

# Converting Colors

`RYB(186, 175, 132)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(186, 175, 132) contains.

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# **Color**

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(186, 175, 132)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BA9C84
RGB	186, 156, 132
RGB Percent	73%, 61%, 52%
CMY	0.2706, 0.3885, 0.4824
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.29, 0.27
HSL	27°, 28%, 62%
HSV	27°, 29%, 73%
XYZ	36.2926, 35.8612, 26.8389
YIQ	162.2340, 25.5840, -1.1040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

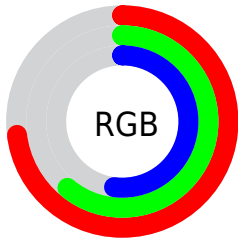
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	186, 175, 132
Decimal	12229764
CIELab	66.41, 7.51, 16.69
CIElCh	66, 18.304, 65.779
Yxy	35.8612, 0.3666, 0.3623
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290419844 (0xFFBA9C84)
YUV	162.2340, -14.9054, 20.8428
Hunter-Lab	59.8842, 3.3819, 15.3464

# Details

The RYB color **186, 175, 132** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **132, 151, 186**, and the grayscale version is **162, 162, 162**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243, 229, 185**, and **132, 125, 82** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **186, 173, 113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186, 177, 151**.

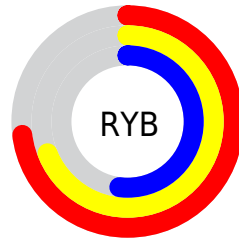
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (61%)

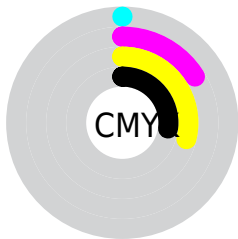
Blue (52%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (52%)

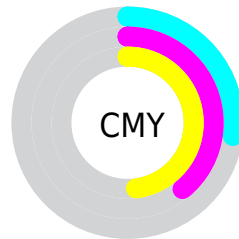


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 186, 175, 132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 186, 175, 132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 186, 175, 132

255, 255, 255

 243, 229, 185


 239, 255, 213


 241, 255, 241

 186, 175, 132

 159, 148, 107

 132, 125, 82

 106, 100, 59

 81, 77, 37

 57, 53, 17

 35, 29, 0

 0, 0, 0

 186, 175, 132


 186, 173, 113

 186, 175, 132


 186, 177, 151

 186, 166, 95


 186, 184, 169

 186, 164, 76

 186, 187, 188

 186, 161, 58

 186, 193, 206

 186, 156, 39

 186, 200, 225

 186, 154, 20

 186, 207, 244

 186, 147, 2

 186, 212, 255

 186, 147, 0

 186, 216, 255

 186, 219, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



195, 154, 143



186, 175, 132



142, 171, 129

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



186, 175, 132



121, 148, 171



168, 156, 188

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



186, 175, 132



132, 151, 186

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



147, 158, 194



186, 175, 132



117, 146, 180

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



186, 175, 132



134, 160, 170



127, 152, 191



186, 152, 175

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



186, 175, 132



132, 165, 138



127, 152, 191



161, 158, 191

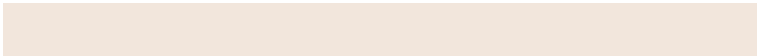


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



186, 175, 132



242, 238, 220



186, 132, 163



122, 120, 109



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



186, 175, 132



242, 226, 157



136, 186, 132



92, 90, 83



156, 124, 0



28, 21, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



132, 151, 186



157, 188, 242



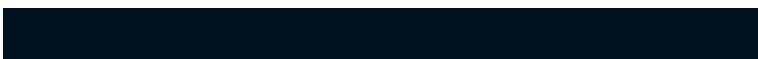
132, 136, 186



83, 86, 92



0, 56, 156



0, 10, 28



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 186, 175, 132 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

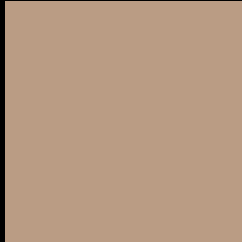
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 186, 175, 132 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

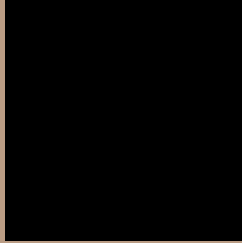
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 186, 175, 132 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 186, 175, 132.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 186, 175, 132.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
186, 175, 132

**Protanopia**  
149, 171, 135

**Deuteranopia**  
187, 172, 132



**Tritanopia**  
190, 152, 163

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
186, 175, 132

**Protanomaly**  
163, 176, 134

**Deuteranomaly**  
187, 172, 132

**Tritanomaly**  
189, 153, 152

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
186, 175, 132

**Achromatopsia**  
162, 162, 162

**Achromatomaly**  
171, 167, 151

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 186, 175, 132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 156, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 156, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 156, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 156, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 186, 175, 132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 156, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 156, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 156, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 156, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 156, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 156,  
132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 186, 175, 132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 156, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
156, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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