

# Converting Colors

`RYB(174, 245, 211)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(174, 245, 211) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(174, 245, 211)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0F5AE
RGB	208, 245, 174
RGB Percent	82%, 96%, 68%
CMY	0.1843, 0.0392, 0.3176
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.29, 0.04
HSL	91°, 78%, 82%
HSV	91°, 29%, 96%
XYZ	66.3048, 81.7707, 52.3331
YIQ	225.8430, 0.7390, -29.9250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

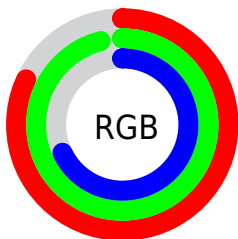
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	174, 245, 211
Decimal	13694382
CIELab	92.47, -24.11, 30.36
CIELCh	92, 38.771, 128.460
Yxy	81.7707, 0.3308, 0.4080
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291884462 (0xFFD0F5AE)
YUV	225.8430, -25.5586, -15.6483
Hunter-Lab	90.4272, -27.3642, 28.9860

# Details

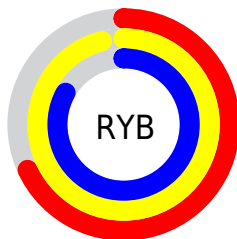
The RYB color **174, 245, 211** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **211, 174, 245**, and the grayscale version is **226, 226, 226**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **230, 255, 230**, and **121, 189, 157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **150, 245, 200**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199, 245, 223**.

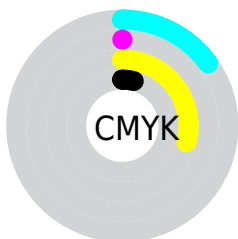
# Distribution



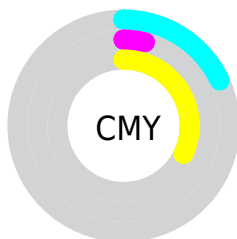
- Red (82%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 174, 245, 211 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 174, 245, 211 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 174, 245, 211


255, 255, 255


 230, 255, 230

 174, 245, 211

 147, 216, 183


 121, 189, 157


 96, 162, 132


 71, 135, 106

 48, 110, 83

 25, 85, 59

 0, 62, 35

 0, 39, 37

 0, 16, 16

 174, 245, 211

 174, 245, 211

 150, 245, 200

 199, 245, 223

 125, 245, 188

 223, 245, 234

 101, 245, 176

 246, 245, 248

 76, 245, 164

 255, 245, 255

 51, 245, 152

 27, 245, 141

 2, 245, 128

 0, 245, 128

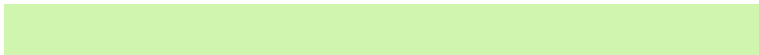
# Harmonies

## Analogous

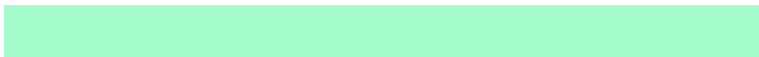
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



177, 249, 159



174, 245, 211



164, 224, 252

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



174, 245, 211



145, 197, 255



255, 205, 224

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



174, 245, 211



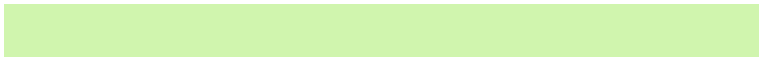
211, 174, 245

# Split Complementary

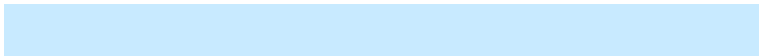
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 209, 255



174, 245, 211



200, 221, 255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



174, 245, 211



112, 183, 255



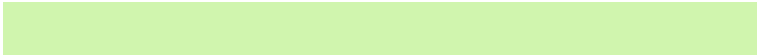
252, 220, 255



255, 222, 189

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



174, 245, 211



137, 202, 254



252, 220, 255

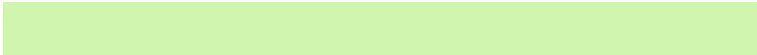


255, 206, 237

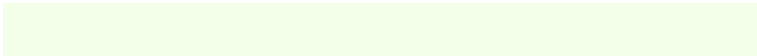


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



174, 245, 211



232, 255, 244



239, 245, 174



113, 128, 121



0, 0, 0

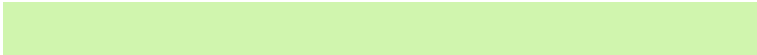


128, 128, 128

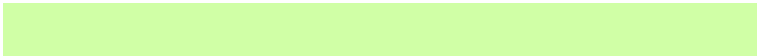


# Same Dimension

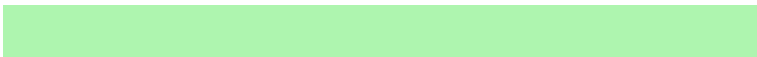
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



174, 245, 211



166, 255, 213



174, 244, 245



110, 122, 116



0, 186, 97



0, 59, 31



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



211, 174, 245



212, 166, 255



245, 174, 244



117, 110, 122



97, 0, 186



31, 0, 59



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 174, 245, 211 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 174, 245, 211 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

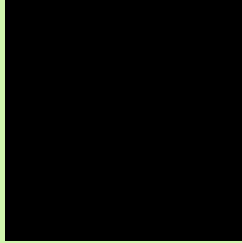
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

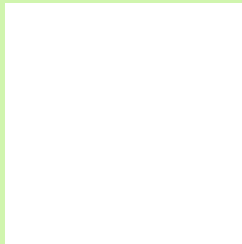
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 174, 245, 211 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 174, 245, 211.

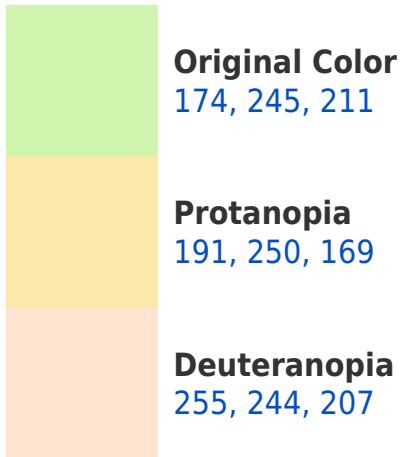


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 174, 245, 211.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Tritanopia

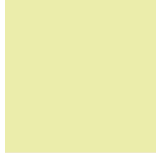
220, 230, 253

# Trichromacy



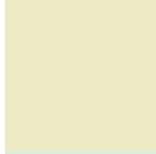
**Original Color**

174, 245, 211



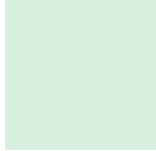
**Protanomaly**

171, 237, 173



**Deuteranomaly**

199, 238, 195



**Tritanomaly**

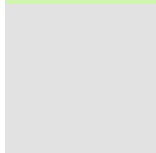
216, 233, 239

# Monochromacy



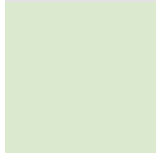
**Original Color**

174, 245, 211



**Achromatopsia**

226, 226, 226



**Achromatomaly**

207, 233, 221

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 174, 245, 211 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 245, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 245, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 245, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 245, 174) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 174, 245, 211 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 245, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 245, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 245, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 245, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 245, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 245,  
174) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 174, 245, 211 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 245, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
245, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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