

Converting Colors

`RYB(185, 146, 129)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(185, 146, 129) contains.

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Color

R_YB(185, 146, 129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B98E81
RGB	185, 142, 129
RGB Percent	73%, 56%, 51%
CMY	0.2745, 0.4430, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.30, 0.27
HSL	14°, 29%, 62%
HSV	14°, 30%, 73%
XYZ	33.6491, 31.2575, 25.0287
YIQ	153.3750, 29.8010, 5.0730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

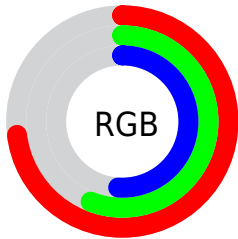
Format	Color
RYB	185, 146, 129
Decimal	12160641
CIELab	62.72, 14.38, 13.22
CIElCh	63, 19.532, 42.583
Yxy	31.2575, 0.3741, 0.3476
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290350721 (0xFFB98E81)
YUV	153.3750, -12.0169, 27.7351
Hunter-Lab	55.9084, 9.5927, 12.5934

Details

The RYB color **185, 146, 129** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **129, 153, 185**, and the grayscale version is **153, 153, 153**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **242, 200, 182**, and **131, 96, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **185, 134, 110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **185, 159, 147**.

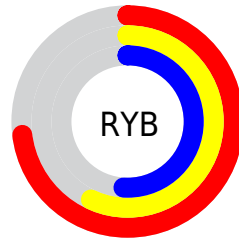
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (56%)

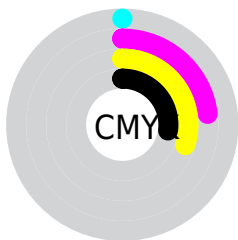
Blue (51%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (51%)

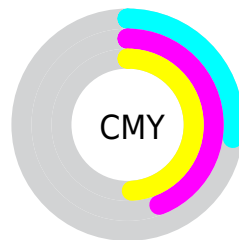


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 185, 146, 129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 185, 146, 129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 185, 146, 129


255, 255, 255


 242, 200, 182

 255, 231, 209

 242, 255, 238

 185, 146, 129

 158, 119, 104

 131, 96, 80

 105, 71, 57

 80, 48, 35

 55, 27, 14


 34, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0

 185, 146, 129


 185, 134, 110

 185, 146, 129

 185, 159, 147

 185, 121, 92

 185, 171, 166

 185, 107, 73

 184, 185, 184

 185, 94, 55

 185, 193, 203

 185, 81, 37

 185, 201, 221

 185, 69, 18

 185, 209, 240

 185, 56, 0

 185, 216, 255

 185, 220, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



187, 139, 145



185, 146, 129



172, 174, 119

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



185, 146, 129



119, 147, 161



141, 149, 185

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



185, 146, 129



129, 153, 185

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



119, 143, 184



185, 146, 129



106, 135, 162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



185, 146, 129



126, 158, 146



105, 136, 175



164, 145, 177

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



185, 146, 129



133, 163, 117



105, 136, 175



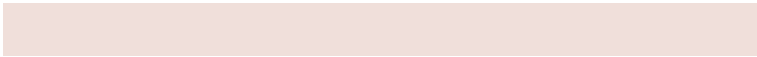
133, 148, 186

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



185, 146, 129



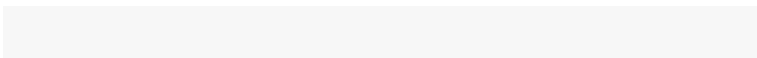
240, 224, 218



185, 129, 173



120, 111, 107



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



185, 146, 129



240, 181, 153



151, 185, 129



92, 86, 83



156, 47, 0



28, 9, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



129, 153, 185



153, 191, 240



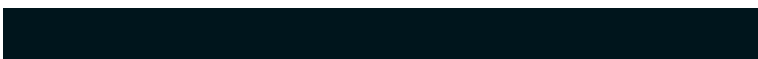
129, 141, 185



83, 87, 92



0, 68, 156



0, 12, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 185, 146, 129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 185, 146, 129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

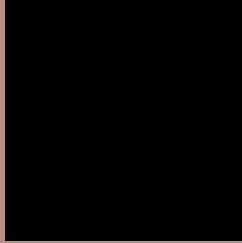
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 185, 146, 129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 185, 146, 129.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 185, 146, 129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
187, 139, 150

Trichromacy



Original Color

185, 146, 129

Protanomaly

168, 161, 132

Deuteranomaly

179, 154, 128

Tritanomaly

186, 140, 142

Monochromacy



Original Color

185, 146, 129

Achromatopsia

153, 153, 153

Achromatomaly

165, 151, 144

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 185, 146, 129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 142, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 142, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 142, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 142, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 185, 146, 129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 142, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 142, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 142, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 142, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 142, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 142,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 185, 146, 129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 142, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
142, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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