

Converting Colors

`RYB(177, 92, 120)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(177, 92, 120) contains.

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Color

R_YB(177, 92, 120)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B15C78
RGB	177, 92, 120
RGB Percent	69%, 36%, 47%
CMY	0.3059, 0.6392, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.32, 0.31
HSL	340°, 35%, 53%
HSV	340°, 48%, 69%
XYZ	25.3488, 18.3575, 19.9766
YIQ	120.6070, 41.6720, 26.7280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

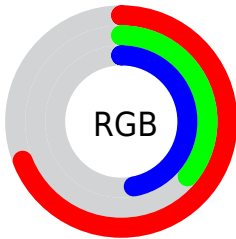
Format	Color
R_{YB}	177, 92, 120
Decimal	11623544
CIE Lab	49.93, 37.67, 0.02
CIE LCh	50, 37.675, 0.033
Yxy	18.3575, 0.3980, 0.2883
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289813624 (0xFFB15C78)
YUV	120.6070, -0.2993, 49.4567
Hunter-Lab	42.8456, 30.6262, 2.3482

Details

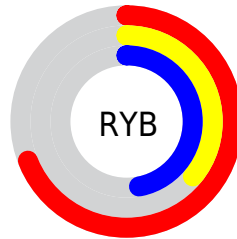
The RYB color **177, 92, 120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **92, 143, 177**, and the grayscale version is **121, 121, 121**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **235, 144, 172**, and **122, 42, 72** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **177, 74, 108**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **177, 110, 132**.

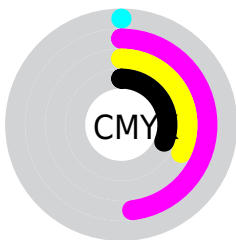
Distribution



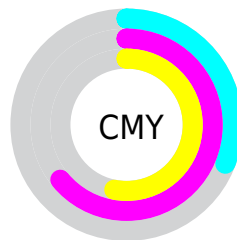
- Red (69%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 177, 92, 120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 177, 92, 120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



177, 92, 120



177, 92, 120

255, 255, 255



149, 67, 95



235, 144, 172



122, 42, 72



255, 171, 199



95, 14, 49



255, 199, 227



69, 0, 29



255, 228, 255



48, 0, 2



0, 0, 0



177, 92, 120



177, 92, 120



177, 74, 108



177, 110, 132



177, 57, 96



177, 127, 144

■ 177, 39, 84

■ 177, 145, 156

■ 177, 21, 73

■ 177, 163, 167

■ 177, 3, 61

■ 177, 180, 181

■ 177, 0, 58

■ 177, 190, 198

■ 177, 200, 216

■ 177, 211, 234

■ 177, 221, 251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



158, 98, 151



177, 92, 120



178, 96, 88

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



177, 92, 120



61, 126, 82



0, 74, 174

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



177, 92, 120



92, 143, 177

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 71, 150



177, 92, 120



64, 115, 132

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



177, 92, 120



81, 138, 53



0, 72, 135



62, 102, 183

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



177, 92, 120



169, 116, 71



0, 72, 135



0, 74, 167

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



177, 92, 120



230, 197, 208



149, 92, 177



115, 95, 102



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



177, 92, 120



230, 96, 140



177, 109, 92



89, 80, 83



153, 0, 50



26, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177, 92, 120



230, 96, 140



92, 131, 177



89, 80, 83



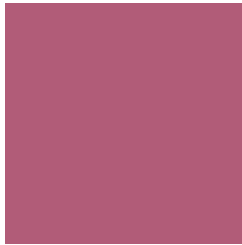
153, 0, 50



26, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 177, 92, 120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

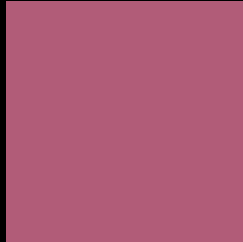
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 177, 92, 120 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 177, 92, 120 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 177, 92, 120.

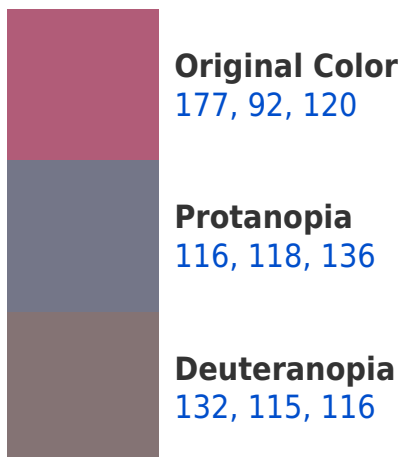


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 177, 92, 120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
175, 95, 102

Trichromacy



Original Color

177, 92, 120

Protanomaly

138, 109, 130

Deuteranomaly

148, 107, 117

Tritanomaly

176, 94, 109

Monochromacy



Original Color

177, 92, 120

Achromatopsia

121, 121, 121

Achromatomaly

141, 110, 121

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 177, 92, 120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 92, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 92, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 92, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 92, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 177, 92, 120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 92, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 92, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 92, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 92, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 92, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 92,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 177, 92, 120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 92, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177, 92,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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