

Converting Colors

`RYB(171, 55, 106)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(171, 55, 106) contains.

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Color

R_YB(171, 55, 106)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB376A
RGB	171, 55, 106
RGB Percent	67%, 22%, 42%
CMY	0.3294, 0.7843, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.68, 0.38, 0.33
HSL	334°, 51%, 44%
HSV	334°, 68%, 67%
XYZ	20.7623, 12.4309, 14.9408
YIQ	95.4980, 52.7650, 40.4530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

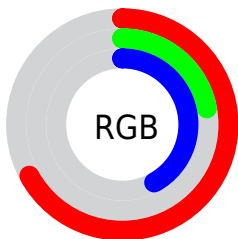
Format	Color
R_{YB}	171, 55, 106
Decimal	11220842
CIE _{Lab}	41.89, 51.59, -3.34
CIE _{LCh}	42, 51.696, 356.293
Yxy	12.4309, 0.4313, 0.2583
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289410922 (0xFFAB376A)
YUV	95.4980, 5.1775, 66.2153
Hunter-Lab	35.2575, 43.4137, -0.4446

Details

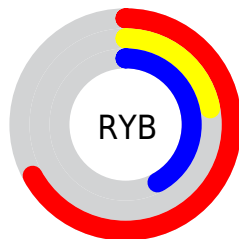
The RYB color **171, 55, 106** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **55, 129, 171**, and the grayscale version is **95, 95, 95**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **230, 110, 157**, and **114, 0, 59** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **171, 38, 96**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **171, 72, 116**.

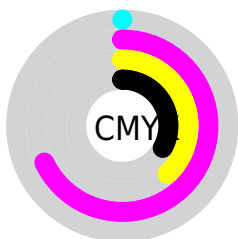
Distribution



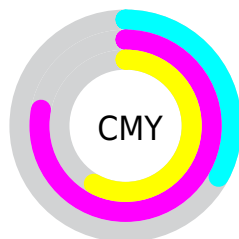
- Red (67%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (33%)





- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 171, 55, 106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 171, 55, 106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 171, 55, 106

 171, 55, 106

255, 255, 255

 142, 24, 82

 230, 110, 157

 114, 0, 59

 255, 137, 184

 87, 0, 37

 255, 165, 212

 61, 0, 16


 255, 193, 240


 30, 0, 1


 255, 222, 255


 0, 0, 0

 255, 251, 255

 171, 55, 106

 171, 55, 106

 171, 38, 96

 171, 72, 116

■ 171, 21, 87

■ 171, 89, 125

■ 171, 4, 77

■ 171, 106, 135

■ 171, 0, 75

■ 171, 123, 144

■ 171, 140, 154

■ 171, 158, 163

■ 171, 174, 175

■ 171, 184, 192

■ 171, 195, 209

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



145, 70, 147



171, 55, 106



173, 60, 64

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



171, 55, 106



5, 107, 30



0, 68, 169

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



171, 55, 106



55, 129, 171

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 63, 135



171, 55, 106



5, 84, 115

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



171, 55, 106



36, 123, 0



0, 66, 118



0, 67, 184

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



171, 55, 106



163, 83, 38



0, 66, 118



0, 67, 160

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



171, 55, 106



222, 177, 197



119, 55, 171



112, 85, 97



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



171, 55, 106



222, 42, 121



171, 61, 55



87, 78, 82



150, 0, 66



23, 0, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171, 55, 106



222, 42, 121



55, 111, 171



87, 78, 82



150, 0, 66



23, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 171, 55, 106 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

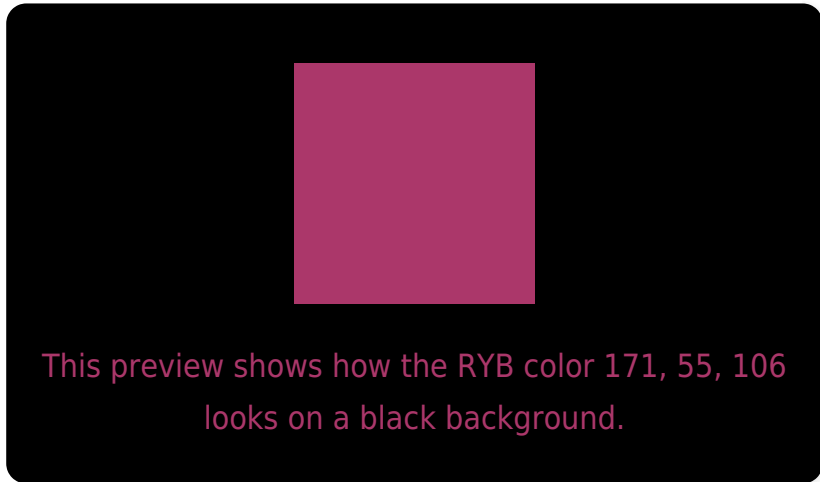
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

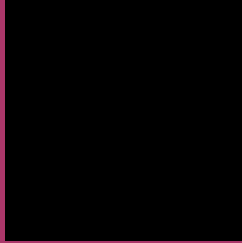
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 171, 55, 106 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 171, 55, 106.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 171, 55, 106.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

171, 55, 106

Protanopia

90, 97, 134

Deuteranopia

109, 97, 100



Tritanopia
168, 64, 68

Trichromacy



Original Color

171, 55, 106

Protanomaly

119, 82, 124

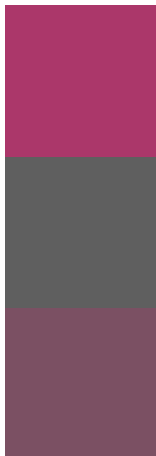
Deuteranomaly

132, 82, 102

Tritanomaly

169, 61, 82

Monochromacy



Original Color

171, 55, 106

Achromatopsia

95, 95, 95

Achromatomaly

123, 80, 99

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 171, 55, 106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 55, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 55, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 55, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 55, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 171, 55, 106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 55, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 55, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 55, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 55, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 55, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 55,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 171, 55, 106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 55, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171, 55,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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