

# Converting Colors

`RYB(183, 209, 235)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(183, 209, 235) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(183, 209, 235)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B7EBEB
RGB	183, 235, 235
RGB Percent	72%, 92%, 92%
CMY	0.2824, 0.0784, 0.0784
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	180°, 57%, 82%
HSV	180°, 22%, 92%
XYZ	64.2322, 75.4821, 89.7814
YIQ	219.4520, -30.9920, -11.0240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

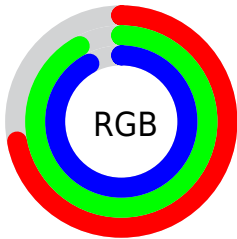
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	183, 209, 235
Decimal	12053483
CIE Lab	89.62, -16.48, -5.44
CIE LCh	90, 17.353, 198.285
Yxy	75.4821, 0.2799, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290243563 (0xFFB7EBEB)
YUV	219.4520, 7.6652, -31.9684
Hunter-Lab	86.8804, -20.0727, -0.4534

# Details

The RYB color **183, 209, 235** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **235, 183, 183**, and the grayscale version is **219, 219, 219**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **240, 248, 255**, and **129, 154, 179** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **160, 198, 235**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **206, 221, 235**.

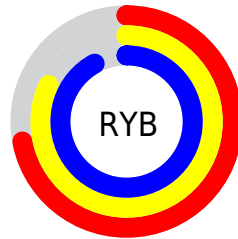
# Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (92%)

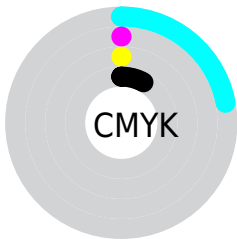
Blue (92%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (92%)

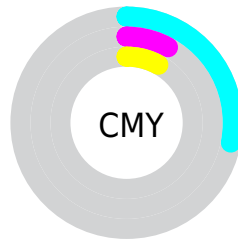


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 183, 209, 235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 183, 209, 235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 183, 209, 235

255, 255, 255


 240, 248, 255

 183, 209, 235

 156, 182, 207

 129, 154, 179

 103, 128, 153


 77, 102, 127

 52, 77, 102

 26, 52, 78


 0, 27, 55

 0, 17, 34

 0, 0, 12

 183, 209, 235


 183, 209, 235

 160, 198, 235


 206, 221, 235

 136, 186, 235


 230, 233, 235


 112, 174, 235


 253, 235, 235


 89, 162, 235

 255, 235, 235

 66, 151, 235

 42, 139, 235

 19, 127, 235

 0, 118, 235

# Harmonies

## Analogous

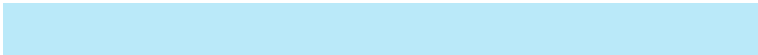
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



192, 219, 235



183, 209, 235



186, 213, 249

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



183, 209, 235



241, 218, 247



234, 245, 193

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



183, 209, 235



235, 183, 183

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 224, 201



183, 209, 235



255, 215, 232

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



183, 209, 235



220, 223, 255



255, 214, 216



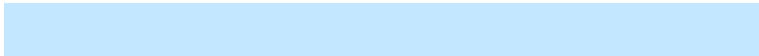
195, 228, 194

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



183, 209, 235



194, 217, 255



255, 214, 216



250, 241, 195



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



183, 209, 235



237, 246, 255



183, 235, 235



117, 123, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



183, 209, 235



186, 221, 255



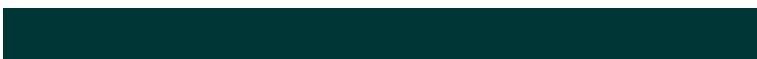
183, 200, 235



106, 112, 117



0, 91, 181



0, 27, 54



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



235, 183, 235



255, 186, 255



235, 235, 183



117, 106, 117



181, 0, 181

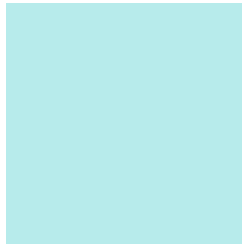


54, 0, 54



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 183, 209, 235 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

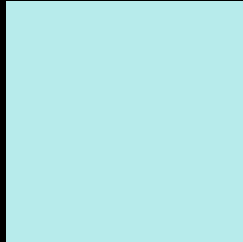
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 183, 209, 235 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYP 183, 209, 235 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 183, 209, 235.

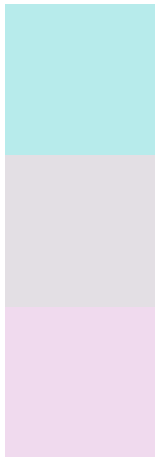


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 183, 209, 235.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
183, 209, 235

**Protanopia**  
227, 223, 228

**Deuteranopia**  
240, 218, 238



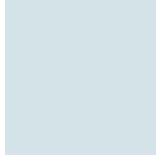
**Tritanopia**  
186, 213, 251

# Trichromacy



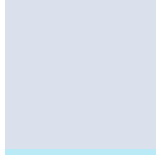
**Original Color**

183, 209, 235



**Protanomaly**

211, 220, 231



**Deuteranomaly**

219, 223, 237



**Tritanomaly**

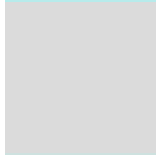
185, 212, 245

# Monochromacy



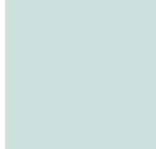
**Original Color**

183, 209, 235



**Achromatopsia**

219, 219, 219



**Achromatomaly**

206, 216, 225

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 183, 209, 235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 235, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 235, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 235, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 235, 235) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 183, 209, 235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

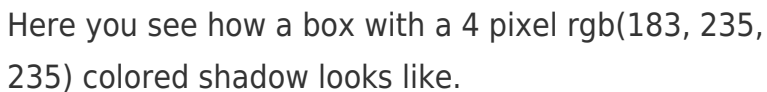
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 235, 235) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 235, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 235, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 235, 235); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 235, 235); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 235, 235) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 183, 209, 235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 235, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183,  
235, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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