

Converting Colors

`RYB(173, 168, 245)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(173, 168, 245) contains.

RYB(173, 168, 245)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

`RYB(173, 168, 245)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADA8F5
RGB	173, 168, 245
RGB Percent	68%, 66%, 96%
CMY	0.3216, 0.3412, 0.0392
CMYK	0.29, 0.31, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	244°, 79%, 81%
HSV	244°, 31%, 96%
XYZ	47.7176, 43.4821, 92.2641
YIQ	178.2730, -21.7370, 25.0070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

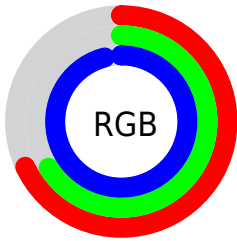
Format	Color
R _Y B	173, 168, 245
Decimal	11380981
CIE Lab	71.88, 18.59, -37.74
CIE LCh	72, 42.071, 296.228
Yxy	43.4821, 0.2601, 0.2370
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289571061 (0xFFADA8F5)
YUV	178.2730, 32.8964, -4.6244
Hunter-Lab	65.9409, 13.7735, -36.7995

Details

The RYB color **173, 168, 245** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **168, 245, 173**, and the grayscale version is **178, 178, 178**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **230, 223, 255**, and **119, 116, 188** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **150, 143, 245**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **196, 193, 245**.

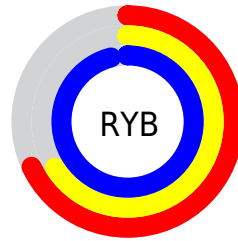
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (66%)

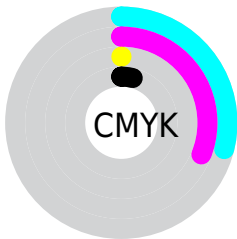
Blue (96%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (96%)

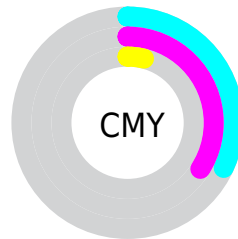


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 173, 168, 245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 173, 168, 245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 173, 168, 245

255, 255, 255

 230, 223, 255

 255, 252, 255

 173, 168, 245

 145, 142, 216

 119, 116, 188

 92, 91, 161

 66, 68, 135

 39, 45, 109

 5, 21, 84

 0, 0, 61

 0, 3, 38

 0, 1, 15

■ 173, 168, 245

■ 173, 168, 245

■ 150, 143, 245

■ 196, 193, 245

■ 127, 119, 245

■ 219, 217, 245

■ 104, 94, 245

■ 242, 242, 245

■ 81, 70, 245

■ 245, 255, 245

■ 58, 46, 245

■ 36, 21, 245

■ 16, 0, 245

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



108, 156, 252



173, 168, 245



220, 154, 219

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173, 168, 245



235, 187, 113



63, 137, 196

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173, 168, 245



168, 245, 173

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



121, 182, 192



173, 168, 245



147, 205, 99

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173, 168, 245



250, 148, 144



106, 184, 124



0, 101, 209

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173, 168, 245



239, 148, 196



106, 184, 124



85, 151, 195

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173, 168, 245



234, 232, 255



168, 205, 245



114, 113, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173, 168, 245



164, 158, 255



210, 168, 245



111, 110, 122



12, 0, 186



4, 0, 59

Inverse Universe

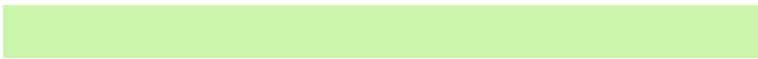
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



245, 168, 240



255, 158, 249



168, 245, 210



122, 110, 122



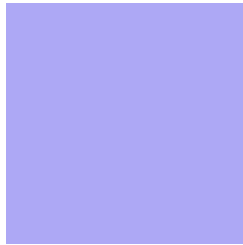
186, 0, 174



59, 0, 55

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 173, 168, 245 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

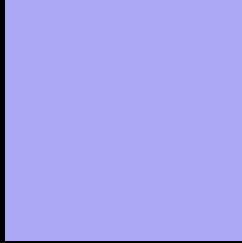
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 173, 168, 245 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

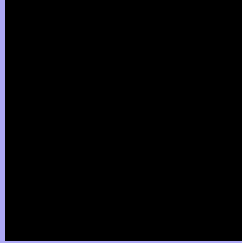
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 173, 168, 245 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 173, 168, 245.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 173, 168, 245.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
173, 168, 245

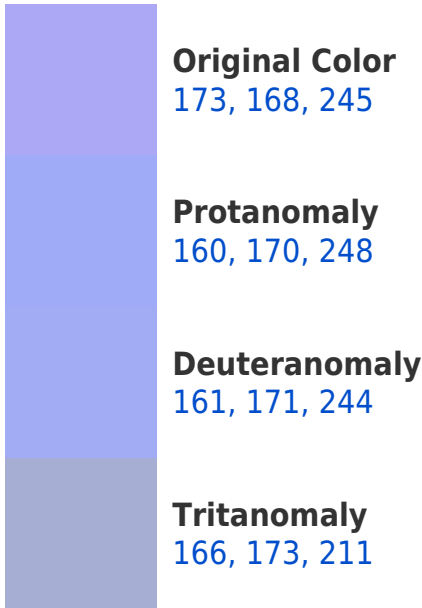
Protanopia
152, 169, 249

Deuteranopia
154, 170, 244

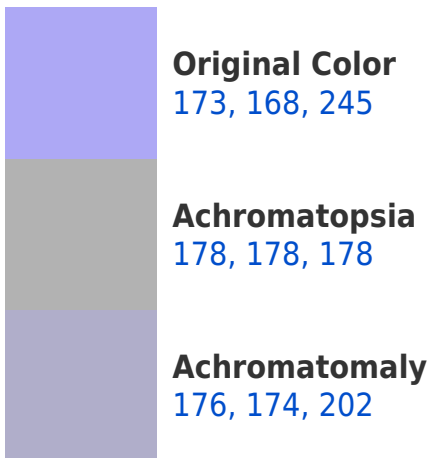


Tritanopia
162, 172, 192

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 173, 168, 245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 168, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 168, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 168, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 168, 245) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 173, 168, 245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 168, 245) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 168, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 168, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 168, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 168, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 168,  
245) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 173, 168, 245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 168, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
168, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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