

Converting Colors

`RYB(171, 187, 203)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(171, 187, 203) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(171, 187, 203)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABCBCB
RGB	171, 203, 203
RGB Percent	67%, 80%, 80%
CMY	0.3294, 0.2039, 0.2039
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	180°, 24%, 73%
HSV	180°, 16%, 80%
XYZ	48.9300, 55.6816, 64.6686
YIQ	193.4320, -19.0720, -6.7840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

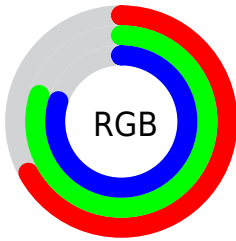
Format	Color
R _{YB}	171, 187, 203
Decimal	11258827
CIE Lab	79.43, -10.62, -3.58
CIE LCh	79, 11.205, 198.618
Yxy	55.6816, 0.2890, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289448907 (0xFFABCBCB)
YUV	193.4320, 4.7170, -19.6729
Hunter-Lab	74.6201, -13.5389, 0.8511

Details

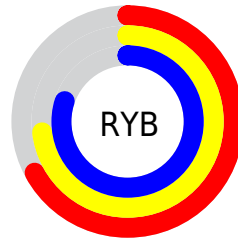
The RYB color **171, 187, 203** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **203, 171, 171**, and the grayscale version is **193, 193, 193**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **227, 241, 255**, and **118, 134, 149** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **151, 177, 203**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **191, 197, 203**.

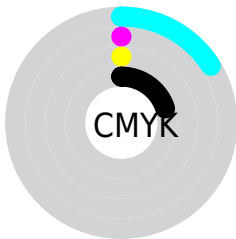
Distribution



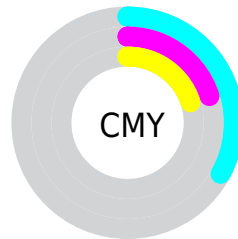
- Red (67%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 171, 187, 203 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 171, 187, 203 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 171, 187, 203

255, 255, 255

■ 227, 241, 255

■ 171, 187, 203

■ 144, 160, 176

■ 118, 134, 149

■ 93, 108, 123

■ 69, 84, 98

■ 46, 60, 75

■ 23, 38, 52

■ 1, 16, 31

■ 0, 0, 6

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 171, 187, 203

■ 171, 187, 203

■ 151, 177, 203

■ 191, 197, 203

■ 130, 167, 203

■ 212, 203, 203

■ 110, 157, 203

■ 232, 203, 203

■ 90, 147, 203

■ 252, 203, 203

■ 70, 137, 203

■ 255, 203, 203

■ 49, 126, 203

■ 29, 116, 203

■ 9, 106, 203

■ 0, 102, 203

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



176, 193, 203



171, 187, 203



173, 190, 212

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



171, 187, 203



207, 192, 211



205, 210, 177

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



171, 187, 203



203, 171, 171

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



217, 196, 182



171, 187, 203



216, 190, 201

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



171, 187, 203



194, 195, 216



220, 190, 191



177, 198, 177

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



171, 187, 203



178, 192, 216



220, 190, 191



213, 207, 178

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



171, 187, 203



242, 249, 255



171, 203, 203



120, 124, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



171, 187, 203



207, 231, 255



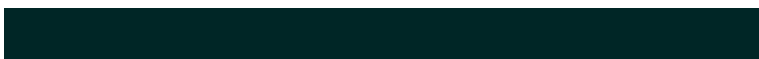
171, 182, 203



92, 97, 102



0, 83, 166



0, 19, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



203, 171, 203



255, 207, 255



203, 203, 171



102, 92, 102



166, 0, 166



38, 0, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 171, 187, 203 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

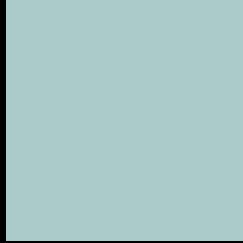
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 171, 187, 203 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

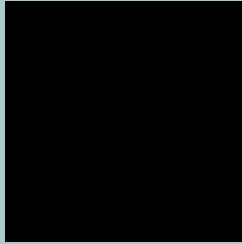
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 171, 187, 203 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 171, 187, 203.

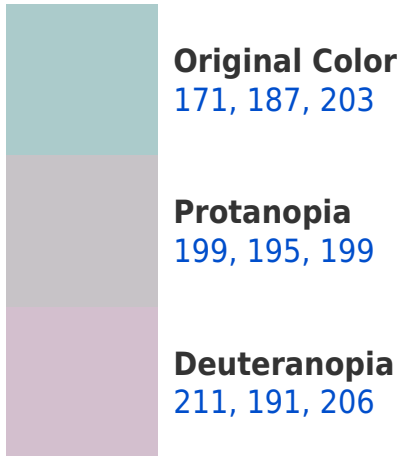


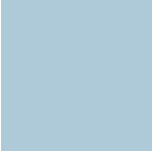
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 171, 187, 203.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
174, 191, 217

Trichromacy



Original Color

171, 187, 203

Protanomaly

189, 194, 200

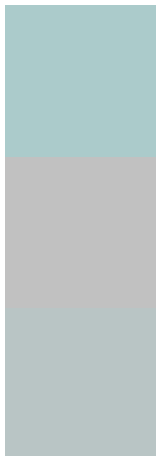
Deuteranomaly

196, 195, 205

Tritanomaly

173, 190, 212

Monochromacy



Original Color

171, 187, 203

Achromatopsia

193, 193, 193

Achromatomaly

185, 191, 197

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 171, 187, 203 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 203, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 203, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 203, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 203, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 171, 187, 203 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 203, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 203, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 203, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 203, 203); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 203, 203); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 203, 203) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 171, 187, 203 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 203, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
203, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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