

Converting Colors

`RYB(17, 106, 180)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(17, 106, 180) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(17, 106, 180)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	11B499
RGB	17, 180, 153
RGB Percent	7%, 71%, 60%
CMY	0.9333, 0.2941, 0.4019
CMYK	0.91, 0.00, 0.15, 0.29
HSL	170°, 83%, 39%
HSV	170°, 91%, 71%
XYZ	22.2633, 35.0460, 35.5242
YIQ	128.1850, -88.4810, -42.9530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

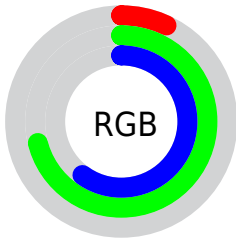
Format	Color
RYB	17, 106, 180
Decimal	1160345
CIELab	65.78, -44.30, 3.32
CIELCh	66, 44.429, 175.710
Yxy	35.0460, 0.2398, 0.3775
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279350425 (0xFF11B499)
YUV	128.1850, 12.2338, -97.5092
Hunter-Lab	59.1997, -36.4708, 5.8614

Details

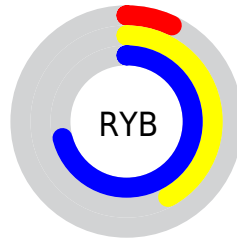
The RYB color **17, 106, 180** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. A complement of this color would be **180, 17, 44**, and the grayscale version is **128, 128, 128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 177, 237**, and **0, 70, 126** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 98, 180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35, 114, 180**.

Distribution



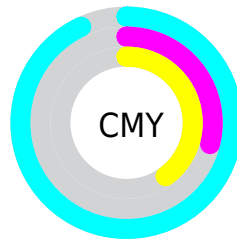
- Red (7%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (29%)























- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 17, 106, 180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 17, 106, 180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 17, 106, 180	 17, 106, 180
 255, 255, 255	 0, 84, 153
 100, 177, 237	 0, 70, 126
 131, 198, 255	 0, 56, 100
 161, 208, 255	 0, 43, 75
 192, 224, 255	 0, 31, 52
 222, 239, 255	 0, 21, 29
 252, 254, 255	 0, 0, 0

 17, 106, 180	 17, 106, 180
 0, 98, 180	 35, 114, 180

■ 53, 122, 180

■ 71, 130, 180

■ 89, 139, 180

■ 107, 147, 180

■ 125, 155, 180

■ 143, 163, 180

■ 161, 171, 180

■ 179, 180, 180

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



102, 166, 176



17, 106, 180



0, 93, 193

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17, 106, 180



154, 152, 232



219, 168, 95

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 106, 180



180, 17, 44

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



235, 130, 127



17, 106, 180



204, 137, 205

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17, 106, 180



79, 135, 239



231, 127, 167



126, 189, 79

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 106, 180



0, 97, 216



231, 127, 167



226, 149, 104

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 106, 180



171, 206, 235



17, 180, 150



80, 100, 117



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 106, 180



0, 128, 235



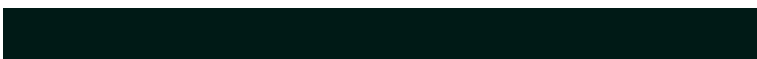
17, 83, 180



80, 85, 89



0, 84, 153



0, 14, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



180, 17, 44



235, 0, 40



180, 93, 17



89, 80, 82



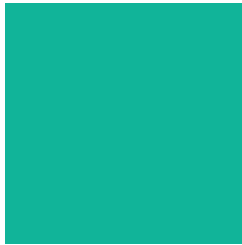
153, 0, 26



26, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 17, 106, 180 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 17, 106, 180 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 17, 106, 180 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 17, 106, 180.



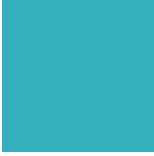
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 17, 106, 180.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
53, 117, 189

Trichromacy



Original Color

17, 106, 180



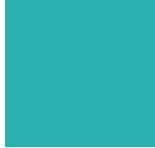
Protanomaly

112, 146, 166



Deuteranomaly

117, 142, 163



Tritanomaly

40, 109, 177

Monochromacy



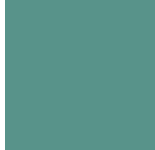
Original Color

17, 106, 180



Achromatopsia

128, 128, 128



Achromatomaly

88, 120, 147

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 17, 106, 180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(17, 180, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(17, 180, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 180, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(17, 180, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 17, 106, 180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(17, 180, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(17, 180, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(17, 180, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 180, 153); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 180, 153); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 180, 153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 17, 106, 180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(17, 180, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(17, 180,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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