

Converting Colors

`RYB(186, 121, 166)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(186, 121, 166) contains.

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Color

`RYB(186, 121, 166)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BA79A6
RGB	186, 121, 166
RGB Percent	73%, 47%, 65%
CMY	0.2706, 0.5255, 0.3490
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.11, 0.27
HSL	318°, 32%, 60%
HSV	318°, 35%, 73%
XYZ	33.9700, 26.8670, 39.4718
YIQ	145.5650, 24.2950, 27.7750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

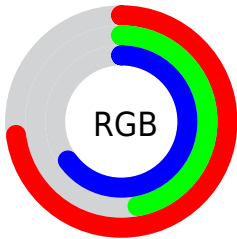
Format	Color
RYB	186, 121, 166
Decimal	12220838
CIELab	58.85, 32.20, -13.55
CIELCh	59, 34.934, 337.173
Yxy	26.8670, 0.3387, 0.2678
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290410918 (0xFFBA79A6)
YUV	145.5650, 10.0745, 35.4615
Hunter-Lab	51.8334, 26.2749, -8.8667

Details

The RYB color **186, 121, 166** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **121, 171, 186**, and the grayscale version is **145, 145, 145**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243, 174, 221**, and **132, 71, 114** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **186, 102, 160**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186, 140, 172**.

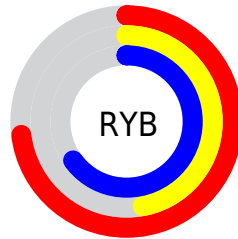
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (47%)

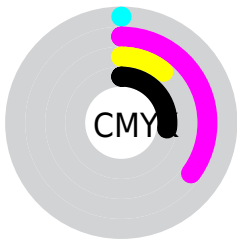
Blue (65%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (65%)

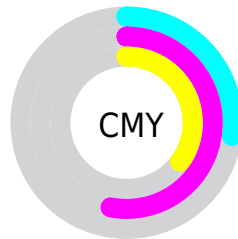


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 186, 121, 166 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 186, 121, 166 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 186, 121, 166

255, 255, 255

 243, 174, 221

 255, 202, 250

 255, 230, 255

 186, 121, 166

 158, 96, 140


 132, 71, 114

 106, 47, 89

 80, 23, 66

 56, 0, 44

 36, 0, 24

 0, 0, 0

 186, 121, 166

 186, 102, 160

 186, 121, 166

 186, 140, 172

■ 186, 84, 155

■ 186, 158, 177

■ 186, 65, 149

■ 186, 177, 183

■ 186, 47, 143

■ 186, 193, 195

■ 186, 28, 137

■ 186, 207, 214

■ 186, 9, 132

■ 186, 222, 233

■ 186, 0, 129

■ 186, 236, 251

■ 186, 236, 255

■ 186, 233, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



155, 131, 190



186, 121, 166



200, 117, 135

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



186, 121, 166



94, 154, 80



0, 83, 178

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



186, 121, 166



121, 171, 186

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32, 98, 158



186, 121, 166



92, 151, 122

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



186, 121, 166



181, 175, 86



83, 133, 156



48, 109, 197

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



186, 121, 166



200, 119, 115



83, 133, 156



0, 81, 169

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



186, 121, 166



242, 218, 235



140, 121, 186



122, 108, 118



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



186, 121, 166



242, 141, 211



186, 121, 134



92, 83, 89



156, 0, 108



28, 0, 19

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



186, 121, 166



242, 141, 211



121, 157, 186



92, 83, 89



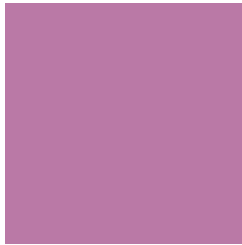
156, 0, 108



28, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 186, 121, 166 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

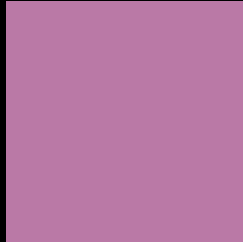
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 186, 121, 166 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

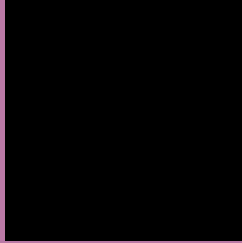
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 186, 121, 166 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 186, 121, 166.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 186, 121, 166.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
186, 121, 166

Protanopia
132, 139, 179

Deuteranopia
146, 138, 163



Tritanopia
182, 127, 136

Trichromacy



Original Color
186, 121, 166

Protanomaly
152, 133, 174

Deuteranomaly
161, 132, 164

Tritanomaly
183, 125, 147

Monochromacy



Original Color
186, 121, 166

Achromatopsia
146, 146, 146

Achromatomaly
161, 137, 153

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 186, 121, 166 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(186, 121, 166) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 121, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 121, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 121, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 186, 121, 166 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 121, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 121, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 121, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 121, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 121, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 121,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 186, 121, 166 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 121, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
121, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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