

Converting Colors

`RYB(173, 132, 173)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(173, 132, 173) contains.

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Color

R_YB(173, 132, 173)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD84AD
RGB	173, 132, 173
RGB Percent	68%, 52%, 68%
CMY	0.3216, 0.4824, 0.3216
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	300°, 20%, 60%
HSV	300°, 24%, 68%
XYZ	33.0277, 28.4039, 43.2769
YIQ	148.9330, 11.2750, 21.4430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

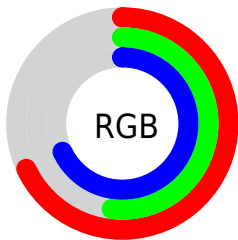
Format	Color
RYB	173, 132, 173
Decimal	11371693
CIELab	60.25, 22.85, -15.58
CIELCh	60, 27.654, 325.710
Yxy	28.4039, 0.3154, 0.2713
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289561773 (0xFFAD84AD)
YUV	148.9330, 11.8650, 21.1068
Hunter-Lab	53.2953, 17.3516, -10.8380

Details

The RYB color **173, 132, 173** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **132, 173, 173**, and the grayscale version is **149, 149, 149**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **229, 185, 228**, and **120, 82, 121** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **173, 115, 173**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **173, 149, 173**.

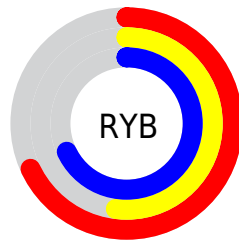
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (52%)

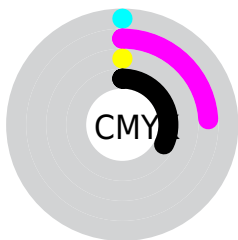
Blue (68%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (68%)

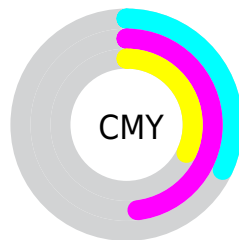


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 173, 132, 173 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 173, 132, 173 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 173, 132, 173

255, 255, 255

 229, 185, 228

 255, 213, 255


 255, 242, 255

 173, 132, 173

 146, 107, 146

 120, 82, 121

 95, 58, 96

 71, 36, 72

 47, 14, 49

 30, 0, 29


 0, 0, 0

 173, 132, 173

 173, 115, 173

 173, 132, 173


 173, 149, 173

 173, 97, 173

 173, 167, 173

 173, 80, 173


 173, 184, 184

 173, 63, 173


 173, 201, 201

 173, 45, 173

 173, 219, 219

 173, 28, 173

 173, 236, 236

 173, 11, 173

 173, 253, 253

 173, 0, 173

 173, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



144, 140, 189



173, 132, 173



190, 127, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173, 132, 173



130, 165, 97



65, 113, 165

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173, 132, 173



132, 173, 173

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84, 126, 158



173, 132, 173



101, 150, 111

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173, 132, 173



184, 150, 106



112, 152, 156



75, 121, 185

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173, 132, 173



194, 127, 133



112, 152, 156



69, 114, 159

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173, 132, 173



224, 209, 224



132, 132, 173



112, 103, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173, 132, 173



224, 162, 224



173, 132, 153



87, 78, 87



150, 0, 150



23, 0, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



173, 132, 173



224, 162, 224



132, 159, 173



87, 78, 87



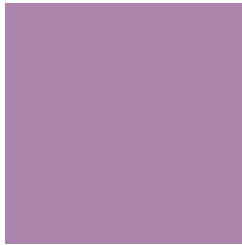
150, 0, 150



23, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 173, 132, 173 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

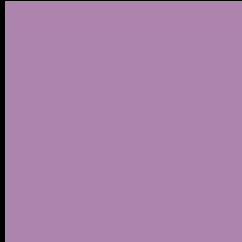
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 173, 132, 173 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

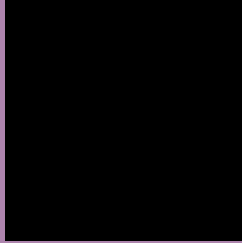
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 173, 132, 173 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 173, 132, 173.

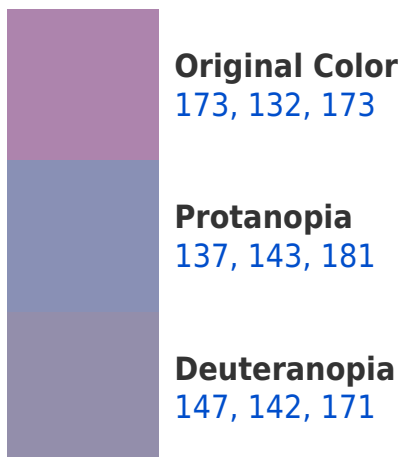


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 173, 132, 173.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
169, 137, 147

Trichromacy



Original Color
173, 132, 173

Protanomaly
150, 140, 178

Deuteranomaly
156, 138, 172

Tritanomaly
170, 135, 156

Monochromacy



Original Color
173, 132, 173

Achromatopsia
149, 149, 149

Achromatomaly
158, 143, 158

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 173, 132, 173 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(173, 132, 173) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 132, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 132, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 132, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 173, 132, 173 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 132, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 132, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 132, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 132, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 132, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 132,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 173, 132, 173 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 132, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
132, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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