

# Converting Colors

`RYB(179, 177, 134)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(179, 177, 134) contains.

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# **Color**

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(179, 177, 134)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B39C86
RGB	179, 156, 134
RGB Percent	70%, 61%, 53%
CMY	0.2980, 0.3883, 0.4745
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.25, 0.30
HSL	29°, 23%, 61%
HSV	29°, 25%, 70%
XYZ	34.7800, 35.0781, 27.4919
YIQ	160.3690, 20.7700, -1.9660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

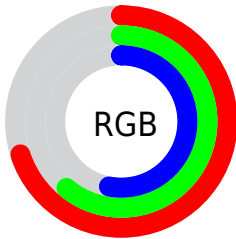
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	179, 177, 134
Decimal	11771014
CIELab	65.81, 5.00, 14.64
CIElCh	66, 15.473, 71.134
Yxy	35.0781, 0.3573, 0.3603
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289961094 (0xFFB39C86)
YUV	160.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394
Hunter-Lab	59.2267, 1.1748, 13.9375

# Details

The RYB color **179, 177, 134** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **134, 149, 179**, and the grayscale version is **160, 160, 160**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **235, 231, 187**, and **126, 126, 84** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179, 177, 116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **179, 177, 152**.

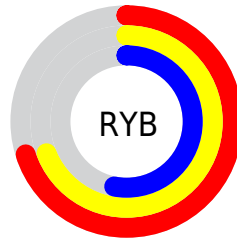
# Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (61%)

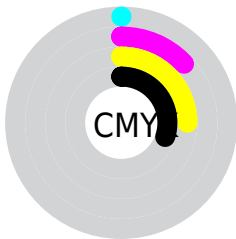
Blue (53%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (53%)

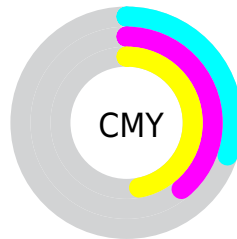


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 179, 177, 134 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 179, 177, 134 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 179, 177, 134

255, 255, 255


 235, 231, 187

 242, 255, 215


 243, 255, 243

 179, 177, 134

 152, 150, 109

 126, 126, 84

 98, 100, 61

 74, 76, 39

 50, 52, 19

 31, 29, 0


 0, 0, 0

 179, 177, 134


 179, 177, 116


 179, 177, 134

 179, 177, 152


 179, 177, 98

 179, 177, 170

 179, 177, 80

 179, 182, 188

 179, 173, 62

 179, 188, 206

 179, 171, 45

 179, 194, 223

 179, 171, 27

 179, 200, 241

 179, 171, 9

 179, 206, 255

 179, 169, 0

 179, 209, 255

 179, 212, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



187, 155, 142



179, 177, 134



138, 165, 133

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



179, 177, 134



125, 147, 168



169, 155, 181

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



179, 177, 134



134, 149, 179

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



151, 158, 187



179, 177, 134



124, 148, 178

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



179, 177, 134



135, 157, 167



134, 153, 186



182, 151, 169

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



179, 177, 134



136, 163, 144



134, 153, 186



163, 156, 184

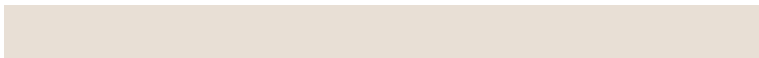


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



179, 177, 134



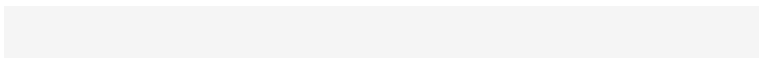
230, 232, 213



179, 134, 157



117, 115, 106



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



179, 177, 134



232, 228, 162



135, 179, 134



87, 89, 80



153, 147, 0



26, 22, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134, 149, 179



162, 186, 232



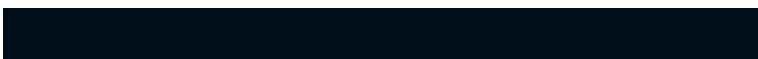
134, 135, 179



80, 83, 89



0, 52, 153

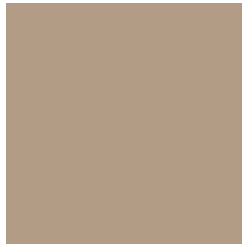


0, 9, 26



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 179, 177, 134 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

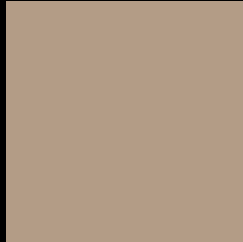
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 179, 177, 134 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

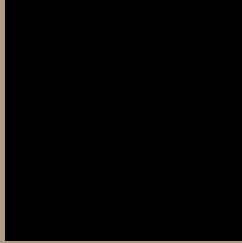
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 179, 177, 134 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 179, 177, 134.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 179, 177, 134.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
179, 177, 134

**Protanopia**  
147, 168, 136

**Deuteranopia**  
184, 167, 134



**Tritanopia**  
183, 152, 164

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

179, 177, 134

**Protanomaly**

155, 172, 135

**Deuteranomaly**

182, 171, 134

**Tritanomaly**

182, 153, 153

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

179, 177, 134

**Achromatopsia**

160, 160, 160

**Achromatomaly**

167, 167, 151

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 179, 177, 134 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(179, 156, 134) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 156, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 156, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 156, 134) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 179, 177, 134 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 156, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 156, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 156, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 156, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 156, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 156,  
134) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 179, 177, 134 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 156, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
156, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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