

Converting Colors

`RYB(169, 186, 206)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(169, 186, 206) contains.

RYB(169, 186, 206)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

$\text{RYB}(169, 186, 206)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9C8CE
RGB	169, 200, 206
RGB Percent	66%, 78%, 81%
CMY	0.3373, 0.2139, 0.1922
CMYK	0.18, 0.03, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	189°, 27%, 74%
HSV	189°, 18%, 81%
XYZ	48.2614, 54.4086, 66.3508
YIQ	191.4150, -20.4020, -4.7060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

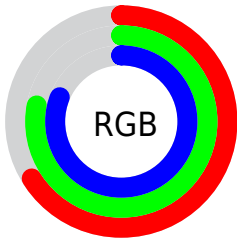
Format	Color
R _Y B	169, 186, 206
Decimal	11126990
CIE Lab	78.70, -9.29, -6.29
CIE LCh	79, 11.219, 214.075
Yxy	54.4086, 0.2855, 0.3219
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289317070 (0xFFA9C8CE)
YUV	191.4150, 7.1904, -19.6580
Hunter-Lab	73.7622, -12.2940, -1.6992

Details

The RYB color **169, 186, 206** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **206, 176, 169**, and the grayscale version is **192, 192, 192**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **225, 240, 255**, and **116, 132, 152** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **148, 175, 206**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **190, 197, 206**.

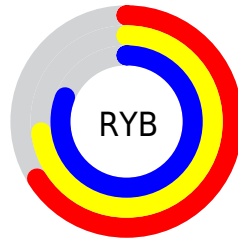
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (78%)

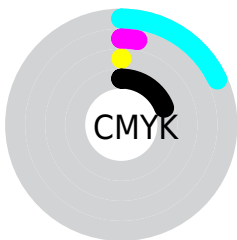
Blue (81%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (81%)

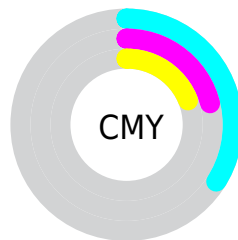


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 169, 186, 206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 169, 186, 206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 169, 186, 206

255, 255, 255


 225, 240, 255

 253, 254, 255

 169, 186, 206


 142, 159, 179


 116, 132, 152

 91, 107, 126

 67, 83, 101

 44, 59, 77

 21, 36, 54

 0, 15, 33

 0, 0, 10

 0, 0, 0

■ 169, 186, 206

■ 169, 186, 206

■ 148, 175, 206

■ 190, 197, 206

■ 128, 164, 206

■ 210, 207, 206

■ 107, 152, 206

■ 231, 211, 206

■ 87, 142, 206

■ 251, 214, 206

■ 66, 130, 206

■ 255, 219, 206

■ 45, 119, 206

■ 255, 224, 206

■ 25, 108, 206

■ 255, 230, 206

■ 4, 97, 206

■ 255, 237, 206

■ 0, 95, 206

■ 255, 246, 206

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171, 187, 201



169, 186, 206



175, 189, 213

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



169, 186, 206



210, 189, 204



185, 202, 174

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



169, 186, 206



206, 176, 169

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



212, 202, 176



169, 186, 206



216, 188, 194

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



169, 186, 206



199, 192, 212



217, 190, 184



177, 198, 185

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



169, 186, 206



182, 192, 215



217, 190, 184



196, 206, 174

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



169, 186, 206



242, 248, 255



169, 201, 206



120, 123, 128



0, 0, 0



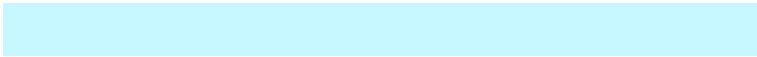
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



169, 186, 206



199, 225, 255



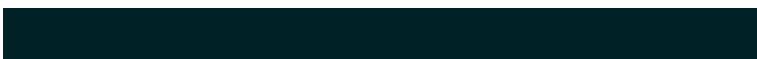
169, 179, 206



92, 96, 102



0, 76, 166



0, 18, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



206, 169, 200



255, 199, 247



189, 206, 169



102, 92, 100



166, 0, 141



38, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 169, 186, 206 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

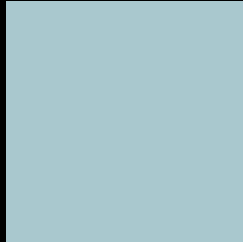
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 169, 186, 206 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

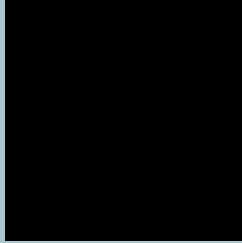
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

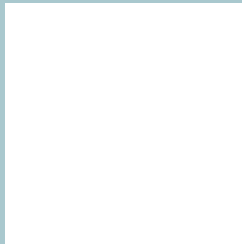
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 169, 186, 206 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 169, 186, 206.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 169, 186, 206.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

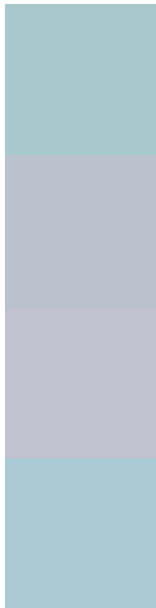
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
171, 188, 215

Trichromacy



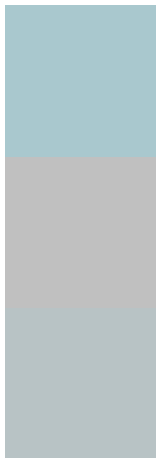
Original Color
169, 186, 206

Protanomaly
186, 192, 203

Deuteranomaly
193, 193, 207

Tritanomaly
170, 188, 212

Monochromacy



Original Color
169, 186, 206

Achromatopsia
192, 192, 192

Achromatomaly
184, 190, 197

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 169, 186, 206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 200, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 200, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 200, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 200, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 169, 186, 206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 200, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 200, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 200, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 200, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 200, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 200,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 169, 186, 206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 200, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
200, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor