

Converting Colors

`RYB(169, 176, 207)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(169, 176, 207) contains.

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Color

R_YB(169, 176, 207)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9B2CF
RGB	169, 178, 207
RGB Percent	66%, 70%, 81%
CMY	0.3373, 0.3036, 0.1882
CMYK	0.18, 0.14, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	226°, 28%, 74%
HSV	226°, 18%, 81%
XYZ	43.4618, 44.6142, 65.3522
YIQ	178.6150, -14.6730, 7.1110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

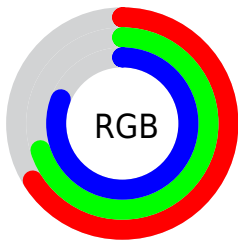
Format	Color
RYB	169, 176, 207
Decimal	11121359
CIELab	72.64, 3.15, -15.88
CIELCh	73, 16.192, 281.215
Yxy	44.6142, 0.2833, 0.2908
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289311439 (0xFFA9B2CF)
YUV	178.6150, 13.9938, -8.4324
Hunter-Lab	66.7938, -0.7419, -11.2546

Details

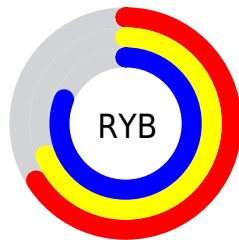
The RYB color **169, 176, 207** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **181, 207, 169**, and the grayscale version is **178, 178, 178**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **225, 232, 255**, and **116, 123, 153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **148, 159, 207**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **190, 193, 207**.

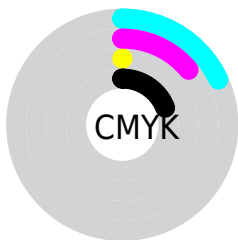
Distribution



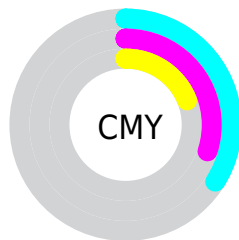
- Red (66%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 169, 176, 207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 169, 176, 207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 169, 176, 207

255, 255, 255

■ 225, 231, 255

253, 254, 255

■ 169, 176, 207

■ 142, 149, 179

■ 116, 123, 153

■ 91, 98, 127

■ 67, 74, 102

■ 44, 52, 78

■ 22, 30, 55

■ 0, 7, 33

■ 0, 0, 8

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 169, 176, 207

■ 169, 176, 207

■ 148, 159, 207

■ 190, 193, 207

■ 128, 143, 207

■ 207, 210, 207

■ 107, 126, 207

■ 213, 231, 207

■ 86, 108, 207

■ 220, 252, 207

■ 66, 91, 207

■ 207, 255, 207

■ 45, 74, 207

■ 24, 57, 207

■ 3, 41, 207

■ 0, 38, 207

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



151, 171, 206



169, 176, 207



188, 173, 201

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



169, 176, 207



208, 173, 159



151, 175, 186

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



169, 176, 207



181, 207, 169

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156, 183, 172



169, 176, 207



199, 195, 151

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



169, 176, 207



209, 168, 173



155, 184, 149



141, 165, 187

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



169, 176, 207



198, 170, 193



155, 184, 149



156, 179, 185

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



169, 176, 207



240, 243, 255



169, 191, 207



119, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



169, 176, 207



199, 210, 255



179, 169, 207



94, 96, 105



0, 31, 168



0, 7, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207, 169, 178



255, 199, 212



169, 207, 179



105, 94, 96



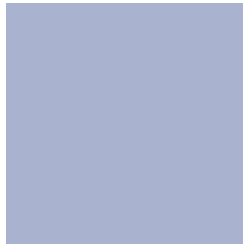
168, 0, 38



41, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 169, 176, 207 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

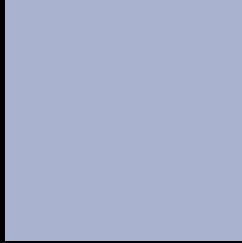
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 169, 176, 207 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

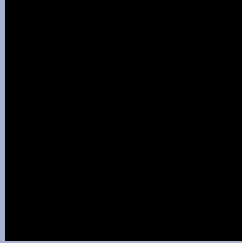
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 169, 176, 207 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 169, 176, 207.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 169, 176, 207.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

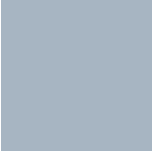
Dichromacy



Original Color
169, 176, 207

Protanopia
173, 177, 206

Deuteranopia
181, 174, 208



Tritanopia
167, 176, 194

Trichromacy



Original Color
169, 176, 207

Protanomaly
172, 176, 206

Deuteranomaly
177, 175, 208

Tritanomaly
168, 176, 199

Monochromacy



Original Color
169, 176, 207

Achromatopsia
178, 178, 178

Achromatomaly
175, 177, 189

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 169, 176, 207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 178, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 178, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 178, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 178, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 169, 176, 207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 178, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 178, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 178, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 178, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 178, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 178,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 169, 176, 207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 178, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
178, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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