

Converting Colors

`RYB(173, 113, 99)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(173, 113, 99) contains.

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Color

R_YB(173, 113, 99)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD6F63
RGB	173, 111, 99
RGB Percent	68%, 44%, 39%
CMY	0.3216, 0.5656, 0.6118
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.43, 0.32
HSL	10°, 31%, 53%
HSV	10°, 43%, 68%
XYZ	25.1454, 21.1044, 14.5526
YIQ	128.1700, 40.8040, 9.4120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

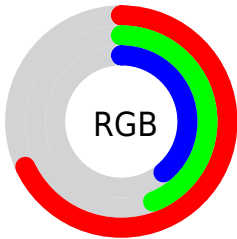
Format	Color
R_{YB}	173, 113, 99
Decimal	11366243
CIE _{Lab}	53.06, 23.29, 16.82
CIE _{LCh}	53, 28.729, 35.834
Yxy	21.1044, 0.4136, 0.3471
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289556323 (0xFFAD6F63)
YUV	128.1700, -14.3808, 39.3159
Hunter-Lab	45.9396, 17.3092, 13.3759

Details

The RYB color **173, 113, 99** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **99, 133, 173**, and the grayscale version is **128, 128, 128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **230, 166, 150**, and **118, 64, 52** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **173, 99, 82**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **173, 127, 116**.

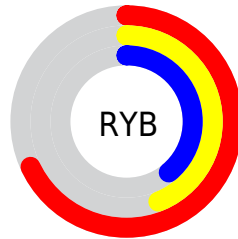
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (44%)

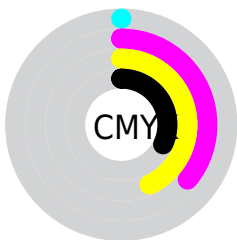
Blue (39%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (39%)

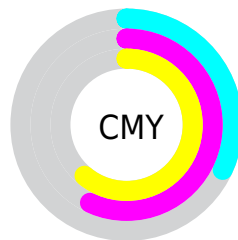


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (43%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)


Magenta (57%)


Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 173, 113, 99 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 173, 113, 99 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 173, 113, 99

 173, 113, 99

255, 255, 255

 145, 88, 75

 230, 166, 150

 118, 64, 52

 255, 193, 176

 92, 40, 31


 255, 223, 204


 66, 19, 8

 244, 255, 232

 43, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 173, 113, 99

 173, 113, 99

 173, 99, 82

 173, 127, 116

 173, 86, 64

 173, 141, 134

■ 173, 71, 47

■ 173, 154, 151

■ 173, 57, 30

■ 173, 169, 168

■ 173, 43, 13

■ 173, 179, 186

■ 173, 33, 0

■ 173, 187, 203

■ 173, 195, 220

■ 173, 202, 237

■ 173, 210, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



174, 108, 123



173, 113, 99



160, 149, 82

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173, 113, 99



82, 121, 138



100, 120, 176

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173, 113, 99



99, 133, 173

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59, 104, 171



173, 113, 99



51, 98, 140

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173, 113, 99



86, 134, 108



32, 89, 155



136, 119, 167

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173, 113, 99



109, 146, 77



32, 89, 155



86, 116, 176

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173, 113, 99



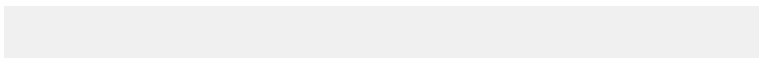
224, 201, 195



173, 99, 162



112, 98, 94



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173, 113, 99



224, 131, 110



139, 173, 99



87, 79, 78



150, 29, 0



23, 5, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99, 133, 173



110, 162, 224



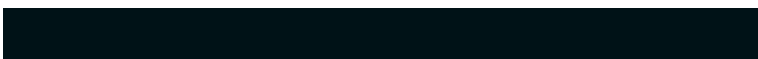
99, 118, 173



78, 82, 87



0, 69, 150



0, 10, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 173, 113, 99 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 173, 113, 99 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 173, 113, 99 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 173, 113, 99.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 173, 113, 99.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
173, 113, 99

Protanopia
116, 134, 107

Deuteranopia
149, 145, 97



Tritanopia
174, 108, 116

Trichromacy



Original Color

173, 113, 99

Protanomaly

148, 132, 104

Deuteranomaly

158, 128, 98

Tritanomaly

174, 109, 110

Monochromacy



Original Color

173, 113, 99

Achromatopsia

128, 128, 128

Achromatomaly

144, 123, 117

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 173, 113, 99 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 111, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 111, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 111, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 111, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 173, 113, 99 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 111, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 111, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 111, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 111, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 111, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 111,  
99) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 173, 113, 99 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 111, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
111, 99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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