

Converting Colors

`RYB(174, 220, 120)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(174, 220, 120) contains.

RYB(174, 220, 120)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(174, 220, 120)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DCB978
RGB	220, 185, 120
RGB Percent	86%, 73%, 47%
CMY	0.1373, 0.2748, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.45, 0.14
HSL	39°, 59%, 67%
HSV	39°, 45%, 86%
XYZ	50.2407, 51.2425, 25.0121
YIQ	188.0550, 41.7250, -12.7950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

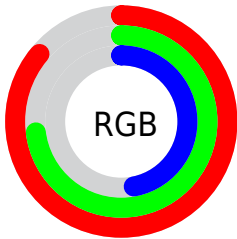
Format	Color
RYB	174, 220, 120
Decimal	14465400
CIELab	76.83, 4.16, 37.56
CIELCh	77, 37.786, 83.674
Yxy	51.2425, 0.3972, 0.4051
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292655480 (0xFFDCB978)
YUV	188.0550, -33.5511, 28.0158
Hunter-Lab	71.5838, 0.0076, 29.3922

Details

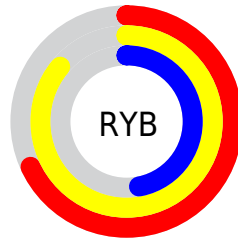
The RYB color **174, 220, 120** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **120, 146, 220**, and the grayscale version is **188, 188, 188**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **190, 255, 173**, and **117, 163, 70** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **164, 220, 98**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **183, 220, 142**.

Distribution



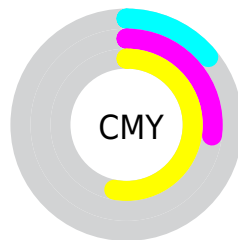
- Red (86%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 174, 220, 120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 174, 220, 120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 174, 220, 120


255, 255, 255

 190, 255, 173

 201, 255, 201

 229, 255, 229

 174, 220, 120

 145, 191, 95

 117, 163, 70

 87, 135, 46

 59, 109, 22

 30, 82, 0


 29, 57, 0

 28, 33, 0


 0, 0, 0

 174, 220, 120


 174, 220, 120

 164, 220, 98

 183, 220, 142

 153, 220, 76


 195, 220, 164

 143, 220, 54


 205, 220, 186

 134, 220, 32

 214, 220, 208

 124, 220, 10

 220, 223, 230

 118, 220, 0

 220, 228, 252

 220, 232, 255

 220, 235, 255

 220, 237, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



246, 193, 135



174, 220, 120



125, 196, 136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



174, 220, 120



63, 137, 216



227, 171, 231

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



174, 220, 120



120, 146, 220

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



184, 183, 254



174, 220, 120



75, 148, 245

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



174, 220, 120



101, 162, 208



129, 172, 255



252, 163, 199

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



174, 220, 120



138, 202, 182



129, 172, 255



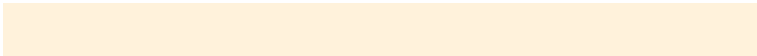
214, 175, 240

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



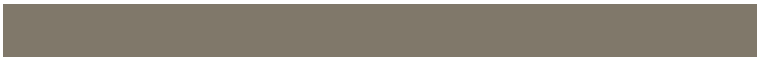
174, 220, 120



239, 255, 219



220, 120, 157



119, 128, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



174, 220, 120



190, 255, 115



120, 220, 133



105, 110, 99



92, 173, 0



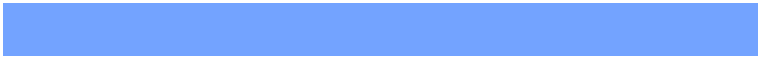
25, 46, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



120, 146, 220



115, 151, 255



133, 120, 220



99, 102, 110



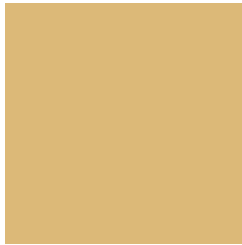
0, 45, 173



0, 12, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 174, 220, 120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 174, 220, 120 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

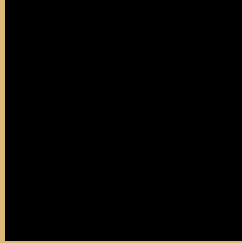
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 174, 220, 120 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 174, 220, 120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 174, 220, 120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
174, 220, 120

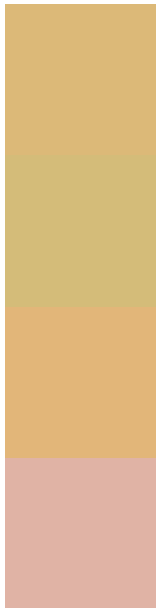
Protanopia
143, 207, 122

Deuteranopia
207, 229, 121



Tritanopia
227, 176, 190

Trichromacy



Original Color

174, 220, 120

Protanomaly

154, 212, 121

Deuteranomaly

197, 226, 121

Tritanomaly

224, 183, 165

Monochromacy



Original Color

174, 220, 120

Achromatopsia

188, 188, 188

Achromatomaly

183, 200, 163

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 174, 220, 120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 185, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 185, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 185, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 185, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 174, 220, 120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

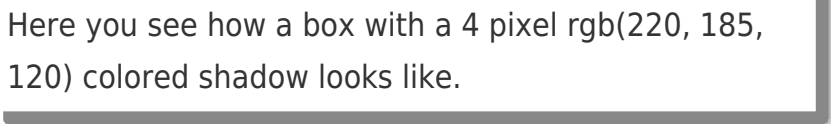
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 185, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 185, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 185, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 185, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 185, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 185,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 174, 220, 120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 185, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
185, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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