

Converting Colors

`RYB(177, 201, 236)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(177, 201, 236) contains.

RYB(177, 201, 236)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

$\text{RYB}(177, 201, 236)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1D9EC
RGB	177, 217, 236
RGB Percent	69%, 85%, 93%
CMY	0.3059, 0.1472, 0.0745
CMYK	0.25, 0.08, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	199°, 61%, 81%
HSV	199°, 25%, 93%
XYZ	58.2026, 65.2649, 88.8867
YIQ	207.2060, -29.9390, -2.5710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

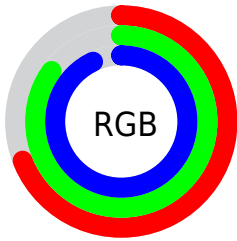
Format	Color
R _{YB}	177, 201, 236
Decimal	11655660
CIE _{Lab}	84.62, -9.12, -13.44
CIE _{LCh}	85, 16.237, 235.847
Y _{xy}	65.2649, 0.2741, 0.3073
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289845740 (0xFFB1D9EC)
YUV	207.2060, 14.1954, -26.4907
Hunter-Lab	80.7867, -12.7768, -8.6839

Details

The RYB color **177, 201, 236** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **236, 205, 177**, and the grayscale version is **207, 207, 207**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **234, 245, 255**, and **123, 146, 180** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **153, 187, 236**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **201, 215, 236**.

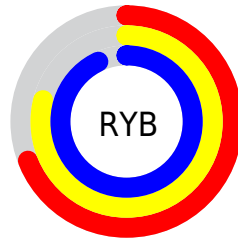
Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (85%)

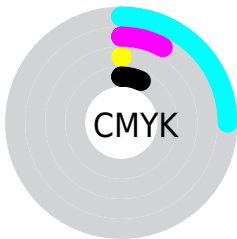
Blue (93%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (79%)

Blue (93%)

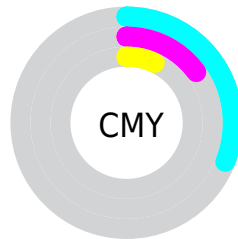


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 177, 201, 236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 177, 201, 236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 177, 201, 236

255, 255, 255

■ 234, 245, 255

■ 177, 201, 236

■ 150, 174, 208

■ 123, 147, 180

■ 97, 120, 153

■ 72, 95, 127

■ 47, 70, 102

■ 20, 45, 78

■ 0, 23, 55

■ 0, 13, 34

■ 0, 0, 10

■ 177, 201, 236

■ 177, 201, 236

■ 153, 187, 236

■ 201, 215, 236

■ 130, 173, 236

■ 224, 229, 236

■ 106, 159, 236

■ 248, 242, 236

■ 83, 145, 236

■ 250, 255, 236

■ 59, 131, 236

■ 236, 255, 236

■ 35, 117, 236

■ 12, 103, 236

■ 0, 96, 236

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



172, 197, 224



177, 201, 236



192, 207, 241

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



177, 201, 236



241, 201, 214



184, 214, 189

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



177, 201, 236



236, 205, 177

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



208, 226, 181



177, 201, 236



244, 201, 198

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



177, 201, 236



229, 203, 229



238, 216, 186



192, 216, 218

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



177, 201, 236



205, 209, 240



238, 216, 186



184, 215, 182

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



177, 201, 236



235, 243, 255



177, 222, 236



115, 120, 128



0, 0, 0



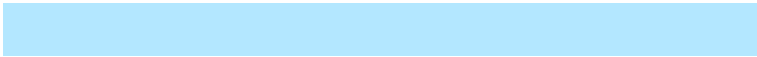
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



177, 201, 236



179, 210, 255



177, 187, 236



106, 111, 117



0, 74, 181



0, 22, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



236, 177, 217



255, 179, 231



192, 236, 177



117, 106, 114



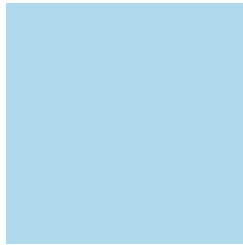
181, 0, 124



54, 0, 37

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 177, 201, 236 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

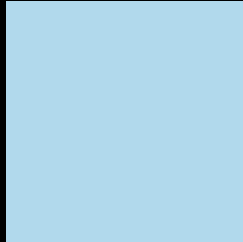
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 177, 201, 236 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

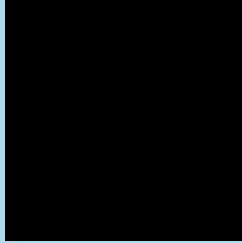
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 177, 201, 236 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 177, 201, 236.

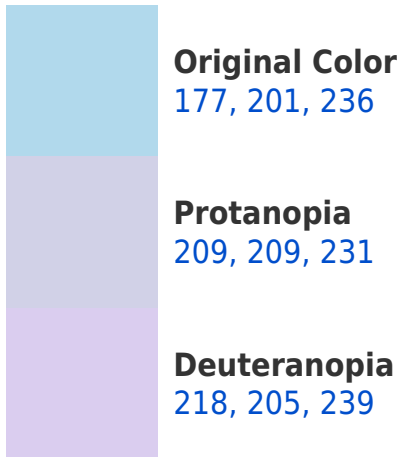


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 177, 201, 236.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

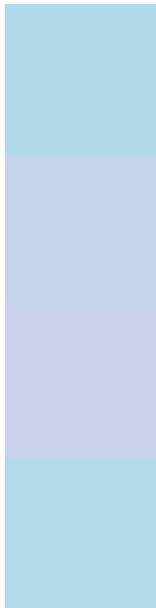
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
177, 201, 235

Trichromacy



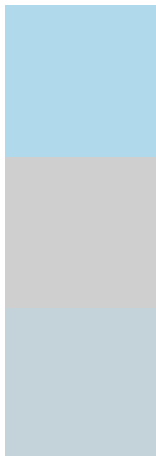
Original Color
177, 201, 236

Protanomaly
197, 208, 233

Deuteranomaly
203, 209, 238

Tritanomaly
177, 201, 235

Monochromacy



Original Color
177, 201, 236

Achromatopsia
207, 207, 207

Achromatomaly
196, 205, 218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 177, 201, 236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(177, 217, 236) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 217, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 217, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 217, 236) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 177, 201, 236 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 217, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 217, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 217, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 217, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 217, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 217,  
236) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 177, 201, 236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 217, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
217, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor