

Converting Colors

`RYB(178, 180, 218)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(178, 180, 218) contains.

RYB(178, 180, 218)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(178, 180, 218)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2B4DA
RGB	178, 180, 218
RGB Percent	70%, 71%, 85%
CMY	0.3020, 0.2937, 0.1451
CMYK	0.18, 0.17, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	237°, 35%, 78%
HSV	237°, 18%, 85%
XYZ	47.3575, 47.2120, 72.9465
YIQ	183.7340, -13.3900, 11.3940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

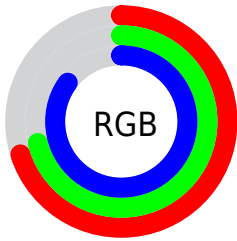
Format	Color
R _Y B	178, 180, 218
Decimal	11711706
CIE Lab	74.33, 7.06, -19.27
CIE LCh	74, 20.521, 290.109
Yxy	47.2120, 0.2827, 0.2818
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289901786 (0xFFB2B4DA)
YUV	183.7340, 16.8931, -5.0287
Hunter-Lab	68.7110, 2.7830, -14.8471

Details

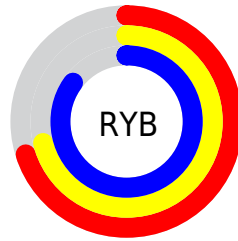
The RYB color **178, 180, 218** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **180, 218, 178**, and the grayscale version is **184, 184, 184**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **234, 236, 255**, and **125, 127, 163** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **156, 159, 218**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **200, 201, 218**.

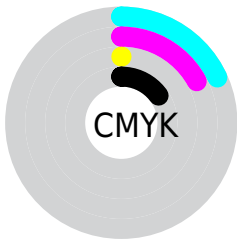
Distribution



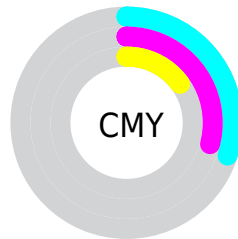
- Red (70%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 178, 180, 218 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 178, 180, 218 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 178, 180, 218

255, 255, 255

■ 234, 236, 255

■ 178, 180, 218

■ 151, 153, 190

■ 125, 127, 163

■ 99, 102, 137

■ 75, 78, 111

■ 51, 55, 87

■ 29, 33, 63

■ 7, 11, 41

■ 0, 1, 20

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 178, 180, 218

■ 178, 180, 218

■ 156, 159, 218

■ 200, 201, 218

■ 134, 139, 218

■ 219, 222, 218

■ 113, 118, 218

■ 219, 243, 218

■ 91, 97, 218

■ 218, 255, 218

■ 69, 77, 218

■ 47, 56, 218

■ 25, 35, 218

■ 4, 14, 218

■ 0, 10, 218

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153, 175, 219



178, 180, 218



201, 174, 207

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



178, 180, 218



217, 182, 155



143, 173, 193

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



178, 180, 218



180, 218, 178

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



158, 190, 186



178, 180, 218



187, 203, 146

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



178, 180, 218



222, 170, 171



147, 186, 149



132, 163, 195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



178, 180, 218



213, 171, 196



147, 186, 149



149, 179, 193

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



178, 180, 218



240, 241, 255



178, 199, 218



119, 119, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



178, 180, 218



199, 202, 255



195, 178, 218



99, 99, 110



0, 9, 173



0, 2, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



218, 178, 180



255, 199, 202



178, 218, 195



110, 99, 99



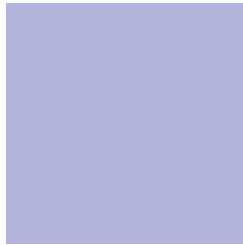
173, 0, 9



46, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 178, 180, 218 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

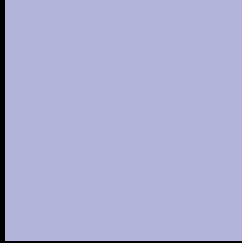
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 178, 180, 218 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

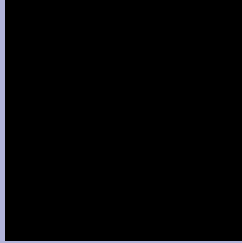
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 178, 180, 218 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 178, 180, 218.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 178, 180, 218.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

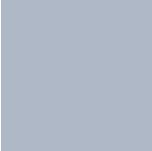
Dichromacy



Original Color
178, 180, 218

Protanopia
175, 180, 219

Deuteranopia
183, 179, 218



Tritanopia
174, 181, 198

Trichromacy



Original Color
178, 180, 218

Protanomaly
176, 180, 219

Deuteranomaly
181, 179, 218

Tritanomaly
175, 181, 205

Monochromacy



Original Color
178, 180, 218

Achromatopsia
184, 184, 184

Achromatomaly
182, 183, 196

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 178, 180, 218 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 180, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 180, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 180, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 180, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 178, 180, 218 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

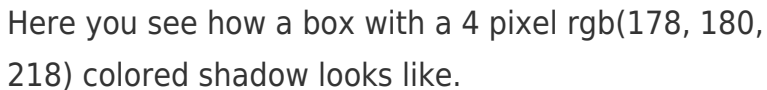
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 180, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 180, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 180, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 180, 218); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 180, 218); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 180, 218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 178, 180, 218 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 180, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
180, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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