

Converting Colors

`RYB(182, 193, 250)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(182, 193, 250) contains.

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Color

R_YB(182, 193, 250)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B6C3FA
RGB	182, 195, 250
RGB Percent	71%, 76%, 98%
CMY	0.2863, 0.2348, 0.0196
CMYK	0.27, 0.22, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	228°, 87%, 85%
HSV	228°, 27%, 98%
XYZ	56.0894, 55.9325, 98.2823
YIQ	197.3830, -25.4030, 14.3490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

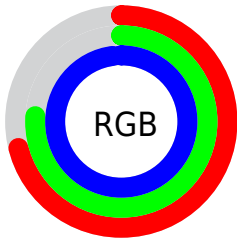
Format	Color
R_{YB}	182, 193, 250
Decimal	11977722
CIE Lab	79.58, 7.43, -28.50
CIE LCh	80, 29.453, 284.605
Yxy	55.9325, 0.2667, 0.2660
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290167802 (0xFFB6C3FA)
YUV	197.3830, 25.9402, -13.4909
Hunter-Lab	74.7880, 2.9920, -25.5640

Details

The RYB color **182, 193, 250** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **198, 250, 182**, and the grayscale version is **197, 197, 197**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **239, 246, 255**, and **128, 139, 193** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **157, 172, 250**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **207, 214, 250**.

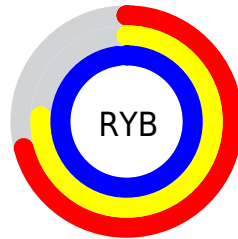
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (76%)

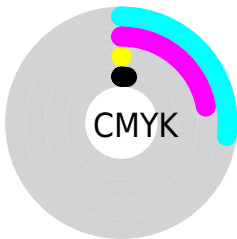
Blue (98%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (98%)

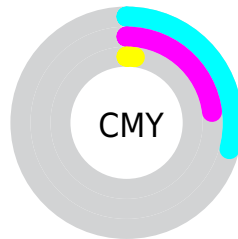


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 182, 193, 250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 182, 193, 250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 182, 193, 250

255, 255, 255

■ 239, 246, 255

■ 182, 193, 250

■ 154, 166, 221

■ 128, 140, 193

■ 101, 113, 166

■ 76, 89, 140

■ 50, 64, 114

■ 23, 40, 89

■ 0, 19, 65

■ 0, 0, 43

■ 0, 1, 22

■ 182, 193, 250

■ 182, 193, 250

■ 157, 172, 250

■ 207, 214, 250

■ 132, 151, 250

■ 232, 235, 250

■ 107, 130, 250

■ 250, 255, 250

■ 82, 109, 250

■ 57, 88, 250

■ 32, 67, 250

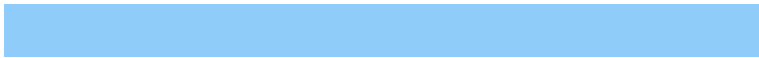
■ 7, 46, 250

■ 0, 40, 250

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



144, 182, 249



182, 193, 250



218, 186, 236

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



182, 193, 250



248, 189, 160



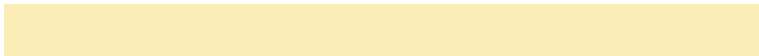
141, 186, 212

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



182, 193, 250



198, 250, 182

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



157, 207, 192



182, 193, 250



217, 230, 145

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



182, 193, 250



253, 177, 185



147, 203, 144



119, 167, 213

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



182, 193, 250



236, 181, 221



147, 203, 144



151, 194, 210

Sweetspot

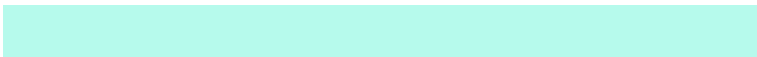
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



182, 193, 250



235, 238, 255



182, 220, 250



115, 117, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



182, 193, 250



171, 184, 255



202, 182, 250



112, 114, 125



0, 30, 189



0, 10, 61

Inverse Universe

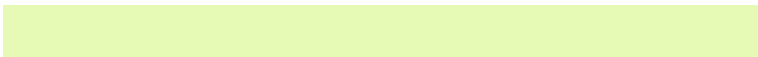
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



250, 182, 195



255, 171, 187



182, 250, 202



125, 112, 115



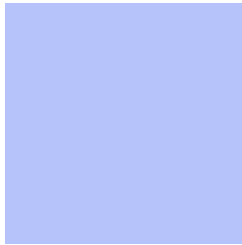
189, 0, 36



61, 0, 12

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 182, 193, 250 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

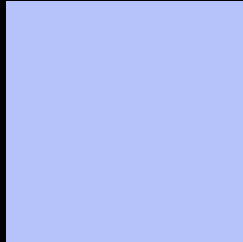
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 182, 193, 250 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

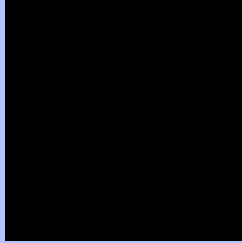
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 182, 193, 250 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 182, 193, 250.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 182, 193, 250.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

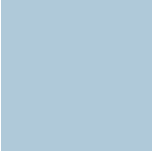
Dichromacy



Original Color
182, 193, 250

Protanopia
183, 193, 250

Deuteranopia
188, 193, 250



Tritanopia
175, 191, 217

Trichromacy



Original Color
182, 193, 250

Protanomaly
183, 193, 250

Deuteranomaly
186, 193, 250

Tritanomaly
178, 193, 229

Monochromacy



Original Color
182, 193, 250

Achromatopsia
197, 197, 197

Achromatomaly
192, 195, 216

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 182, 193, 250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 195, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 195, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 195, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 195, 250) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 182, 193, 250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 195, 250) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 195, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 195, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 195, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 195, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 195,  
250) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 182, 193, 250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 195, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
195, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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