

# Converting Colors

`RYB(174, 159, 164)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(174, 159, 164) contains.

<b>RYB(174, 159, 164)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(174, 159, 164)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AE9FA4
RGB	174, 159, 164
RGB Percent	68%, 62%, 64%
CMY	0.3176, 0.3765, 0.3569
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.06, 0.32
HSL	340°, 8%, 65%
HSV	340°, 9%, 68%
XYZ	36.5545, 36.4753, 40.2358
YIQ	164.0550, 7.3350, 4.7350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

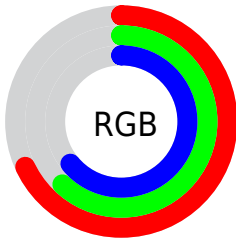
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	174, 159, 164
Decimal	11444132
CIELab	66.88, 6.36, -0.62
CIELCh	67, 6.394, 354.423
Yxy	36.4753, 0.3227, 0.3220
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289634212 (0xFFAE9FA4)
YUV	164.0550, -0.0271, 8.7218
Hunter-Lab	60.3948, 2.3481, 2.7766

# Details

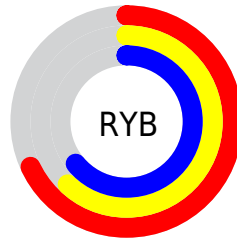
The RYB color **174, 159, 164** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **159, 168, 174**, and the grayscale version is **164, 164, 164**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **230, 214, 219**, and **122, 108, 112** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **174, 142, 152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **174, 175, 176**.

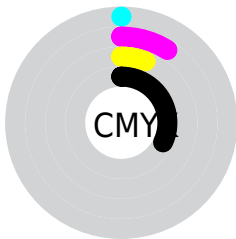
# Distribution



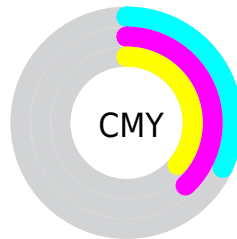
- Red (68%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (32%)




- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 174, 159, 164 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 174, 159, 164 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 174, 159, 164

255, 255, 255

 230, 214, 219

 255, 242, 247


 174, 159, 164

 147, 133, 138

 122, 108, 112


 97, 83, 88


 73, 60, 65


 50, 39, 43


 29, 18, 22

 0, 0, 0

 174, 159, 164

 174, 142, 152

 174, 159, 164

 174, 175, 176

 174, 124, 141


 174, 186, 194

 174, 107, 129

 174, 196, 211

 174, 89, 118

 174, 207, 229

 174, 72, 106

 174, 217, 246

 174, 55, 94

 174, 221, 255

 174, 37, 83

 174, 217, 255

 174, 20, 71

 174, 215, 255

 174, 2, 60

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



169, 160, 169



174, 159, 164



175, 159, 158

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



174, 159, 164



152, 164, 154



151, 159, 172

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



174, 159, 164



159, 168, 174

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



149, 158, 167



174, 159, 164



156, 165, 165

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



174, 159, 164



162, 169, 151



151, 160, 166



156, 162, 174

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



174, 159, 164



175, 162, 155



151, 160, 166



150, 159, 171

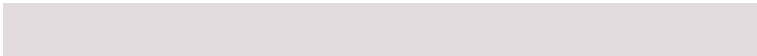


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



174, 159, 164



227, 220, 222



169, 159, 174



115, 110, 112



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



174, 159, 164



227, 204, 212



174, 161, 159



87, 78, 81



150, 0, 50



23, 0, 8



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



174, 159, 164



227, 204, 212



159, 166, 174



87, 78, 81



150, 0, 50

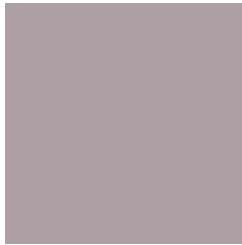


23, 0, 8



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 174, 159, 164 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

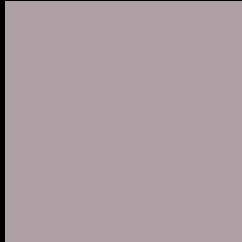
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 174, 159, 164 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

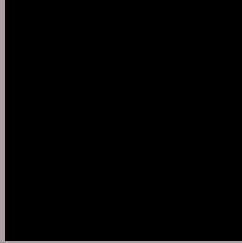
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

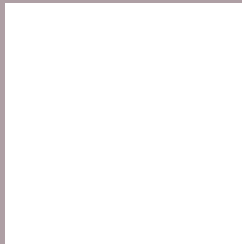
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## R/Y/B 174, 159, 164 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R/Y/B color 174, 159, 164.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R/Y/B color 174, 159, 164.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
174, 159, 164

**Protanopia**  
165, 162, 166

**Deuteranopia**  
178, 158, 164



**Tritanopia**  
175, 158, 170

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

174, 159, 164

## Protanomaly

168, 161, 165

## Deuteranomaly

177, 158, 164

## Tritanomaly

175, 158, 168

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

174, 159, 164

## Achromatopsia

164, 164, 164

## Achromatomaly

168, 162, 164

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 174, 159, 164 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(174, 159, 164) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 159, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 159, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 159, 164) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 174, 159, 164 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 159, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 159, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 159, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 159, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 159, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 159,  
164) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 174, 159, 164 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 159, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
159, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor