

Converting Colors

`RYB(176, 202, 233)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(176, 202, 233) contains.

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Color

R_YB(176, 202, 233)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B0E0E9
RGB	176, 224, 233
RGB Percent	69%, 88%, 91%
CMY	0.3098, 0.1223, 0.0863
CMYK	0.24, 0.04, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	190°, 56%, 80%
HSV	190°, 24%, 91%
XYZ	59.2161, 68.3206, 87.1570
YIQ	210.6740, -31.4970, -7.3770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

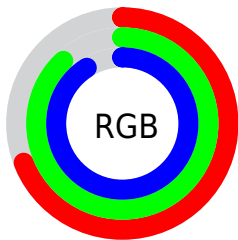
Format	Color
RYB	176, 202, 233
Decimal	11591913
CIELab	86.17, -13.33, -9.55
CIELCh	86, 16.399, 215.618
Yxy	68.3206, 0.2758, 0.3182
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289781993 (0xFFB0E0E9)
YUV	210.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091
Hunter-Lab	82.6563, -16.7686, -4.6590

Details

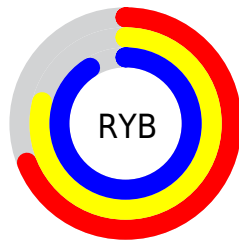
The RYB color **176, 202, 233** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **233, 187, 176**, and the grayscale version is **210, 210, 210**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **233, 244, 255**, and **122, 147, 177** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **153, 189, 233**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199, 215, 233**.

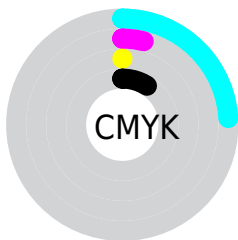
Distribution



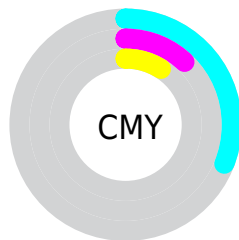
- Red (69%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 176, 202, 233 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 176, 202, 233 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 176, 202, 233

255, 255, 255

■ 233, 244, 255

■ 176, 202, 233

■ 149, 175, 205

■ 122, 147, 177

■ 96, 121, 151

■ 71, 96, 125

■ 45, 70, 100

■ 18, 45, 76


■ 0, 25, 53

■ 0, 14, 32

■ 0, 0, 7

 176, 202, 233

 176, 202, 233

 153, 189, 233


 199, 215, 233

 129, 176, 233


 223, 227, 233

 106, 164, 233


 246, 235, 233

 83, 151, 233


 255, 241, 233

 60, 139, 233


 255, 251, 233

 36, 126, 233

 248, 255, 233

 13, 113, 233

 239, 255, 233

 0, 106, 233

 234, 255, 233

 233, 255, 233

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



178, 203, 225



176, 202, 233



185, 207, 243

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



176, 202, 233



239, 207, 229



198, 225, 185

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



176, 202, 233



233, 187, 176

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



240, 226, 188



176, 202, 233



248, 205, 213

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



176, 202, 233



222, 211, 241



248, 208, 198



190, 220, 203

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



176, 202, 233



196, 211, 246



248, 208, 198



212, 231, 185

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



176, 202, 233



237, 245, 255



176, 225, 233



117, 122, 128



0, 0, 0



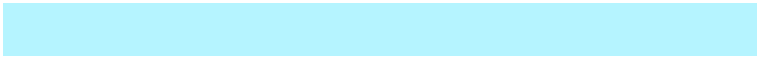
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



176, 202, 233



181, 215, 255



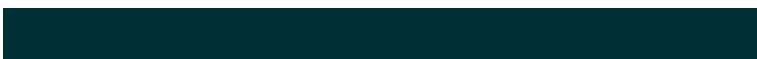
176, 191, 233



106, 111, 117



0, 83, 181



0, 25, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



233, 176, 224



255, 181, 243



207, 233, 176



117, 106, 115



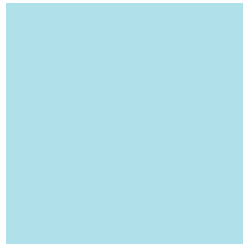
181, 0, 152



54, 0, 45

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 176, 202, 233 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

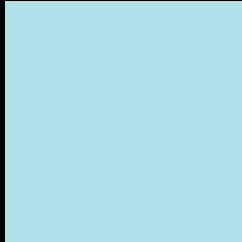
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 176, 202, 233 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

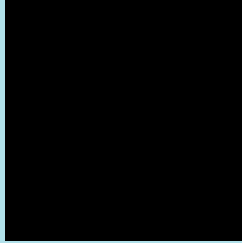
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 176, 202, 233 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 176, 202, 233.

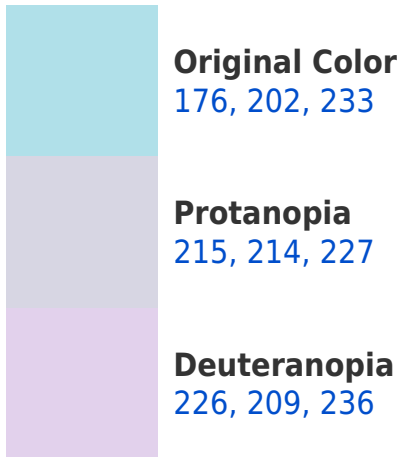


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 176, 202, 233.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

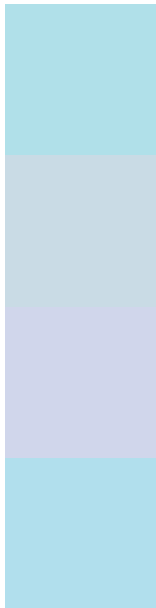
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
178, 204, 240

Trichromacy



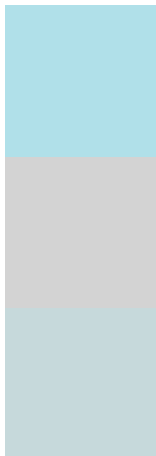
Original Color
176, 202, 233

Protanomaly
201, 212, 229

Deuteranomaly
208, 213, 235

Tritanomaly
177, 203, 237

Monochromacy



Original Color
176, 202, 233

Achromatopsia
211, 211, 211

Achromatomaly
198, 208, 219

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 176, 202, 233 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(176, 224, 233) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 224, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 224, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 224, 233) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 176, 202, 233 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

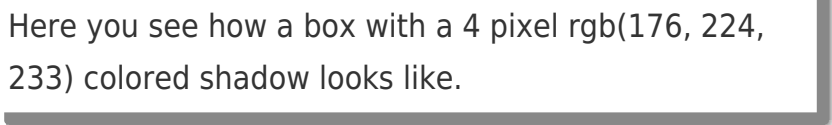
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 224, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 224, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 224, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 224, 233); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 224, 233); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 224, 233) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 176, 202, 233 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 224, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
224, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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