

Converting Colors

`RYB(171, 145, 219)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(171, 145, 219) contains.

RYB(171, 145, 219)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(171, 145, 219)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB91DB
RGB	171, 145, 219
RGB Percent	67%, 57%, 86%
CMY	0.3294, 0.4314, 0.1412
CMYK	0.22, 0.34, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	261°, 51%, 71%
HSV	261°, 34%, 86%
XYZ	39.7062, 34.0232, 71.4922
YIQ	161.2100, -8.2580, 28.5260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

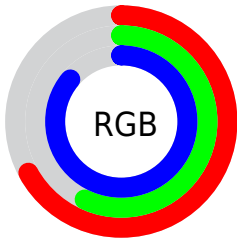
Format	Color
RYB	171, 145, 219
Decimal	11243995
CIELab	64.98, 24.72, -34.21
CIELCh	65, 42.206, 305.851
Yxy	34.0232, 0.2734, 0.2343
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289434075 (0xFFAB91DB)
YUV	161.2100, 28.4905, 8.5858
Hunter-Lab	58.3294, 19.4326, -31.8390

Details

The RYB color **171, 145, 219** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **145, 219, 171**, and the grayscale version is **161, 161, 161**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **227, 199, 255**, and **117, 94, 164** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **157, 123, 219**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **185, 167, 219**.

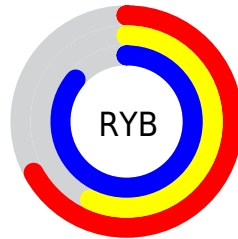
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (57%)

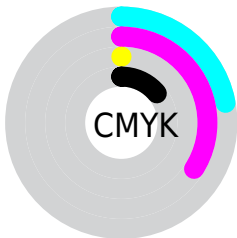
Blue (86%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (86%)

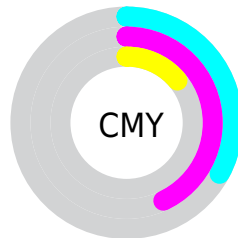


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (33%)


Magenta (43%)

Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 171, 145, 219 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 171, 145, 219 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 171, 145, 219

255, 255, 255

 227, 199, 255

 255, 227, 255

 171, 145, 219

 144, 119, 191

 117, 94, 164

 92, 70, 137

 66, 48, 111

 42, 26, 87

 17, 4, 63

 0, 0, 40

 0, 1, 18

 0, 0, 0

■ 171, 145, 219

■ 171, 145, 219

■ 157, 123, 219

■ 185, 167, 219

■ 143, 101, 219

■ 199, 189, 219

■ 128, 79, 219

■ 214, 211, 219

■ 114, 57, 219

■ 219, 233, 224

■ 100, 36, 219

■ 219, 254, 231

■ 86, 14, 219

■ 219, 255, 219

■ 77, 0, 219

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



111, 145, 233



171, 145, 219



211, 132, 189

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



171, 145, 219



206, 196, 89



0, 92, 177

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



171, 145, 219



145, 219, 171

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85, 147, 175



171, 145, 219



100, 174, 81

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



171, 145, 219



226, 135, 115



95, 168, 129



0, 94, 201

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



171, 145, 219



225, 127, 165



95, 168, 129



35, 113, 177

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



171, 145, 219



238, 230, 255



145, 174, 219



118, 112, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



171, 145, 219



187, 150, 255



208, 145, 219



103, 99, 110



61, 0, 173



16, 0, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



219, 145, 193



255, 150, 218



145, 219, 208



110, 99, 106



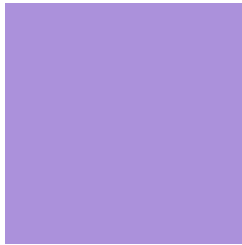
173, 0, 112



46, 0, 30

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 171, 145, 219 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

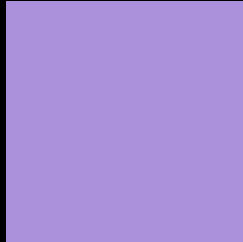
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 171, 145, 219 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

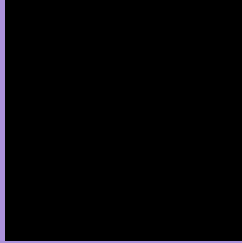
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 171, 145, 219 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 171, 145, 219.

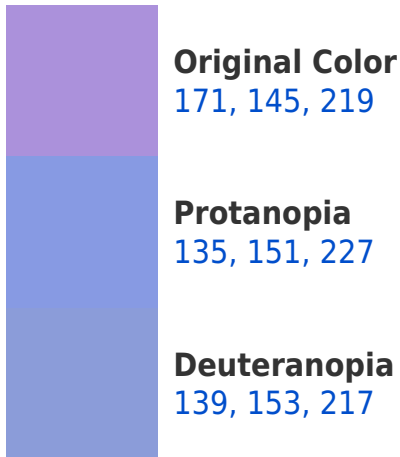


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 171, 145, 219.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
162, 155, 168

Trichromacy



Original Color
171, 145, 219

Protanomaly
148, 151, 224

Deuteranomaly
151, 152, 218

Tritanomaly
165, 151, 187

Monochromacy



Original Color
171, 145, 219

Achromatopsia
161, 161, 161

Achromatomaly
165, 155, 182

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 171, 145, 219 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 145, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 145, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 145, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 145, 219) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 171, 145, 219 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 145, 219) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 145, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 145, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 145, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 145, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 145,  
219) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 171, 145, 219 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 145, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
145, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor