

Converting Colors

`RYB(177, 149, 104)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(177, 149, 104) contains.

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Color

R_YB(177, 149, 104)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B18468
RGB	177, 132, 104
RGB Percent	69%, 52%, 41%
CMY	0.3059, 0.4830, 0.5922
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.41, 0.31
HSL	23°, 32%, 55%
HSV	23°, 41%, 69%
XYZ	28.8596, 26.8055, 16.7496
YIQ	142.2630, 35.8080, 0.8320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

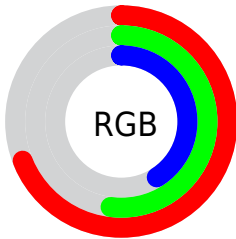
Format	Color
R_{YB}	177, 149, 104
Decimal	11633768
CIE _{Lab}	58.79, 13.68, 21.79
CIE _{LCh}	59, 25.728, 57.889
Yxy	26.8055, 0.3985, 0.3702
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289823848 (0xFFB18468)
YUV	142.2630, -18.8637, 30.4643
Hunter-Lab	51.7740, 8.8940, 17.0607

Details

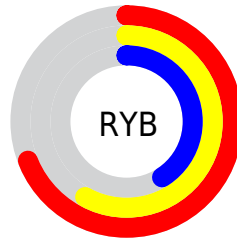
The RYB color **177, 149, 104** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **104, 132, 177**, and the grayscale version is **142, 142, 142**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **234, 203, 155**, and **122, 98, 57** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **177, 143, 86**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **177, 156, 122**.

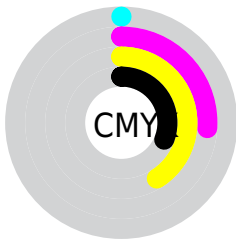
Distribution



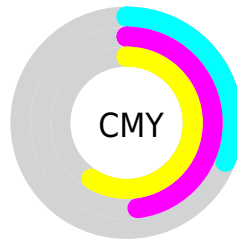
- Red (69%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 177, 149, 104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 177, 149, 104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 177, 149, 104

255, 255, 255

 234, 203, 155

 255, 236, 182

 230, 255, 210

 238, 255, 238


 177, 149, 104


 177, 143, 86

 177, 149, 104

 149, 124, 80

 122, 98, 57

 96, 75, 35


 71, 54, 13

 47, 27, 0

 19, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 177, 149, 104

 177, 156, 122

177, 135, 69

177, 164, 139

177, 129, 51

177, 170, 157

177, 122, 33

177, 177, 175

177, 115, 15

177, 183, 192

177, 108, 0

177, 190, 210

177, 196, 228

177, 203, 246

177, 209, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



186, 126, 121



177, 149, 104



125, 159, 96

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



177, 149, 104



84, 123, 154



143, 136, 181

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



177, 149, 104



104, 132, 177

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



110, 133, 186



177, 149, 104



70, 114, 162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



177, 149, 104



109, 144, 151



80, 121, 179



169, 129, 166

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



177, 149, 104



98, 144, 98



80, 121, 179



132, 138, 184

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



177, 149, 104



230, 218, 202



177, 104, 150



115, 109, 99



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



177, 149, 104



230, 186, 117



116, 177, 104



89, 87, 80



153, 93, 0



26, 16, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



104, 132, 177



117, 160, 230



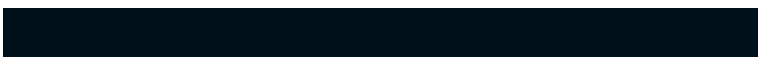
104, 113, 177



80, 84, 89



0, 59, 153



0, 10, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 177, 149, 104 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 177, 149, 104 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

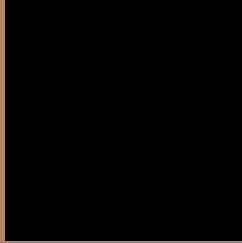
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 177, 149, 104 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 177, 149, 104.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 177, 149, 104.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
180, 127, 137

Trichromacy



Original Color

177, 149, 104

Protanomaly

145, 160, 107

Deuteranomaly

171, 160, 103

Tritanomaly

179, 129, 125

Monochromacy



Original Color

177, 149, 104

Achromatopsia

142, 142, 142

Achromatomaly

155, 144, 128

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 177, 149, 104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 132, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 132, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 132, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 132, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 177, 149, 104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 132, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 132, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 132, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 132, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 132, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 132,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 177, 149, 104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 132, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
132, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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