

Converting Colors

`RYB(179, 149, 156)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(179, 149, 156) contains.

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Color

R_YB(179, 149, 156)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3959C
RGB	179, 149, 156
RGB Percent	70%, 58%, 61%
CMY	0.2980, 0.4157, 0.3882
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.13, 0.30
HSL	346°, 16%, 64%
HSV	346°, 17%, 70%
XYZ	35.3386, 33.4789, 36.0520
YIQ	158.7680, 15.6330, 8.5370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

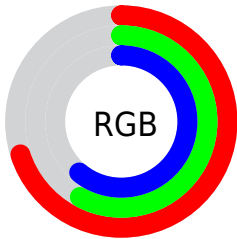
Format	Color
RYB	179, 149, 156
Decimal	11769244
CIELab	64.55, 12.35, 0.51
CIELCh	65, 12.360, 2.369
Yxy	33.4789, 0.3370, 0.3192
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289959324 (0xFFB3959C)
YUV	158.7680, -1.3646, 17.7435
Hunter-Lab	57.8610, 7.7623, 3.5602

Details

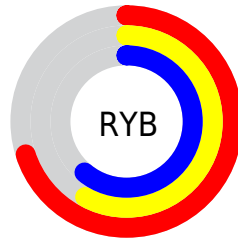
The RYB color **179, 149, 156** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **149, 166, 179**, and the grayscale version is **159, 159, 159**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **235, 203, 210**, and **126, 98, 105** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179, 131, 142**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **179, 167, 170**.

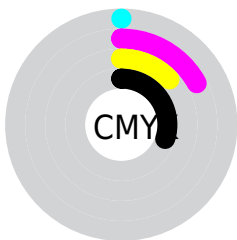
Distribution



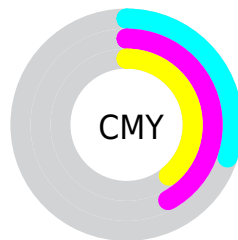
- Red (70%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 179, 149, 156 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 179, 149, 156 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 179, 149, 156

255, 255, 255


 235, 203, 210

 255, 231, 239

 179, 149, 156

 152, 123, 130

 126, 98, 105

 101, 74, 81

 76, 52, 58

 53, 30, 36

 33, 7, 15

 0, 0, 0

 179, 149, 156


 179, 131, 142

 179, 149, 156


 179, 167, 170

 179, 113, 129

 179, 183, 185

 179, 95, 115

 179, 193, 203

 179, 77, 101

 179, 203, 221

 179, 60, 87

 179, 213, 239

 179, 42, 74

 179, 222, 255

 179, 24, 60

 179, 218, 255

 179, 6, 46

 179, 217, 255

 179, 0, 42

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



172, 150, 167



179, 149, 156



180, 151, 145

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



179, 149, 156



138, 159, 145



134, 150, 176

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



179, 149, 156



149, 166, 179

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



128, 147, 168



179, 149, 156



140, 157, 162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



179, 149, 156



148, 165, 135



131, 149, 163



146, 154, 178

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



179, 149, 156



177, 157, 139



131, 149, 163



131, 149, 174

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



179, 149, 156



232, 220, 223



172, 149, 179



117, 110, 112



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



179, 149, 156



232, 186, 196



179, 160, 149



89, 80, 82



153, 0, 36



26, 0, 6

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



179, 149, 156



232, 186, 196



149, 162, 179



89, 80, 82



153, 0, 36



26, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 179, 149, 156 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

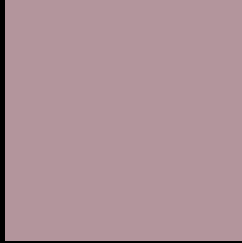
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 179, 149, 156 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

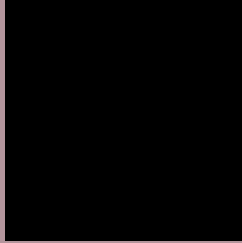
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 179, 149, 156 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 179, 149, 156.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 179, 149, 156.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
179, 149, 156

Protanopia
158, 156, 160

Deuteranopia
172, 152, 155



Tritanopia
180, 148, 160

Trichromacy



Original Color

179, 149, 156

Protanomaly

166, 153, 159

Deuteranomaly

175, 151, 155

Tritanomaly

180, 148, 159

Monochromacy



Original Color

179, 149, 156

Achromatopsia

159, 159, 159

Achromatomaly

166, 155, 158

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 179, 149, 156 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(179, 149, 156) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 149, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 149, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 149, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 179, 149, 156 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 149, 156) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 149, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 149, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 149, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 149, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 149,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 179, 149, 156 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 149, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
149, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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