

# Converting Colors

`RYB(182, 165, 130)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(182, 165, 130) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(182, 165, 130)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B69782
RGB	182, 151, 130
RGB Percent	71%, 59%, 51%
CMY	0.2863, 0.4082, 0.4902
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.29, 0.29
HSL	24°, 26%, 61%
HSV	24°, 29%, 71%
XYZ	34.3743, 33.6641, 25.8052
YIQ	157.8750, 25.2170, 0.0410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

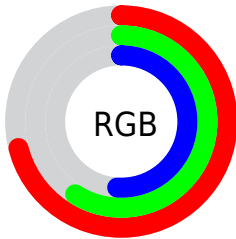
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	182, 165, 130
Decimal	11966338
CIELab	64.70, 8.41, 15.36
CIELCh	65, 17.512, 61.298
Yxy	33.6641, 0.3663, 0.3587
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290156418 (0xFFB69782)
YUV	157.8750, -13.7424, 21.1576
Hunter-Lab	58.0208, 4.2157, 14.2449

# Details

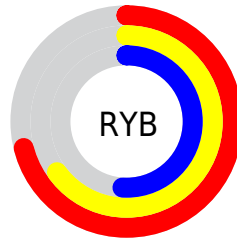
The RYB color **182, 165, 130** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **130, 149, 182**, and the grayscale version is **158, 158, 158**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **239, 219, 183**, and **128, 113, 81** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **182, 159, 112**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **182, 172, 148**.

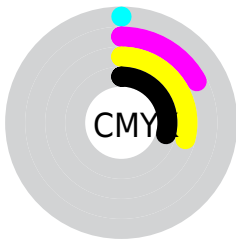
# Distribution



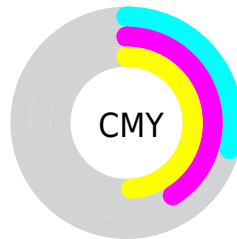
- Red (71%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 182, 165, 130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 182, 165, 130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 182, 165, 130

255, 255, 255

 239, 219, 183

 255, 255, 211


 239, 255, 239

 182, 165, 130

 155, 138, 105

 128, 113, 81

 103, 88, 58

 78, 65, 36


 54, 45, 15


 32, 15, 0

 0, 0, 0

 182, 165, 130

 182, 159, 112


 182, 165, 130

 182, 172, 148


 182, 152, 94

 182, 178, 166


 182, 147, 75

 182, 183, 185

 182, 140, 57

 182, 190, 203

 182, 137, 39

 182, 196, 221

 182, 130, 21

 182, 203, 239

 182, 123, 3

 182, 210, 255

 182, 122, 0

 182, 214, 255

 182, 217, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



189, 148, 141



182, 165, 130



143, 168, 126

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



182, 165, 130



120, 145, 166



161, 153, 184

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



182, 165, 130



130, 149, 182

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



140, 153, 188



182, 165, 130



115, 142, 173

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



182, 165, 130



133, 158, 164



122, 147, 184



178, 148, 172

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



182, 165, 130



128, 159, 130



122, 147, 184



154, 154, 186



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



182, 165, 130



237, 229, 216



182, 130, 161



120, 115, 107



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



182, 165, 130



237, 210, 157



136, 182, 130



92, 88, 83



156, 106, 0



28, 18, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



130, 149, 182



157, 187, 237



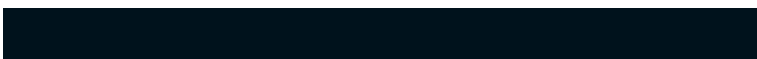
130, 135, 182



83, 86, 92



0, 58, 156



0, 11, 28



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 182, 165, 130 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

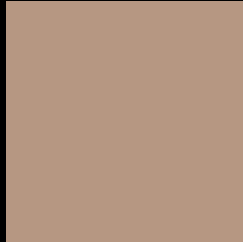
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 182, 165, 130 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

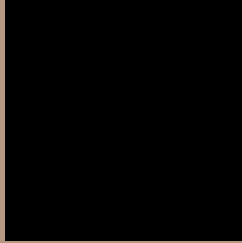
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 182, 165, 130 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 182, 165, 130.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 182, 165, 130.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
182, 165, 130

**Protanopia**  
144, 165, 133

**Deuteranopia**  
182, 165, 130



**Tritanopia**  
185, 147, 158

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

182, 165, 130

**Protanomaly**

159, 171, 132

**Deuteranomaly**

182, 165, 130

**Tritanomaly**

184, 148, 148

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

182, 165, 130

**Achromatopsia**

158, 158, 158

**Achromatomaly**

167, 159, 148

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 182, 165, 130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(182, 151, 130) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 151, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 151, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 151, 130) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 182, 165, 130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

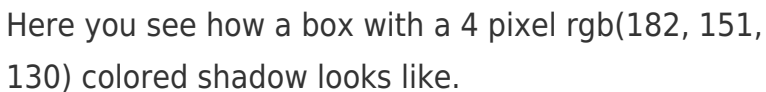
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 151, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 151, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 151, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 151, 130); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 151, 130); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 151, 130) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 182, 165, 130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 151, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
151, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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