

Converting Colors

`RYB(173, 68, 77)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(173, 68, 77) contains.

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Color

`RYB(173, 68, 77)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	AD444D
RGB	173, 68, 77
RGB Percent	68%, 27%, 30%
CMY	0.3216, 0.7333, 0.6980
CMYK	0.00, 0.61, 0.55, 0.32
HSL	355°, 44%, 47%
HSV	355°, 61%, 68%
XYZ	20.6403, 13.5543, 8.5496
YIQ	100.4210, 59.6910, 25.0590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

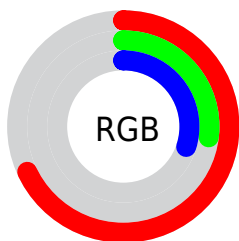
Format	Color
RYB	173, 68, 77
Decimal	11355213
CIELab	43.59, 43.70, 17.09
CIELCh	44, 46.920, 21.365
Yxy	13.5543, 0.4829, 0.3171
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289545293 (0xFFAD444D)
YUV	100.4210, -11.5466, 63.6518
Hunter-Lab	36.8162, 35.6442, 12.0028

Details

The RYB color **173, 68, 77** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **68, 123, 173**, and the grayscale version is **100, 100, 100**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **233, 120, 126**, and **115, 9, 33** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **173, 51, 61**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **173, 85, 93**.

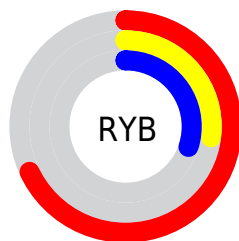
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (27%)

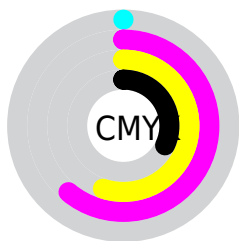
Blue (30%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (30%)

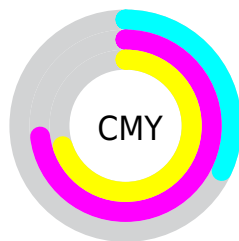


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (55%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 173, 68, 77 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 173, 68, 77 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 173, 68, 77

 173, 68, 77

255, 255, 255

 144, 41, 54

 233, 120, 126

 115, 9, 33

 255, 147, 152

 87, 0, 11


 255, 175, 178

 60, 0, 0

 255, 203, 206

 30, 0, 1

 255, 232, 234

 0, 0, 0

 173, 68, 77

 173, 68, 77

 173, 51, 61

 173, 85, 93

 173, 33, 45


 173, 103, 109

 173, 16, 30

 173, 120, 124

 173, 0, 15

 173, 137, 140

 173, 155, 156

 173, 172, 172

 173, 181, 189

 173, 190, 206

 173, 200, 224

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



167, 67, 116



173, 68, 77



160, 99, 43

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173, 68, 77



46, 111, 117



0, 69, 180

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173, 68, 77



68, 123, 173

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 68, 163



173, 68, 77



0, 69, 121

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173, 68, 77



22, 109, 35



0, 63, 130



82, 95, 176

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173, 68, 77



113, 143, 24



0, 63, 130



0, 69, 177

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173, 68, 77



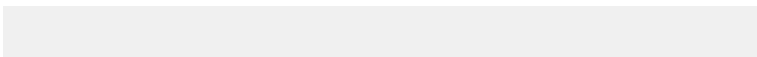
224, 184, 187



163, 68, 173



112, 88, 90



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173, 68, 77



224, 61, 75



173, 138, 68



87, 78, 79



150, 0, 13



23, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



173, 68, 77



224, 61, 75



68, 107, 173



87, 78, 79



150, 0, 13



23, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 173, 68, 77 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 173, 68, 77 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 173, 68, 77 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 173, 68, 77.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 173, 68, 77.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

173, 68, 77

Protanopia

102, 108, 94

Deuteranopia

120, 124, 72



Tritanopia

173, 69, 73

Trichromacy



Original Color

173, 68, 77

Protanomaly

132, 90, 88

Deuteranomaly

142, 92, 74

Tritanomaly

173, 69, 74

Monochromacy



Original Color

173, 68, 77

Achromatopsia

100, 100, 100

Achromatomaly

127, 88, 92

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 173, 68, 77 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 68, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 68, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 68, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 68, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 173, 68, 77 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 68, 77) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 68, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 68, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 68, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 68, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 68,  
77) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 173, 68, 77 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 68, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173, 68,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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