

Converting Colors

`RYB(178, 149, 162)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(178, 149, 162) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(178, 149, 162)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B295A2
RGB	178, 149, 162
RGB Percent	70%, 58%, 64%
CMY	0.3020, 0.4157, 0.3647
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.09, 0.30
HSL	333°, 16%, 64%
HSV	333°, 16%, 70%
XYZ	35.6291, 33.5685, 38.7839
YIQ	159.1530, 13.1110, 10.1910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

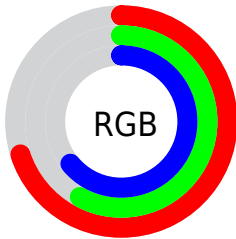
Format	Color
RYB	178, 149, 162
Decimal	11703714
CIELab	64.62, 13.02, -2.78
CIELCh	65, 13.315, 347.969
Yxy	33.5685, 0.3300, 0.3109
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289893794 (0xFFB295A2)
YUV	159.1530, 1.4036, 16.5288
Hunter-Lab	57.9383, 8.3763, 0.8681

Details

The RYB color **178, 149, 162** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **149, 168, 178**, and the grayscale version is **159, 159, 159**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **234, 203, 217**, and **125, 98, 110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **178, 131, 152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **178, 167, 172**.

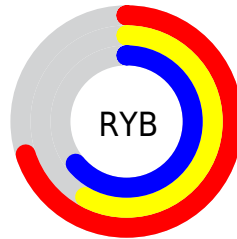
Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (58%)

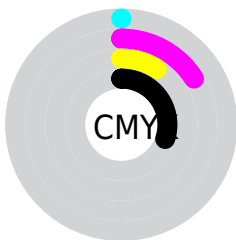
Blue (64%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (64%)

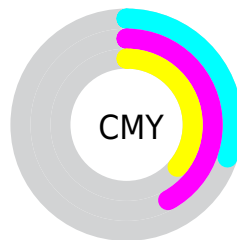


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 178, 149, 162 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 178, 149, 162 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 178, 149, 162

255, 255, 255

 234, 203, 217

 255, 231, 245

 178, 149, 162

 151, 123, 136

 125, 98, 110

 100, 74, 86

 76, 51, 63

 53, 30, 41

 32, 7, 21

 0, 0, 0

 178, 149, 162

 178, 131, 152

 178, 149, 162

 178, 167, 172

■ 178, 113, 142

■ 178, 182, 185

■ 178, 96, 133

■ 178, 194, 202

■ 178, 78, 123

■ 178, 205, 220

■ 178, 60, 113

■ 178, 217, 238

■ 178, 42, 103

■ 178, 227, 255

■ 178, 24, 93

■ 178, 224, 255

■ 178, 7, 83

■ 178, 220, 255

■ 178, 0, 80

■ 178, 218, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



168, 151, 173



178, 149, 162



182, 149, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



178, 149, 162



135, 159, 134



128, 148, 174

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



178, 149, 162



149, 168, 178

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



126, 145, 164



178, 149, 162



141, 161, 157

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



178, 149, 162



165, 171, 134



133, 152, 163



138, 152, 180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



178, 149, 162



181, 152, 143



133, 152, 163



127, 147, 171

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



178, 149, 162



232, 220, 226



165, 149, 178



117, 110, 113



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



178, 149, 162



232, 186, 206



178, 150, 149



89, 80, 84



153, 0, 69



26, 0, 11

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



178, 149, 162



232, 186, 206



149, 163, 178



89, 80, 84



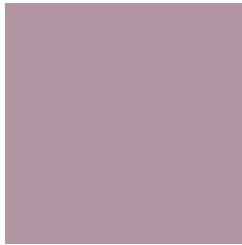
153, 0, 69



26, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 178, 149, 162 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

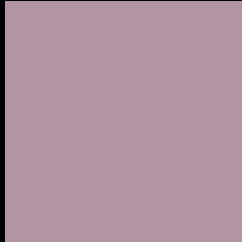
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 178, 149, 162 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

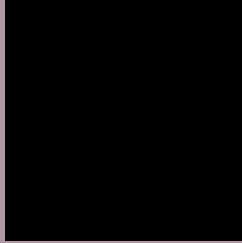
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 178, 149, 162 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 178, 149, 162.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 178, 149, 162.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

178, 149, 162

Protanopia

157, 156, 166

Deuteranopia

170, 152, 161



Tritanopia
178, 149, 161

Trichromacy



Original Color

178, 149, 162

Protanomaly

165, 153, 165

Deuteranomaly

173, 151, 161

Tritanomaly

178, 149, 161

Monochromacy



Original Color

178, 149, 162

Achromatopsia

159, 159, 159

Achromatomaly

166, 155, 160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 178, 149, 162 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(178, 149, 162) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 149, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 149, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 149, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 178, 149, 162 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 149, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 149, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 149, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 149, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 149, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 149,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 178, 149, 162 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 149, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
149, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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