

Converting Colors

`RYB(184, 160, 228)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(184, 160, 228) contains.

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Color

R_YB(184, 160, 228)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8A0E4
RGB	184, 160, 228
RGB Percent	72%, 63%, 89%
CMY	0.2784, 0.3725, 0.1059
CMYK	0.19, 0.30, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	261°, 56%, 76%
HSV	261°, 30%, 89%
XYZ	46.3416, 40.9334, 78.8573
YIQ	174.9280, -7.5240, 26.2360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

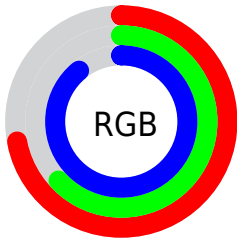
Format	Color
RYB	184, 160, 228
Decimal	12099812
CIELab	70.13, 22.29, -31.11
CIELCh	70, 38.268, 305.618
Yxy	40.9334, 0.2789, 0.2464
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290289892 (0xFFB8A0E4)
YUV	174.9280, 26.1645, 7.9561
Hunter-Lab	63.9792, 17.3279, -28.2921

Details

The RYB color **184, 160, 228** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **160, 228, 184**, and the grayscale version is **175, 175, 175**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **241, 215, 255**, and **130, 108, 172** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **169, 137, 228**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199, 183, 228**.

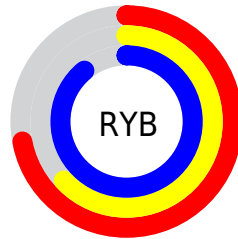
Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (63%)

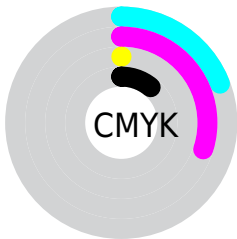
Blue (89%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (89%)

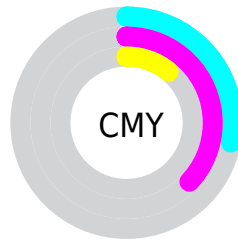


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (28%)


Magenta (37%)

Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 184, 160, 228 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 184, 160, 228 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 184, 160, 228


255, 255, 255

 241, 215, 255

 255, 243, 255

 184, 160, 228

 157, 134, 200

 130, 108, 172

 104, 84, 146

 79, 61, 120

 54, 38, 95

 30, 18, 71

 13, 0, 48

 0, 1, 26

 0, 0, 0

■ 184, 160, 228

■ 184, 160, 228

■ 169, 137, 228

■ 199, 183, 228

■ 154, 114, 228

■ 214, 206, 228

■ 140, 92, 228

■ 228, 228, 228

■ 125, 69, 228

■ 228, 251, 236

■ 110, 46, 228

■ 228, 255, 228

■ 95, 23, 228

■ 81, 0, 228

■ 80, 0, 228

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



132, 162, 240



184, 160, 228



221, 149, 201

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



184, 160, 228



218, 201, 109



58, 127, 190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



184, 160, 228



160, 228, 184

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



108, 164, 188



184, 160, 228



122, 188, 101

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



184, 160, 228



236, 152, 133



114, 181, 144



8, 104, 211

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



184, 160, 228



234, 145, 178



114, 181, 144



76, 140, 190

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



184, 160, 228



240, 232, 255



160, 187, 228



118, 113, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



184, 160, 228



196, 163, 255



218, 160, 228



107, 103, 115



63, 0, 179



18, 0, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



228, 160, 204



255, 163, 223



160, 228, 218



115, 103, 111



179, 0, 116



51, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 184, 160, 228 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

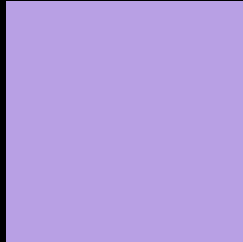
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 184, 160, 228 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

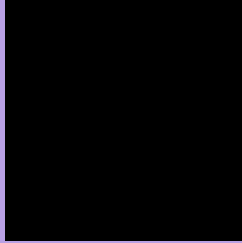
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 184, 160, 228 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 184, 160, 228.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 184, 160, 228.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
184, 160, 228

Protanopia
152, 166, 235

Deuteranopia
158, 167, 226



Tritanopia
176, 169, 182

Trichromacy



Original Color
184, 160, 228

Protanomaly
164, 166, 232

Deuteranomaly
167, 166, 227

Tritanomaly
179, 166, 199

Monochromacy



Original Color
184, 160, 228

Achromatopsia
175, 175, 175

Achromatomaly
178, 170, 194

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 184, 160, 228 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 160, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 160, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 160, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 160, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 184, 160, 228 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 160, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 160, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 160, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 160, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 160, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 160,  
228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 184, 160, 228 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 160, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
160, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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