

Converting Colors

`RYB(169, 110, 255)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(169, 110, 255) contains.

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Color

R_YB(169, 110, 255)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A96EFF
RGB	169, 110, 255
RGB Percent	66%, 43%, 100%
CMY	0.3373, 0.5686, 0.0000
CMYK	0.34, 0.57, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	264°, 100%, 72%
HSV	264°, 57%, 100%
XYZ	39.9881, 26.8069, 97.6744
YIQ	144.1710, -11.3810, 57.6030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

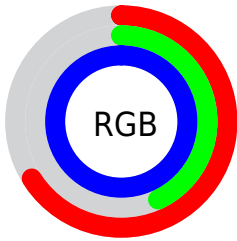
Format	Color
R _{YB}	169, 110, 255
Decimal	11103999
CIE _{Lab}	58.80, 52.26, -63.93
CIE _{LCh}	59, 82.575, 309.267
Y _{xy}	26.8069, 0.2431, 0.1630
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289294079 (0xFFA96EFF)
YUV	144.1710, 54.6387, 21.7750
Hunter-Lab	51.7754, 47.2556, -75.6080

Details

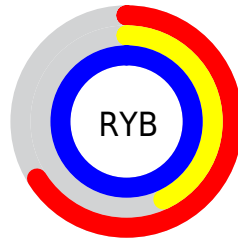
The RYB color **169, 110, 255** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966FF**. A complement of this color would be **110, 255, 169**, and the grayscale version is **144, 144, 144**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **228, 164, 255**, and **111, 59, 197** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **154, 85, 255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **184, 136, 255**.

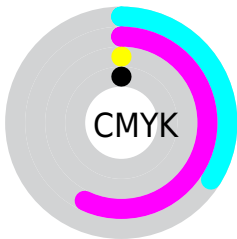
Distribution



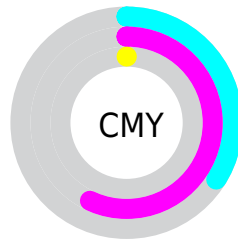
- Red (66%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 169, 110, 255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 169, 110, 255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 169, 110, 255

255, 255, 255

 228, 164, 255


 255, 191, 255

 255, 220, 255


 255, 249, 255

 169, 110, 255

 140, 84, 226

 111, 59, 197

 82, 33, 169

 51, 1, 142

 6, 0, 116

 0, 0, 91

 0, 4, 66

 0, 3, 43

 0, 1, 21

 169, 110, 255

 169, 110, 255

 154, 85, 255

 184, 136, 255

 139, 59, 255

 199, 161, 255

 124, 33, 255

 214, 187, 255

 109, 8, 255

 229, 212, 255

 104, 0, 255

 245, 238, 255

255, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 92, 255



169, 110, 255



242, 66, 194

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



169, 110, 255



163, 211, 0



0, 89, 173

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



169, 110, 255



110, 255, 169

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 112, 170



169, 110, 255



5, 151, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



169, 110, 255



253, 85, 52



0, 162, 96



0, 98, 232

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



169, 110, 255



255, 45, 147



0, 162, 96



0, 95, 172

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



169, 110, 255



229, 212, 255



110, 164, 255



112, 102, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



169, 110, 255



152, 82, 255



241, 110, 255



120, 115, 128



78, 0, 191



26, 0, 64

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 110, 196



255, 82, 184



110, 255, 240



128, 115, 122



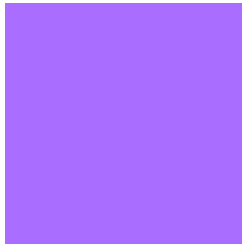
191, 0, 113



64, 0, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 169, 110, 255 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

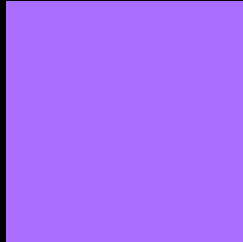
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 169, 110, 255 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

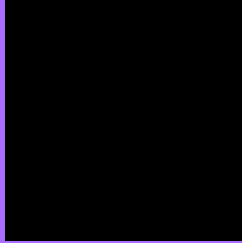
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 169, 110, 255 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 169, 110, 255.

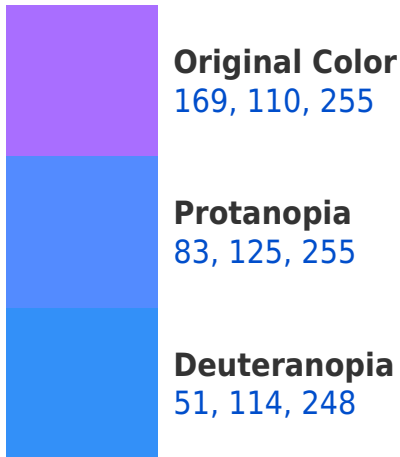


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 169, 110, 255.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

148, 138, 149

Trichromacy



Original Color

169, 110, 255



Protanomaly

114, 127, 255



Deuteranomaly

94, 124, 251



Tritanomaly

156, 128, 188

Monochromacy



Original Color

169, 110, 255



Achromatopsia

144, 144, 144



Achromatomaly

153, 132, 184

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 169, 110, 255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 110, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 110, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 110, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 110, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 169, 110, 255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 110, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 110, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 110, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 110, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 110, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 110,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 169, 110, 255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 110, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
110, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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