

Converting Colors

`RYB(181, 43, 169)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(181, 43, 169) contains.

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Color

R_YB(181, 43, 169)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B52BA9
RGB	181, 43, 169
RGB Percent	71%, 17%, 66%
CMY	0.2902, 0.8314, 0.3373
CMYK	0.00, 0.76, 0.07, 0.29
HSL	305°, 62%, 44%
HSV	305°, 76%, 71%
XYZ	27.0814, 14.4161, 38.8914
YIQ	98.6260, 41.8020, 68.4420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

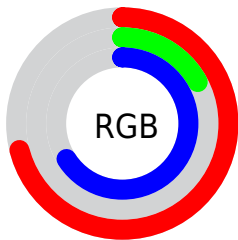
Format	Color
R _Y B	181, 43, 169
Decimal	11873193
CIE Lab	44.82, 66.84, -37.04
CIE LCh	45, 76.416, 331.010
Yxy	14.4161, 0.3369, 0.1793
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290063273 (0xFFB52BA9)
YUV	98.6260, 34.6944, 72.2420
Hunter-Lab	37.9685, 60.8717, -34.1531

Details

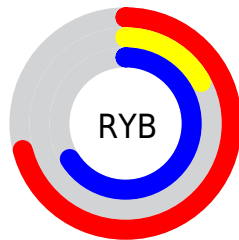
The RYB color **181, 43, 169** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **43, 170, 181**, and the grayscale version is **98, 98, 98**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **240, 104, 225**, and **124, 0, 116** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **181, 25, 167**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **181, 61, 171**.

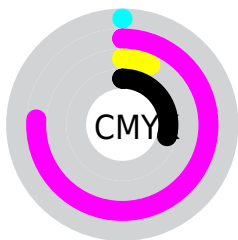
Distribution



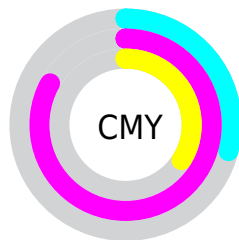
- Red (71%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 181, 43, 169 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 181, 43, 169 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



181, 43, 169



181, 43, 169

255, 255, 255



152, 0, 142



240, 104, 225



124, 0, 116



255, 132, 254



96, 0, 91



255, 161, 255



69, 0, 67



255, 190, 255



43, 0, 44



255, 219, 255



0, 0, 22



255, 249, 255



0, 0, 0



181, 43, 169



181, 43, 169



181, 25, 167



181, 61, 171

■ 181, 7, 166

■ 181, 79, 172

■ 181, 0, 165

■ 181, 97, 174

■ 181, 115, 175

■ 181, 134, 177

■ 181, 152, 178

■ 181, 170, 180

■ 181, 187, 188

■ 181, 204, 206

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97, 87, 217



181, 43, 169



212, 0, 107

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



181, 43, 169



30, 128, 0



0, 74, 171

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



181, 43, 169



43, 170, 181

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 73, 132



181, 43, 169



0, 120, 59

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



181, 43, 169



176, 137, 0



0, 99, 128



0, 81, 218

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



181, 43, 169



212, 0, 65



0, 99, 128



0, 70, 150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



181, 43, 169



235, 181, 230



55, 43, 181



117, 84, 114



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



181, 43, 169



235, 21, 216



181, 43, 100



89, 80, 88



153, 0, 140



26, 0, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



181, 43, 169



235, 21, 216



43, 130, 181



89, 80, 88



153, 0, 140



26, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 181, 43, 169 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

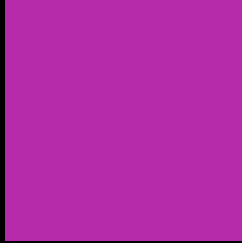
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 181, 43, 169 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

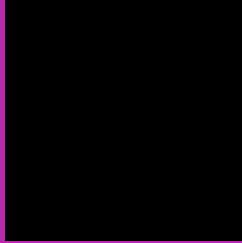
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 181, 43, 169 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 181, 43, 169.

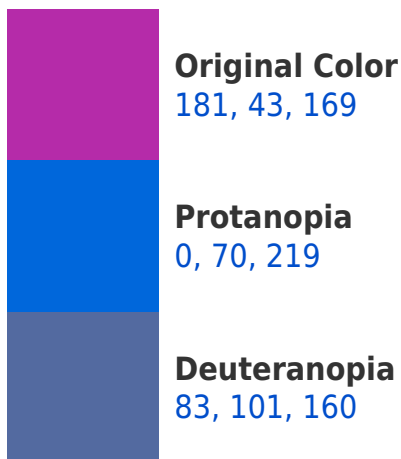


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 181, 43, 169.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
172, 75, 81

Trichromacy



Original Color

181, 43, 169



Protanomaly

66, 80, 201



Deuteranomaly

119, 83, 163



Tritanomaly

175, 63, 113

Monochromacy



Original Color

181, 43, 169



Achromatopsia

99, 99, 99



Achromatomaly

129, 79, 124

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 181, 43, 169 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 43, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 43, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 43, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 43, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 181, 43, 169 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 43, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 43, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 43, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 43, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 43, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 43,  
169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 181, 43, 169 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 43, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181, 43,  
169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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