

# Converting Colors

`RYB(170, 125, 131)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(170, 125, 131) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(170, 125, 131)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AA7D83
RGB	170, 125, 131
RGB Percent	67%, 49%, 51%
CMY	0.3333, 0.5098, 0.4863
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.23, 0.33
HSL	352°, 21%, 58%
HSV	352°, 26%, 67%
XYZ	28.0079, 24.8520, 24.7935
YIQ	139.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

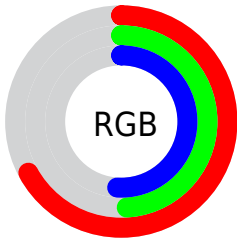
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	170, 125, 131
Decimal	11173251
CIE Lab	56.93, 18.37, 3.61
CIE LCh	57, 18.719, 11.129
Yxy	24.8520, 0.3607, 0.3200
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289363331 (0xFFAA7D83)
YUV	139.1390, -4.0125, 27.0651
Hunter-Lab	49.8518, 13.0450, 5.4087

# Details

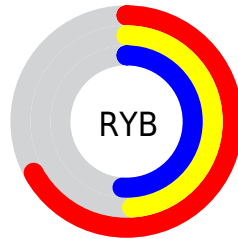
The RYB color **170, 125, 131** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **125, 149, 170**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **226, 178, 184**, and **117, 76, 82** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **170, 108, 116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **170, 142, 146**.

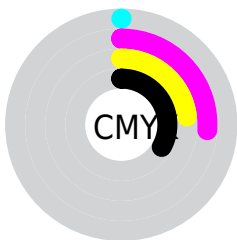
# Distribution



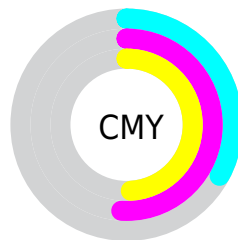
- Red (67%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 170, 125, 131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 170, 125, 131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 170, 125, 131


255, 255, 255

 226, 178, 184


 255, 205, 212

 255, 234, 240

 170, 125, 131

 143, 100, 106

 117, 76, 82

 91, 53, 59

 67, 31, 37


 44, 9, 16


 13, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0

 170, 125, 131

 170, 108, 116


 170, 125, 131

 170, 142, 146


 170, 91, 102

 170, 159, 160


 170, 74, 87

 170, 173, 176

 170, 57, 72

 170, 182, 193

 170, 40, 57

 170, 191, 210

 170, 23, 43

 170, 201, 227

 170, 6, 28

 170, 210, 244

 170, 0, 23

 170, 214, 255

 170, 213, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163, 126, 148



170, 125, 131



168, 130, 116

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



170, 125, 131



112, 142, 130



104, 127, 167

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



170, 125, 131



125, 149, 170

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92, 121, 157



170, 125, 131



106, 132, 145

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



170, 125, 131



112, 143, 105



93, 121, 146



126, 134, 168

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



170, 125, 131



162, 144, 109



93, 121, 146



99, 125, 165



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



170, 125, 131



222, 204, 206



164, 125, 170



112, 101, 102



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



170, 125, 131



222, 151, 160



170, 150, 125



84, 76, 77



148, 0, 20



20, 0, 3



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



170, 125, 131



222, 151, 160



125, 142, 170



84, 76, 77



148, 0, 20

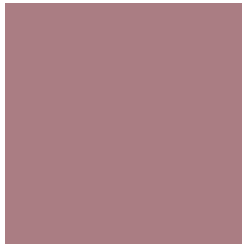


20, 0, 3



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 170, 125, 131 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

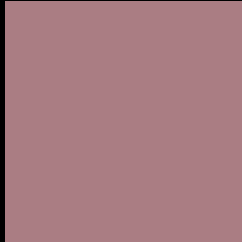
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 170, 125, 131 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 170, 125, 131 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 170, 125, 131.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 170, 125, 131.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
170, 125, 131

**Protanopia**  
139, 136, 137

**Deuteranopia**  
153, 132, 130



**Tritanopia**  
170, 125, 134

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
170, 125, 131

**Protanomaly**  
150, 132, 135

**Deuteranomaly**  
159, 129, 130

**Tritanomaly**  
170, 125, 133

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
170, 125, 131

**Achromatopsia**  
139, 139, 139

**Achromatomaly**  
150, 134, 136

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 170, 125, 131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(170, 125, 131) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 125, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 125, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 125, 131) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 170, 125, 131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 125, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 125, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 125, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 125, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 125, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 125,  
131) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 170, 125, 131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 125, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
125, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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