

Converting Colors

`RYB(172, 92, 153)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(172, 92, 153) contains.

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Color

R_YB(172, 92, 153)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AC5C99
RGB	172, 92, 153
RGB Percent	67%, 36%, 60%
CMY	0.3255, 0.6392, 0.4000
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.11, 0.33
HSL	314°, 33%, 52%
HSV	314°, 47%, 67%
XYZ	26.5902, 18.7249, 32.3498
YIQ	122.8740, 28.0990, 35.9310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

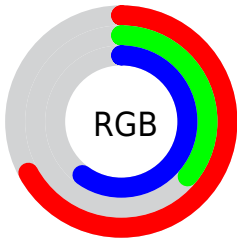
Format	Color
R_{YB}	172, 92, 153
Decimal	11295897
CIE _{Lab}	50.36, 40.96, -19.03
CIE _{LCh}	50, 45.168, 335.076
Yxy	18.7249, 0.3424, 0.2411
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289485977 (0xFFAC5C99)
YUV	122.8740, 14.8521, 43.0835
Hunter-Lab	43.2722, 33.9593, -14.0339

Details

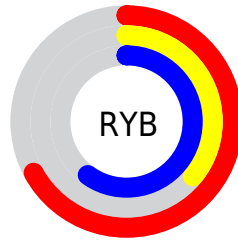
The RYB color **172, 92, 153** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **92, 157, 172**, and the grayscale version is **123, 123, 123**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **229, 145, 207**, and **118, 41, 102** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **172, 75, 149**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **172, 109, 157**.

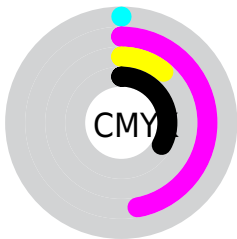
Distribution



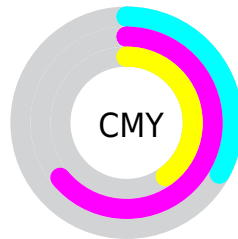
- Red (67%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 172, 92, 153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 172, 92, 153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 172, 92, 153

255, 255, 255

 229, 145, 207

 255, 172, 236

 255, 200, 255

 255, 228, 255

 172, 92, 153

 145, 67, 127

 118, 41, 102

 92, 13, 78

 66, 0, 55

 45, 0, 34


 0, 0, 6

 0, 0, 0

 172, 92, 153

 172, 75, 149

 172, 92, 153

 172, 109, 157

172, 58, 145

172, 126, 161

172, 40, 141

172, 144, 165

172, 23, 137

172, 161, 169

172, 6, 133

172, 177, 178

172, 0, 131

172, 190, 195

172, 204, 212

172, 219, 230

172, 232, 247

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



131, 107, 183



172, 92, 153



190, 85, 115

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



172, 92, 153



56, 135, 38



0, 75, 163

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



172, 92, 153



92, 157, 172

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 73, 139



172, 92, 153



53, 130, 88

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



172, 92, 153



167, 159, 49



34, 102, 136



0, 78, 189

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



172, 92, 153



190, 88, 89



34, 102, 136



0, 72, 151

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



172, 92, 153



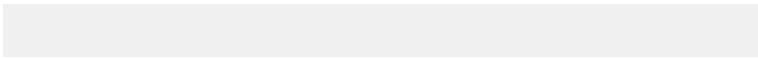
224, 193, 217



111, 92, 172



112, 93, 108



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



172, 92, 153



224, 99, 195



172, 92, 113



87, 78, 85



150, 0, 115



23, 0, 17

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



172, 92, 153



224, 99, 195



92, 138, 172



87, 78, 85



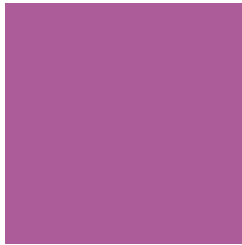
150, 0, 115



23, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 172, 92, 153 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

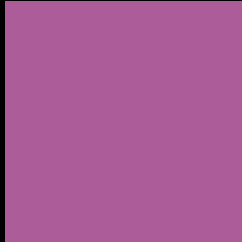
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 172, 92, 153 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

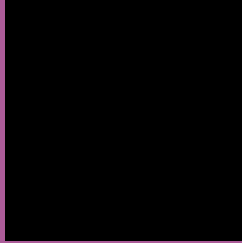
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 172, 92, 153 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 172, 92, 153.

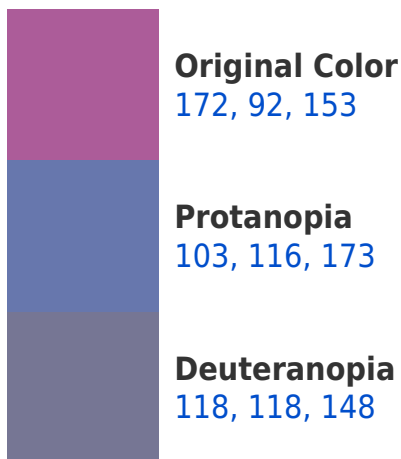


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 172, 92, 153.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
167, 101, 109

Trichromacy



Original Color
172, 92, 153

Protanomaly
128, 109, 166

Deuteranomaly
138, 109, 150

Tritanomaly
169, 98, 125

Monochromacy



Original Color
172, 92, 153

Achromatopsia
123, 123, 123

Achromatomaly
141, 112, 134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 172, 92, 153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 92, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 92, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 92, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 92, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 172, 92, 153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 92, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 92, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 92, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 92, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 92, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 92,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 172, 92, 153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 92, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172, 92,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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