

Converting Colors

`RYB(174, 96, 189)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(174, 96, 189) contains.

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Color

R_YB(174, 96, 189)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AE60BD
RGB	174, 96, 189
RGB Percent	68%, 38%, 74%
CMY	0.3176, 0.6235, 0.2588
CMYK	0.08, 0.49, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	290°, 41%, 56%
HSV	290°, 49%, 74%
XYZ	30.8237, 21.0385, 50.5804
YIQ	129.9240, 16.6350, 45.4590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

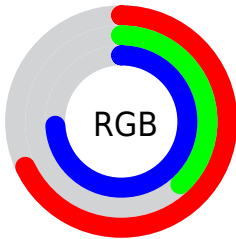
Format	Color
RYB	174, 96, 189
Decimal	11428029
CIELab	52.99, 46.14, -35.94
CIElCh	53, 58.490, 322.082
Yxy	21.0385, 0.3009, 0.2054
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289618109 (0xFFAE60BD)
YUV	129.9240, 29.1245, 38.6547
Hunter-Lab	45.8678, 39.6857, -33.2742

Details

The RYB color **174, 96, 189** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. A complement of this color would be **96, 189, 174**, and the grayscale version is **130, 130, 130**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **231, 149, 246**, and **119, 44, 135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **171, 77, 189**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **177, 115, 189**.

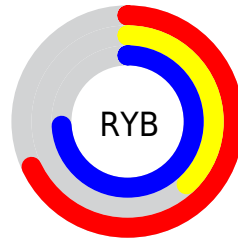
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (38%)

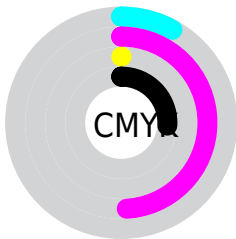
Blue (74%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (74%)

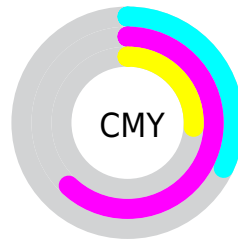


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 174, 96, 189 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 174, 96, 189 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 174, 96, 189

 174, 96, 189

255, 255, 255

 146, 70, 162

 231, 149, 246

 119, 44, 135

 255, 176, 255


 93, 16, 109

 255, 205, 255

 67, 0, 85

 255, 233, 255

 43, 0, 61

 11, 0, 38

 0, 1, 15

 0, 0, 0

 174, 96, 189

 174, 96, 189

■ 171, 77, 189

■ 177, 115, 189

■ 168, 58, 189

■ 180, 134, 189

■ 165, 39, 189

■ 183, 153, 189

■ 162, 20, 189

■ 186, 172, 189

■ 159, 1, 189

■ 189, 191, 191

■ 159, 0, 189

■ 189, 209, 206

■ 189, 228, 222

■ 189, 247, 238

■ 189, 255, 243

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



100, 116, 220



174, 96, 189



210, 78, 142

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



174, 96, 189



65, 162, 6



0, 78, 163

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



174, 96, 189



96, 189, 174

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 85, 149



174, 96, 189



16, 135, 36

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



174, 96, 189



198, 126, 47



47, 133, 145



0, 85, 205

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



174, 96, 189



217, 76, 108



47, 133, 145



0, 76, 150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



174, 96, 189



239, 208, 245



96, 110, 189



119, 100, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



174, 96, 189



222, 100, 245



189, 96, 158



93, 85, 94



133, 0, 158



26, 0, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189, 96, 111



245, 100, 124



96, 166, 189



94, 85, 86



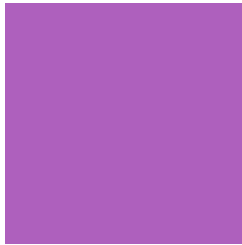
158, 0, 26



31, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 174, 96, 189 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

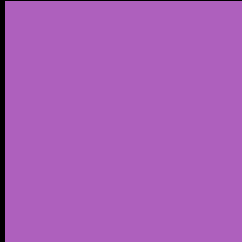
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 174, 96, 189 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

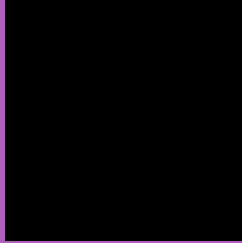
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 174, 96, 189 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 174, 96, 189.

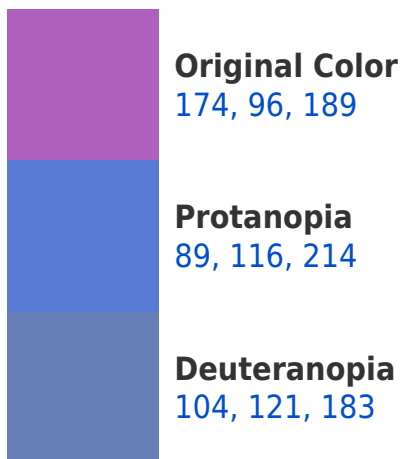


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 174, 96, 189.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
165, 112, 121

Trichromacy



Original Color

174, 96, 189



Protanomaly

120, 114, 205



Deuteranomaly

129, 115, 185



Tritanomaly

168, 106, 146

Monochromacy



Original Color

174, 96, 189



Achromatopsia

130, 130, 130



Achromatomaly

146, 118, 151

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 174, 96, 189 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 96, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 96, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 96, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 96, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 174, 96, 189 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 96, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 96, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 96, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 96, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 96, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 96,  
189) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 174, 96, 189 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 96, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174, 96,  
189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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