _{Lab}	38.96, 61.81, -19.66
CIE _{LCh}	39, 64.857, 342.356
Yxy	10.6360, 0.3951, 0.2074
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289207421 (0xFFA81C7D)
YUV	80.9180, 21.7324, 76.3709
Hunter-Lab	32.6129, 53.8458, -14.2342

Details

The RYB color **168, 28, 125** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **28, 135, 168**, and the grayscale version is **81, 81, 81**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **227, 91, 178**, and **111, 0, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **168, 11, 120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **168, 45, 130**.

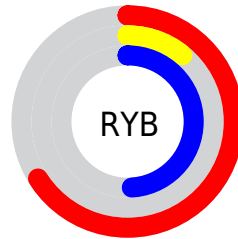
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (11%)

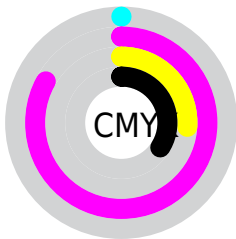
Blue (49%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (11%)

Blue (49%)

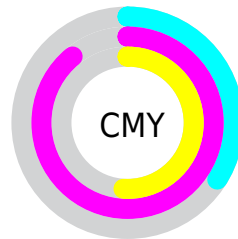


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (83%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)


Magenta (89%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 168, 28, 125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 168, 28, 125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 168, 28, 125

 168, 28, 125

255, 255, 255

 139, 0, 100

 227, 91, 178

 111, 0, 76

 255, 119, 205

 84, 0, 53

 255, 147, 234

 59, 0, 32

 255, 176, 255

 27, 0, 2


 255, 205, 255

 0, 0, 0

 255, 234, 255

 168, 28, 125

 168, 28, 125

 168, 11, 120

 168, 45, 130

■ 168, 0, 116

■ 168, 62, 135

■ 168, 78, 140

■ 168, 95, 146

■ 168, 112, 151

■ 168, 129, 156

■ 168, 146, 161

■ 168, 162, 166

■ 168, 177, 179

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



119, 65, 171



168, 28, 125



182, 10, 73

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



168, 28, 125



0, 96, 3



0, 67, 162

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



168, 28, 125



28, 135, 168

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 57, 114



168, 28, 125



0, 107, 87

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



168, 28, 125



104, 137, 0



0, 74, 112



0, 69, 193

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



168, 28, 125



176, 36, 39



0, 74, 112



0, 64, 147

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



168, 28, 125



219, 164, 202



70, 28, 168



110, 77, 100



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



168, 28, 125



219, 0, 152



168, 28, 56



84, 76, 82



148, 0, 102



20, 0, 14

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



168, 28, 125



219, 0, 152



28, 106, 168



84, 76, 82



148, 0, 102



20, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 168, 28, 125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

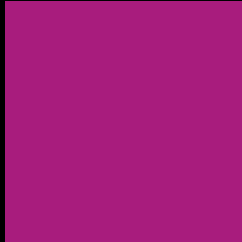
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 168, 28, 125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 168, 28, 125 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYP color 168, 28, 125.

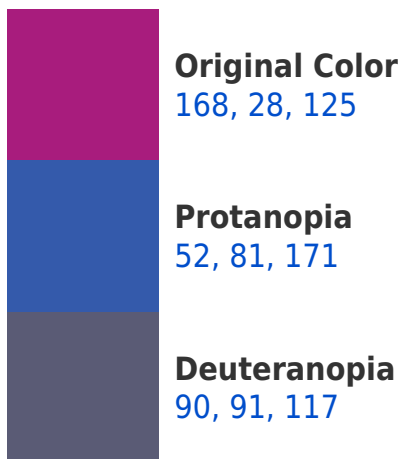


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYP color 168, 28, 125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

163, 54, 57

Trichromacy



Original Color
168, 28, 125

Protanomaly
94, 68, 154

Deuteranomaly
118, 68, 120

Tritanomaly
165, 45, 82

Monochromacy



Original Color
168, 28, 125

Achromatopsia
81, 81, 81

Achromatomaly
113, 62, 97

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 168, 28, 125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 28, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 28, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 28, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 28, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 168, 28, 125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 28, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 28, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 28, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 28, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 28, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 28,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 168, 28, 125 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 28, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168, 28,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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