

Converting Colors

`RYB(176, 95, 30)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(176, 95, 30) contains.

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Color

R_YB(176, 95, 30)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B04B1E
RGB	176, 75, 30
RGB Percent	69%, 29%, 12%
CMY	0.3098, 0.7060, 0.8824
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 0.83, 0.31
HSL	18°, 71%, 40%
HSV	18°, 83%, 69%
XYZ	20.6533, 14.3528, 2.9101
YIQ	100.0690, 74.6410, 7.4170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

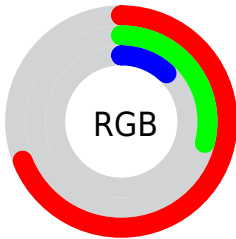
Format	Color
R _Y B	176, 95, 30
Decimal	11553566
CIE Lab	44.73, 38.81, 44.92
CIE LCh	45, 59.363, 49.171
Yxy	14.3528, 0.5447, 0.3785
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289743646 (0xFFB04B1E)
YUV	100.0690, -34.5440, 66.5915
Hunter-Lab	37.8851, 31.0117, 21.9652

Details

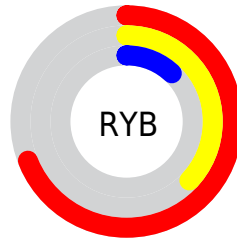
The RYB color **176, 95, 30** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **30, 90, 176**, and the grayscale version is **100, 100, 100**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **237, 149, 78**, and **116, 29, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **176, 86, 12**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **176, 104, 48**.

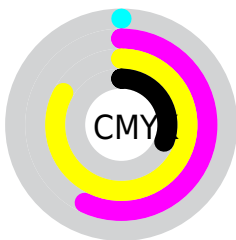
Distribution



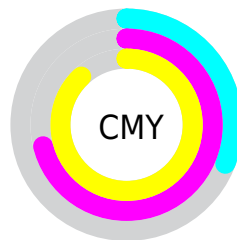
- Red (69%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Black (31%)




















- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 176, 95, 30 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 176, 95, 30 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 176, 95, 30	 176, 95, 30
255, 255, 255	 146, 72, 4
 237, 149, 78	 116, 29, 0
 255, 178, 103	 87, 0, 0
 255, 218, 129	 59, 0, 0
 240, 255, 155	 30, 0, 1
 204, 255, 182	 0, 0, 0
 210, 255, 210	
 239, 255, 239	
 176, 95, 30	 176, 95, 30

■ 176, 86, 12

■ 176, 104, 48

■ 176, 78, 0

■ 176, 114, 65

■ 176, 125, 83

■ 176, 135, 100

■ 176, 144, 118

■ 176, 153, 136

■ 176, 163, 153

■ 176, 172, 171

■ 176, 181, 188

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



192, 53, 77



176, 95, 30



68, 143, 0

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



176, 95, 30



0, 76, 127



60, 91, 200

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



176, 95, 30



30, 90, 176

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 74, 204



176, 95, 30



0, 66, 137

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



176, 95, 30



27, 115, 122



0, 74, 180



147, 77, 171

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



176, 95, 30



6, 114, 0



0, 74, 180



0, 70, 204

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



176, 95, 30



230, 198, 172



176, 30, 132



115, 96, 80



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



176, 95, 30



230, 103, 0



66, 176, 30



89, 85, 80



153, 68, 0



26, 12, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 90, 176



0, 94, 230



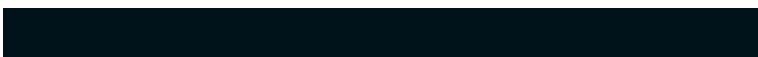
30, 54, 176



80, 84, 89



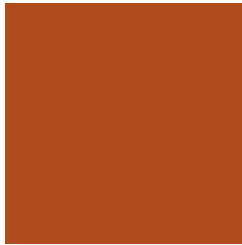
0, 63, 153



0, 11, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 176, 95, 30 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

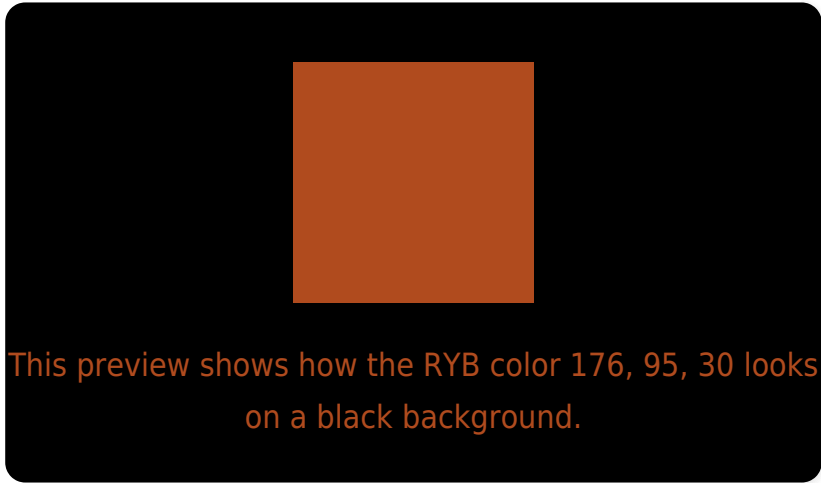
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 176, 95, 30 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 176, 95, 30.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 176, 95, 30.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

176, 95, 30

Protanopia

52, 119, 38

Deuteranopia

65, 134, 19



Tritanopia
178, 70, 75

Trichromacy



Original Color

176, 95, 30

Protanomaly

114, 140, 35

Deuteranomaly

127, 149, 23

Tritanomaly

177, 74, 59

Monochromacy



Original Color

176, 95, 30

Achromatopsia

100, 100, 100

Achromatomaly

128, 98, 75

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 176, 95, 30 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 75, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 75, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 75, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 75, 30) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 176, 95, 30 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 75, 30) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 75, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 75, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 75, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 75, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 75,  
30) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 176, 95, 30 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 75, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176, 75,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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