

Converting Colors

`RYB(178, 147, 142)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(178, 147, 142) contains.

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Color

R_YB(178, 147, 142)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2928E
RGB	178, 146, 142
RGB Percent	70%, 57%, 56%
CMY	0.3020, 0.4259, 0.4431
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.20, 0.30
HSL	7°, 19%, 63%
HSV	7°, 20%, 70%
XYZ	33.5817, 32.0963, 30.0164
YIQ	155.1120, 20.3560, 5.5400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

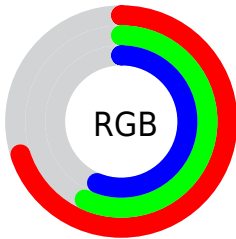
Format	Color
RYB	178, 147, 142
Decimal	11702926
CIELab	63.42, 11.14, 6.77
CIElCh	63, 13.033, 31.293
Yxy	32.0963, 0.3509, 0.3354
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289893006 (0xFFB2928E)
YUV	155.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728
Hunter-Lab	56.6536, 6.6632, 8.2442

Details

The RYB color **178, 147, 142** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **142, 159, 178**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **234, 200, 196**, and **125, 95, 92** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **178, 132, 124**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **178, 162, 160**.

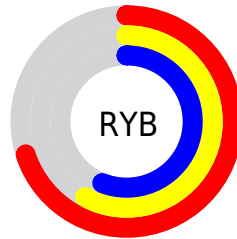
Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (57%)

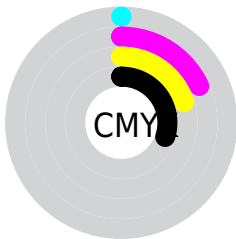
Blue (56%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (56%)

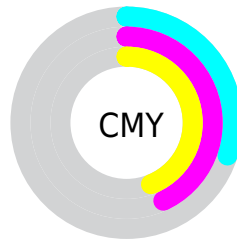


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 178, 147, 142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 178, 147, 142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 178, 147, 142


255, 255, 255

 234, 200, 196

 255, 229, 224

252, 255, 252

 178, 147, 142

 151, 122, 116

 125, 97, 92

 99, 73, 68


 75, 49, 46


 52, 28, 25

 32, 3, 0

 0, 0, 0

 178, 147, 142


 178, 132, 124

 178, 147, 142

 178, 162, 160

 178, 116, 106

 178, 178, 178

 178, 102, 89

 178, 186, 195

 178, 86, 71

 178, 194, 213

 178, 70, 53

 178, 203, 231

 178, 56, 35

 178, 211, 249

 178, 40, 17

 178, 217, 255

 178, 25, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



177, 146, 153



178, 147, 142



173, 158, 134

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



178, 147, 142



136, 154, 159



142, 151, 176

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



178, 147, 142



142, 159, 178

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



129, 146, 173



178, 147, 142



127, 145, 160

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



178, 147, 142



134, 157, 142



124, 143, 165



156, 150, 173

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



178, 147, 142



154, 166, 131



124, 143, 165



137, 150, 176

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



178, 147, 142



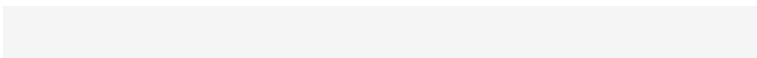
232, 220, 218



178, 142, 174



117, 110, 109



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



178, 147, 142



232, 184, 176



165, 178, 142



89, 81, 80



153, 22, 0



26, 3, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



142, 159, 178



176, 202, 232



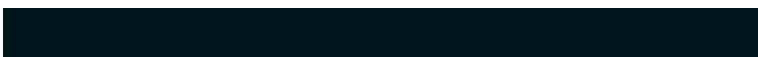
142, 152, 178



80, 84, 89



0, 71, 153



0, 12, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 178, 147, 142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

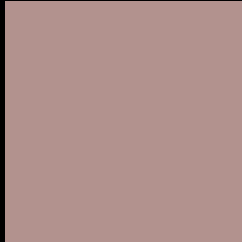
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 178, 147, 142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 178, 147, 142 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 178, 147, 142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 178, 147, 142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

178, 147, 142

Protanopia

155, 158, 146

Deuteranopia

173, 149, 142



Tritanopia
180, 144, 156

Trichromacy



Original Color

178, 147, 142

Protanomaly

165, 154, 145

Deuteranomaly

175, 148, 142

Tritanomaly

179, 145, 151

Monochromacy



Original Color

178, 147, 142

Achromatopsia

155, 155, 155

Achromatomaly

163, 152, 150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 178, 146, 142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(178, 146, 142) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 146, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 146, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 146, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 178, 147, 142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 146, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 146, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 146, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 146, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 146, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 146,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 178, 147, 142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 146, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
146, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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