

Converting Colors

`RYB(17, 0, 212)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(17, 0, 212) contains.

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Color

R_YB(17, 0, 212)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1100D4
RGB	17, 0, 212
RGB Percent	7%, 0%, 83%
CMY	0.9333, 1.0000, 0.1686
CMYK	0.92, 1.00, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	245°, 100%, 42%
HSV	245°, 100%, 83%
XYZ	12.1148, 4.8726, 62.5893
YIQ	29.2510, -57.9200, 69.5360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

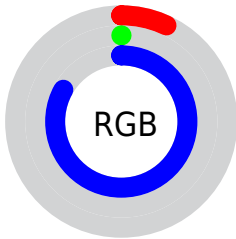
Format	Color
RYB	17, 0, 212
Decimal	1114324
CIELab	26.37, 69.01, -93.24
CIELCh	26, 116.002, 306.504
Yxy	4.8726, 0.1522, 0.0612
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279304404 (0xFF1100D4)
YUV	29.2510, 90.0953, -10.7441
Hunter-Lab	22.0740, 59.3360, -152.6606

Details

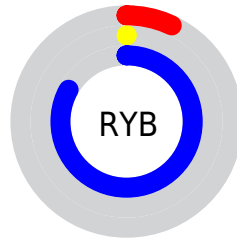
The RYB color **17, 0, 212** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0000CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **0, 212, 17**, and the grayscale version is **28, 28, 28**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **112, 65, 255**, and **0, 0, 155** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 0, 212**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36, 21, 212**.

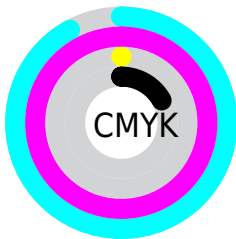
Distribution



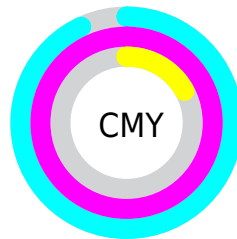
- Red (7%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)






















- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 17, 0, 212 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 17, 0, 212 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 17, 0, 212	 17, 0, 212
 255, 255, 255	 0, 0, 183
 112, 65, 255	 0, 0, 155
 146, 92, 255	 0, 0, 128
 178, 119, 255	 0, 8, 102
 210, 146, 255	 0, 9, 77
 242, 174, 255	 0, 5, 53
 255, 202, 255	 0, 2, 31
 255, 231, 255	 0, 0, 2
	 0, 0, 0


 17, 0, 212


 36, 21, 212


 56, 42, 212

 75, 64, 212


 95, 85, 212

 114, 106, 212

 134, 127, 212

 154, 148, 212

 173, 170, 212

 193, 191, 212

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 59, 250



17, 0, 212



171, 0, 136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17, 0, 212



129, 11, 0



0, 45, 87

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 0, 212



0, 212, 17

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 84, 84



17, 0, 212



0, 67, 7

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17, 0, 212



177, 0, 0



0, 80, 80



0, 59, 170

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 0, 212



195, 0, 78



0, 80, 80



0, 54, 86

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 0, 212



185, 179, 255



0, 102, 212



85, 82, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 0, 212



20, 0, 255



120, 0, 212



97, 96, 107



14, 0, 171



3, 0, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



212, 0, 195



255, 0, 235



0, 212, 120



107, 96, 106



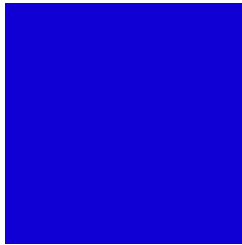
171, 0, 157



43, 0, 40

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 17, 0, 212 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

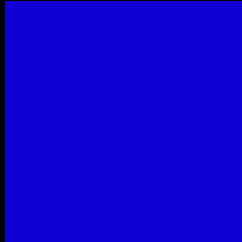
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 17, 0, 212 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

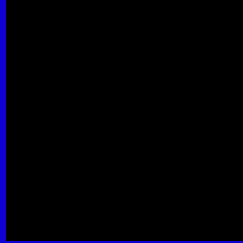
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 17, 0, 212 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 17, 0, 212.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 17, 0, 212.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


17, 0, 212

Protanopia

0, 42, 130

Deuteranopia

0, 42, 110



Tritanopia
0, 37, 75

Trichromacy



Original Color

17, 0, 212

Protanomaly

6, 33, 160

Deuteranomaly

6, 35, 147

Tritanomaly

6, 36, 125

Monochromacy



Original Color

17, 0, 212

Achromatopsia

29, 29, 29

Achromatomaly

25, 18, 96

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 17, 0, 212 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(17, 0, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(17, 0, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 0, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(17, 0, 212) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 17, 0, 212 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(17, 0, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(17, 0, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(17, 0, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(17, 0, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 0, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 0, 212)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 17, 0, 212 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(17, 0, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(17, 0,  
212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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