

Converting Colors

`RYB(17, 111, 145)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(17, 111, 145) contains.

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Color

R_YB(17, 111, 145)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	11913F
RGB	17, 145, 63
RGB Percent	7%, 57%, 25%
CMY	0.9333, 0.4314, 0.7518
CMYK	0.88, 0.00, 0.56, 0.43
HSL	142°, 79%, 32%
HSV	142°, 88%, 57%
XYZ	11.2621, 20.7322, 8.1545
YIQ	97.3800, -49.9660, -52.6380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

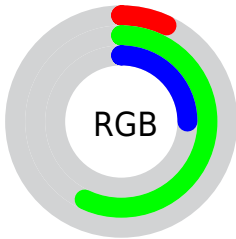
Format	Color
RYB	17, 111, 145
Decimal	1151295
CIELab	52.66, -50.34, 34.07
CIELCh	53, 60.788, 145.914
Yxy	20.7322, 0.2805, 0.5164
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279341375 (0xFF11913F)
YUV	97.3800, -16.9493, -70.4933
Hunter-Lab	45.5326, -35.5316, 21.2545

Details

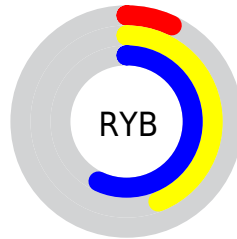
The RYB color **17, 111, 145** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **145, 17, 99**, and the grayscale version is **98, 98, 98**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89, 180, 200**, and **0, 81, 93** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **2, 107, 145**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31, 114, 145**.

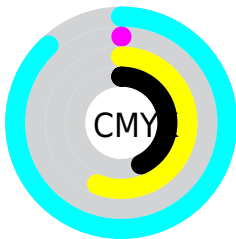
Distribution



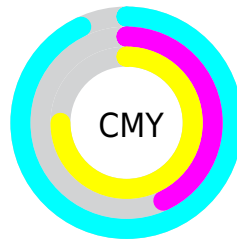
- Red (7%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 17, 111, 145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 17, 111, 145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 17, 111, 145  17, 111, 145

255, 255, 255  0, 90, 119

 89, 180, 200  0, 81, 93

 118, 211, 229  0, 68, 68



 147, 239, 255  0, 46, 46

 176, 241, 255  0, 17, 17

 205, 242, 255  0, 0, 0

 235, 246, 255

 17, 111, 145  17, 111, 145

 2, 107, 145  31, 114, 145

■ 0, 107, 145

■ 46, 119, 145

■ 60, 122, 145

■ 75, 127, 145

■ 90, 130, 145

■ 104, 134, 145

■ 118, 138, 145

■ 133, 142, 145

■ 147, 145, 147

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10, 136, 40



17, 111, 145



0, 83, 149

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17, 111, 145



0, 85, 230



217, 78, 83

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 111, 145



145, 17, 99

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



214, 72, 135



17, 111, 145



110, 115, 220

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17, 111, 145



0, 86, 212



181, 90, 185



195, 139, 37

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 111, 145



0, 76, 153



181, 90, 185



219, 73, 100

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 111, 145



140, 176, 189



17, 145, 62



65, 86, 94



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 111, 145



0, 139, 189



17, 86, 145



64, 69, 71



0, 99, 135



0, 6, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145, 17, 99



189, 0, 120



145, 17, 36



71, 64, 69



135, 0, 86



8, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 17, 111, 145 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 17, 111, 145 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 17, 111, 145 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 17, 111, 145.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 17, 111, 145.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
17, 111, 145

Protanopia
74, 139, 57

Deuteranopia
125, 152, 70



Tritanopia
59, 100, 147

Trichromacy



Original Color

17, 111, 145



Protanomaly

59, 132, 96



Deuteranomaly

68, 128, 93



Tritanomaly

44, 98, 139

Monochromacy



Original Color

17, 111, 145



Achromatopsia

97, 97, 97



Achromatomaly

68, 102, 114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 17, 111, 145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(17, 145, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(17, 145, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 145, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(17, 145, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 17, 111, 145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(17, 145, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(17, 145, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(17, 145, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(17, 145, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 145, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 145,  
63) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 17, 111, 145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(17, 145, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(17, 145,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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