

Converting Colors

`RYB(171, 114, 160)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(171, 114, 160) contains.

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Color

R_YB(171, 114, 160)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB72A0
RGB	171, 114, 160
RGB Percent	67%, 45%, 63%
CMY	0.3294, 0.5529, 0.3725
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.06, 0.33
HSL	312°, 25%, 56%
HSV	312°, 33%, 67%
XYZ	29.1571, 23.2306, 36.2049
YIQ	136.2870, 19.2060, 26.3900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

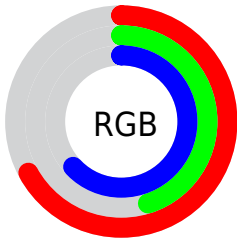
Format	Color
RYB	171, 114, 160
Decimal	11236000
CIELab	55.31, 29.85, -15.61
CIELCh	55, 33.683, 332.388
Yxy	23.2306, 0.3291, 0.2622
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289426080 (0xFFAB72A0)
YUV	136.2870, 11.6905, 30.4433
Hunter-Lab	48.1982, 23.6353, -10.7981

Details

The RYB color **171, 114, 160** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **114, 162, 171**, and the grayscale version is **136, 136, 136**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **227, 167, 215**, and **118, 65, 108** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **171, 97, 157**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **171, 131, 163**.

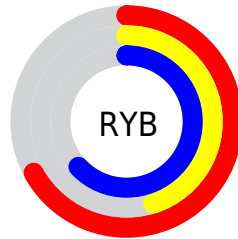
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (45%)

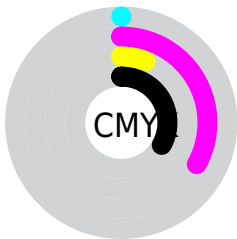
Blue (63%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (63%)

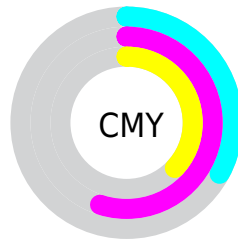


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)


Magenta (55%)

Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 171, 114, 160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 171, 114, 160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 171, 114, 160


255, 255, 255

 227, 167, 215

 255, 194, 243

 255, 222, 255


 255, 251, 255

 171, 114, 160

 144, 89, 134

 118, 65, 108

 92, 41, 84


 68, 17, 61


 44, 0, 39


 16, 0, 17

 0, 0, 0

 171, 114, 160

 171, 97, 157

 171, 114, 160

 171, 131, 163

■ 171, 80, 153

■ 171, 148, 167

■ 171, 63, 150

■ 171, 165, 170

■ 171, 46, 147

■ 171, 180, 182

■ 171, 29, 143

■ 171, 195, 199

■ 171, 11, 140

■ 171, 209, 217

■ 171, 0, 138

■ 171, 224, 234

■ 171, 238, 251

■ 171, 240, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



139, 124, 182



171, 114, 160



187, 109, 131

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



171, 114, 160



97, 149, 73



0, 77, 163

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



171, 114, 160



114, 162, 171

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36, 96, 148



171, 114, 160



82, 140, 104

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



171, 114, 160



173, 152, 81



83, 129, 145



30, 95, 183

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



171, 114, 160



189, 111, 112



83, 129, 145



0, 75, 154

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



171, 114, 160



222, 200, 218



124, 114, 171



112, 99, 110



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



171, 114, 160



222, 133, 205



171, 114, 132



87, 78, 85



150, 0, 121



23, 0, 19

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171, 114, 160



222, 133, 205



114, 148, 171



87, 78, 85



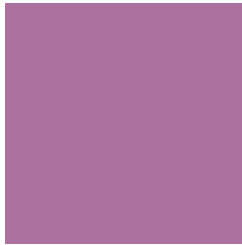
150, 0, 121



23, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 171, 114, 160 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

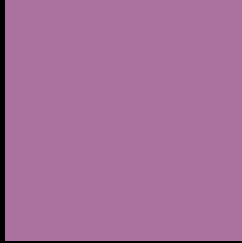
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 171, 114, 160 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

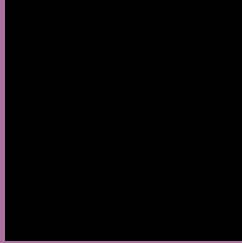
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 171, 114, 160 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 171, 114, 160.

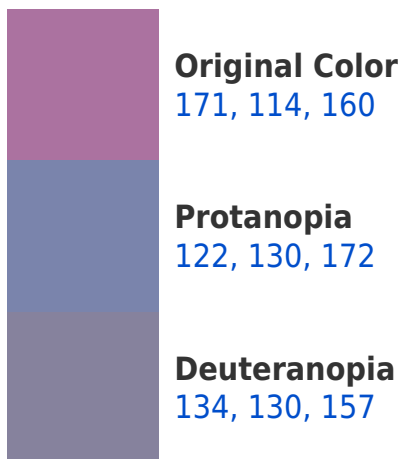


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 171, 114, 160.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

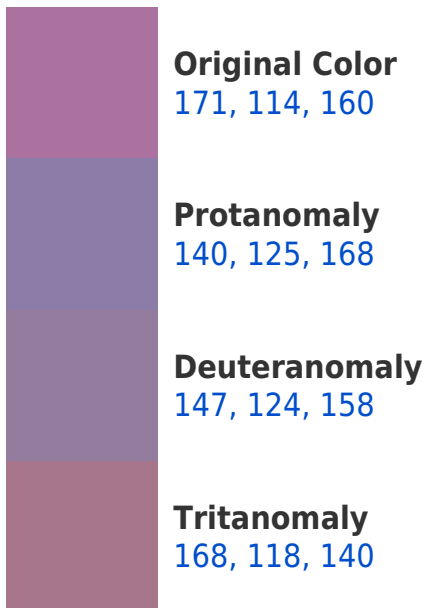
Dichromacy



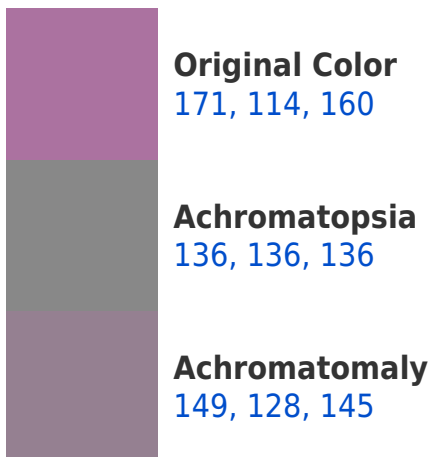


Tritanopia
167, 120, 129

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 171, 114, 160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 114, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 114, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 114, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 114, 160) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 171, 114, 160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 114, 160) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 114, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 114, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 114, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 114, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 114,  
160) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 171, 114, 160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 114, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
114, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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