

# Converting Colors

`RYB(181, 135, 161)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(181, 135, 161) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(181, 135, 161)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B587A1
RGB	181, 135, 161
RGB Percent	71%, 53%, 63%
CMY	0.2902, 0.4706, 0.3686
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.11, 0.29
HSL	326°, 24%, 62%
HSV	326°, 25%, 71%
XYZ	34.1531, 29.7249, 37.6556
YIQ	151.7180, 19.0700, 17.8380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

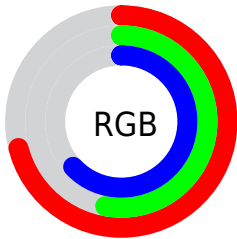
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	181, 135, 161
Decimal	11896737
CIELab	61.42, 21.78, -6.91
CIELCh	61, 22.847, 342.399
Yxy	29.7249, 0.3364, 0.2928
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290086817 (0xFFB587A1)
YUV	151.7180, 4.5760, 25.6803
Hunter-Lab	54.5206, 16.4059, -2.7853

# Details

The RYB color **181, 135, 161** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **135, 167, 181**, and the grayscale version is **152, 152, 152**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **237, 189, 216**, and **127, 85, 109** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **181, 117, 153**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **181, 153, 169**.

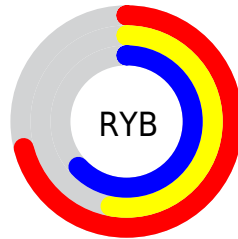
# Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (53%)

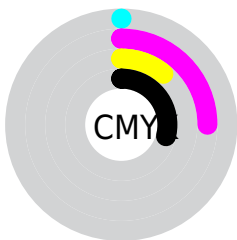
Blue (63%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (63%)

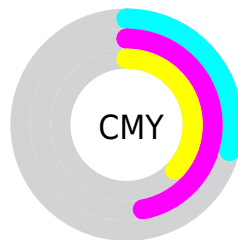


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (47%)


Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 181, 135, 161 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 181, 135, 161 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 181, 135, 161


255, 255, 255

 237, 189, 216

 255, 216, 244

 255, 245, 255

 181, 135, 161

 154, 109, 135

 127, 85, 109


 102, 61, 85


 77, 38, 62


 54, 17, 40


 34, 0, 20


 0, 0, 0


 181, 135, 161


 181, 117, 153


 181, 135, 161


 181, 153, 169


 181, 99, 145


 181, 171, 177

 181, 81, 137


 181, 186, 189


 181, 63, 130


 181, 199, 207


 181, 45, 122

 181, 213, 226


 181, 26, 114


 181, 225, 244

 181, 8, 106

 181, 231, 255

 181, 0, 102

 181, 228, 255

 181, 225, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



162, 140, 178



181, 135, 161



189, 134, 140

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



181, 135, 161



115, 155, 109



90, 128, 175

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



181, 135, 161



135, 167, 181

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92, 127, 160



181, 135, 161



118, 155, 141

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



181, 135, 161



170, 174, 110



109, 142, 159



108, 137, 186

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



181, 135, 161



188, 136, 128



109, 142, 159



89, 126, 169



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



181, 135, 161



235, 216, 226



155, 135, 181



117, 106, 112



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



181, 135, 161



235, 164, 204



181, 135, 138



89, 80, 85



153, 0, 86



26, 0, 14



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



181, 135, 161



235, 164, 204



135, 159, 181



89, 80, 85



153, 0, 86

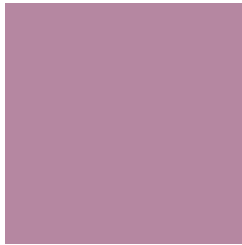


26, 0, 14



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 181, 135, 161 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

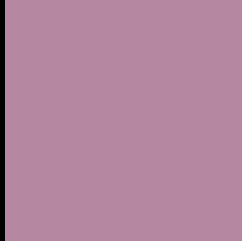
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 181, 135, 161 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

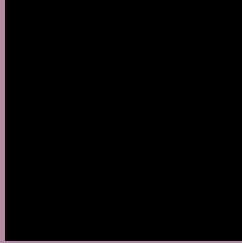
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 181, 135, 161 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 181, 135, 161.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 181, 135, 161.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
181, 135, 161

**Protanopia**  
145, 147, 169

**Deuteranopia**  
158, 144, 159



**Tritanopia**  
179, 137, 148

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

181, 135, 161

**Protanomaly**

158, 143, 166

**Deuteranomaly**

166, 141, 160

**Tritanomaly**

180, 136, 153

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

181, 135, 161

**Achromatopsia**

152, 152, 152

**Achromatomaly**

163, 146, 155

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 181, 135, 161 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 135, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 135, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 135, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 135, 161) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 181, 135, 161 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 135, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 135, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 135, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 135, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 135, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 135,  
161) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 181, 135, 161 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 135, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
135, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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