

Converting Colors

`RYB(180, 237, 116)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(180, 237, 116) contains.

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Color

R_YB(180, 237, 116)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDC374
RGB	237, 195, 116
RGB Percent	93%, 76%, 45%
CMY	0.0706, 0.2347, 0.5451
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.51, 0.07
HSL	39°, 77%, 69%
HSV	39°, 51%, 93%
XYZ	57.6241, 58.3587, 24.7502
YIQ	198.5520, 50.3910, -15.6650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

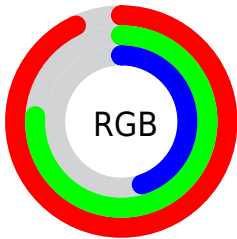
Format	Color
RYB	180, 237, 116
Decimal	15582068
CIELab	80.94, 5.34, 45.08
CIELCh	81, 45.391, 83.238
Yxy	58.3587, 0.4095, 0.4147
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293772148 (0xFFEDC374)
YUV	198.5520, -40.6981, 33.7189
Hunter-Lab	76.3929, 0.9572, 34.2659

Details

The RYB color **180, 237, 116** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. A complement of this color would be **116, 147, 237**, and the grayscale version is **199, 199, 199**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **173, 255, 169**, and **120, 179, 65** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **168, 237, 92**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **192, 237, 140**.

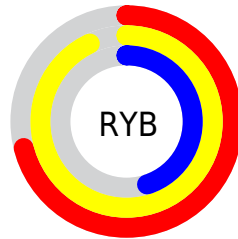
Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (76%)

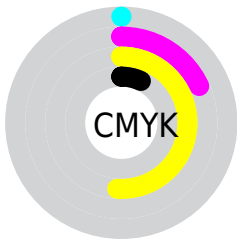
Blue (45%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (45%)

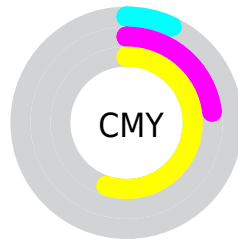


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (51%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 180, 237, 116 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 180, 237, 116 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 180, 237, 116

 180, 237, 116

255, 255, 255

 151, 208, 90

 172, 255, 169

 120, 179, 65

 197, 255, 197

 89, 150, 40

 225, 255, 225

 56, 123, 13

254, 255, 254

 40, 96, 0

 35, 69, 0

 30, 44, 0

 18, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

180, 237, 116

180, 237, 116

168, 237, 92

192, 237, 140

158, 237, 69

201, 237, 163

146, 237, 45

213, 237, 187

136, 237, 21

225, 237, 211

125, 237, 0

237, 237, 235

237, 242, 255

237, 245, 255

237, 246, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 208, 134



180, 237, 116



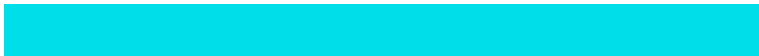
121, 209, 135

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



180, 237, 116



0, 114, 233



245, 178, 252

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



180, 237, 116



116, 147, 237

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



191, 194, 255



180, 237, 116



1, 118, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



180, 237, 116



85, 163, 223



119, 173, 255



255, 168, 212

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



180, 237, 116



137, 215, 189



119, 173, 255



230, 183, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



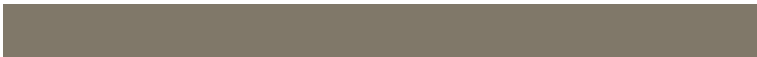
180, 237, 116



237, 255, 217



237, 116, 158



117, 128, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



180, 237, 116



182, 255, 99



116, 237, 134



112, 117, 106



97, 181, 0



29, 54, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



116, 147, 237



99, 139, 255



134, 116, 237



106, 109, 117



0, 47, 181



0, 14, 54

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 180, 237, 116 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

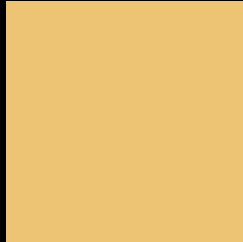
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 180, 237, 116 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 180, 237, 116 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 180, 237, 116.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 180, 237, 116.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
180, 237, 116

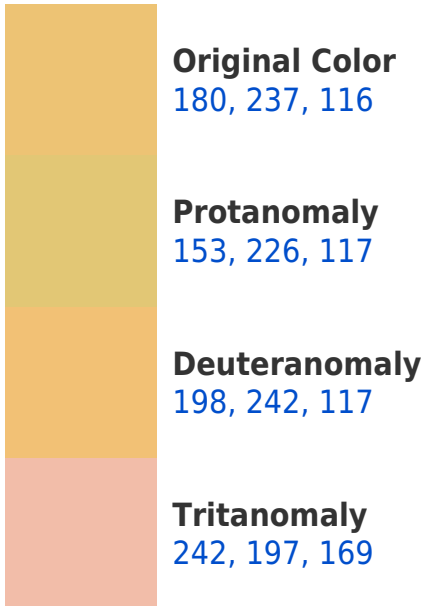
Protanopia
141, 220, 118

Deuteranopia
207, 245, 117

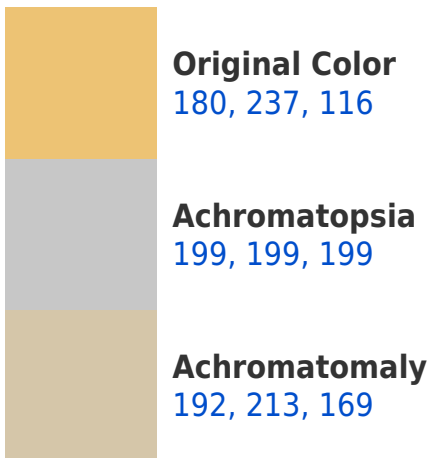


Tritanopia
245, 185, 199

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 180, 237, 116 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 195, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 195, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 195, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 195, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 180, 237, 116 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 195, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 195, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 195, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 195, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 195, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 195,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 180, 237, 116 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 195, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
195, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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