

Converting Colors

`RYB(169, 35, 171)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(169, 35, 171) contains.

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Color

`RYB(169, 35, 171)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A923AB
RGB	169, 35, 171
RGB Percent	66%, 14%, 67%
CMY	0.3373, 0.8627, 0.3294
CMYK	0.01, 0.80, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	299°, 66%, 40%
HSV	299°, 80%, 67%
XYZ	24.3139, 12.5774, 39.6743
YIQ	90.5700, 36.2080, 70.7040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

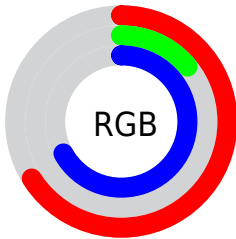
Format	Color
R_{YB}	169, 35, 171
Decimal	11084715
CIE _{Lab}	42.12, 66.89, -42.64
CIE _{LCh}	42, 79.324, 327.480
Yxy	12.5774, 0.3176, 0.1643
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289274795 (0xFFA923AB)
YUV	90.5700, 39.6520, 68.7831
Hunter-Lab	35.4646, 60.3136, -41.5026

Details

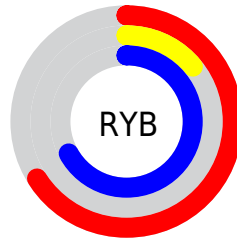
The RYB color **169, 35, 171** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **35, 171, 169**, and the grayscale version is **90, 90, 90**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **228, 97, 227**, and **113, 0, 118** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **169, 18, 171**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **169, 52, 171**.

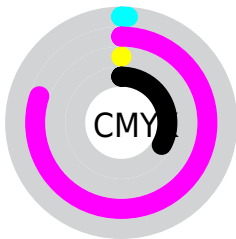
Distribution



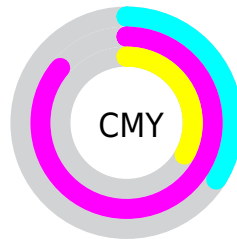
- Red (66%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 169, 35, 171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 169, 35, 171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 169, 35, 171

 169, 35, 171

255, 255, 255

 141, 0, 144

 228, 97, 227

 113, 0, 118


 255, 126, 255

 85, 0, 93

 255, 154, 255

 59, 0, 69

 255, 183, 255

 31, 0, 45

 255, 212, 255


 0, 1, 23

 255, 241, 255

 0, 0, 0

 169, 35, 171

 169, 35, 171

 169, 18, 171

 169, 52, 171

■ 168, 1, 171

■ 170, 69, 171

■ 168, 0, 171

■ 170, 86, 171

■ 170, 103, 171

■ 170, 121, 171

■ 171, 138, 171

■ 171, 155, 171

■ 171, 172, 172

■ 171, 189, 189

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65, 82, 218



169, 35, 171



206, 0, 108

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



169, 35, 171



43, 127, 0



0, 70, 159

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



169, 35, 171



35, 171, 169

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 72, 125



169, 35, 171



0, 113, 52

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



169, 35, 171



174, 99, 0



0, 108, 121



0, 77, 211

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



169, 35, 171



208, 0, 65



0, 108, 121



0, 66, 137

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



169, 35, 171



221, 169, 222



35, 37, 171



112, 80, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



169, 35, 171



219, 11, 222



171, 35, 105



87, 78, 87



148, 0, 150



23, 0, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171, 35, 37



222, 11, 14



35, 127, 171



87, 78, 78



150, 0, 2



23, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 169, 35, 171 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

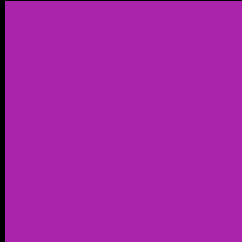
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 169, 35, 171 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

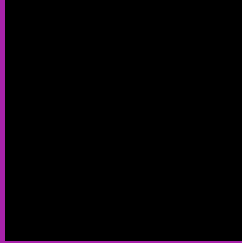
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 169, 35, 171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 169, 35, 171.

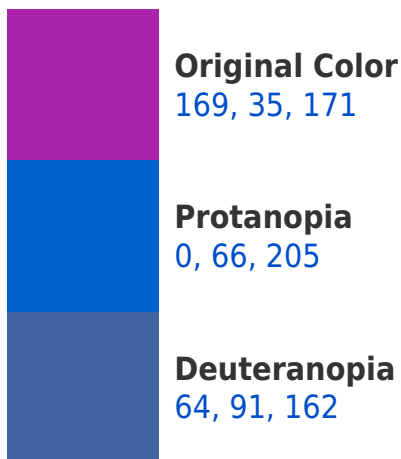


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 169, 35, 171.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

159, 73, 78

Trichromacy



Original Color

169, 35, 171



Protanomaly

61, 73, 193



Deuteranomaly

102, 77, 165



Tritanomaly

163, 59, 112

Monochromacy



Original Color

169, 35, 171



Achromatopsia

91, 91, 91



Achromatomaly

119, 71, 120

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 169, 35, 171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 35, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 35, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 35, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 35, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 169, 35, 171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 35, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 35, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 35, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 35, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 35, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 35,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 169, 35, 171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 35, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169, 35,  
171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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