

Converting Colors

`RYB(186, 103, 133)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(186, 103, 133) contains.

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Color

R_YB(186, 103, 133)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BA6785
RGB	186, 103, 133
RGB Percent	73%, 40%, 52%
CMY	0.2706, 0.5961, 0.4784
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.28, 0.27
HSL	338°, 38%, 57%
HSV	338°, 45%, 73%
XYZ	29.3336, 21.8331, 24.8585
YIQ	131.2370, 39.8380, 26.9260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

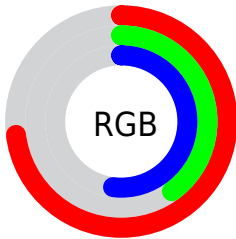
Format	Color
R_{YB}	186, 103, 133
Decimal	12216197
CIE Lab	53.85, 36.82, -1.81
CIE LCh	54, 36.862, 357.191
Yxy	21.8331, 0.3858, 0.2872
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290406277 (0xFFBA6785)
YUV	131.2370, 0.8692, 48.0272
Hunter-Lab	46.7259, 30.2886, 1.1654

Details

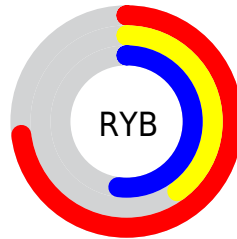
The RYB color **186, 103, 133** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **103, 154, 186**, and the grayscale version is **131, 131, 131**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **244, 156, 186**, and **130, 53, 84** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **186, 84, 121**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186, 122, 145**.

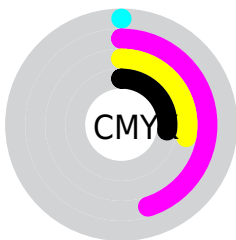
Distribution



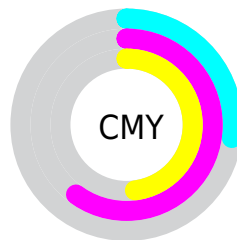
- Red (73%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (48%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 186, 103, 133 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 186, 103, 133 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 186, 103, 133

255, 255, 255

 244, 156, 186

 255, 183, 214

 255, 211, 242

 255, 240, 255

 186, 103, 133

 158, 78, 108

 130, 53, 84

 104, 27, 61

 78, 0, 39

 53, 0, 18


 22, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 186, 103, 133

 186, 84, 121

 186, 103, 133

 186, 122, 145

186, 66, 109

186, 140, 157

186, 47, 97

186, 159, 169

186, 29, 85

186, 177, 181

186, 10, 74

186, 192, 196

186, 0, 67

186, 204, 215

186, 215, 233

186, 226, 252

186, 225, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



165, 110, 164



186, 103, 133



189, 105, 101

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



186, 103, 133



70, 135, 86



0, 79, 181

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



186, 103, 133



103, 154, 186

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 75, 157



186, 103, 133



80, 131, 142

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



186, 103, 133



99, 151, 64



17, 86, 145



70, 112, 192

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



186, 103, 133



181, 122, 83



17, 86, 145



0, 78, 174

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



186, 103, 133



242, 211, 222



156, 103, 186



122, 103, 110



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



186, 103, 133



242, 111, 159



186, 116, 103



92, 83, 86



156, 0, 56



28, 0, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



186, 103, 133



242, 111, 159



103, 142, 186



92, 83, 86



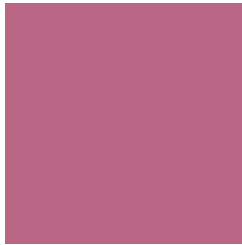
156, 0, 56



28, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 186, 103, 133 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

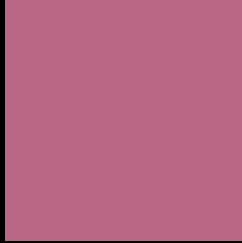
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 186, 103, 133 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 186, 103, 133 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 186, 103, 133.

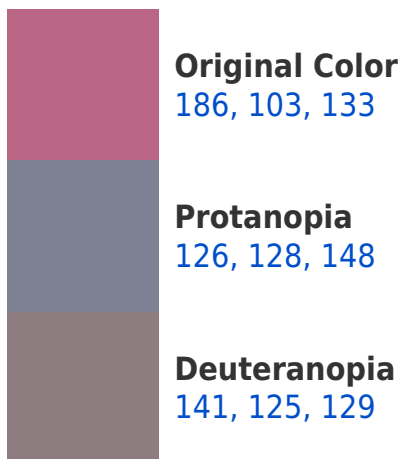



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 186, 103, 133.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
184, 106, 114

Trichromacy



Original Color
186, 103, 133

Protanomaly
148, 119, 143

Deuteranomaly
157, 117, 130

Tritanomaly
185, 105, 121

Monochromacy



Original Color
186, 103, 133

Achromatopsia
131, 131, 131

Achromatomaly
151, 121, 132

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 186, 103, 133 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 103, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 103, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 103, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 103, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 186, 103, 133 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 103, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 103, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 103, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 103, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 103, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 103,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 186, 103, 133 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 103, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
103, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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