

Converting Colors

`RYB(186, 60, 60)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(186, 60, 60) contains.

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Color

R_YB(186, 60, 60)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BA3C3C
RGB	186, 60, 60
RGB Percent	73%, 24%, 24%
CMY	0.2706, 0.7647, 0.7647
CMYK	0.00, 0.68, 0.68, 0.27
HSL	0°, 51%, 48%
HSV	0°, 68%, 73%
XYZ	22.6812, 13.9971, 5.7812
YIQ	97.6740, 75.0960, 26.7120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

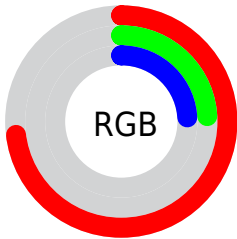
Format	Color
RYB	186, 60, 60
Decimal	12205116
CIELab	44.23, 50.52, 28.67
CIElCh	44, 58.093, 29.574
Yxy	13.9971, 0.5342, 0.3297
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290395196 (0xFFBA3C3C)
YUV	97.6740, -18.5733, 77.4619
Hunter-Lab	37.4127, 42.7423, 17.0270

Details

The RYB color **186, 60, 60** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **60, 123, 186**, and the grayscale version is **98, 98, 98**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **248, 114, 108**, and **126, 0, 18** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **186, 41, 41**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186, 79, 79**.

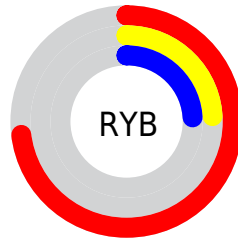
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (24%)

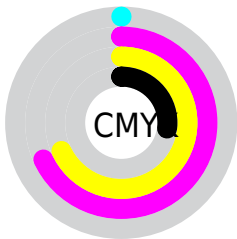
Blue (24%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (24%)

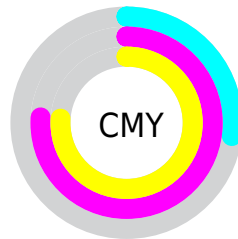


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (68%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 186, 60, 60 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 186, 60, 60 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 186, 60, 60  186, 60, 60

255, 255, 255  156, 30, 38

 248, 114, 108  126, 0, 18

 255, 143, 133  97, 0, 0

 255, 170, 159  68, 0, 0

 255, 201, 186  39, 0, 1

 255, 233, 214  0, 0, 0

 242, 255, 242


 186, 60, 60  186, 60, 60

 186, 41, 41  186, 79, 79


 186, 23, 23


 186, 97, 97


 186, 4, 4


 186, 116, 116

 186, 0, 0

 186, 134, 134

 186, 153, 153

 186, 172, 172

 186, 188, 190

 186, 198, 209

 186, 207, 227

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



187, 51, 107



186, 60, 60



164, 143, 13

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



186, 60, 60



0, 86, 123



0, 72, 202

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



186, 60, 60



60, 123, 186

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 74, 188



186, 60, 60



0, 70, 126

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



186, 60, 60



0, 115, 36



0, 69, 151



99, 92, 189

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



186, 60, 60



64, 140, 0



0, 69, 151



0, 73, 200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



186, 60, 60



242, 194, 194



186, 60, 186



122, 93, 93



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



186, 60, 60



242, 46, 46



186, 186, 60



92, 83, 83



156, 0, 0



28, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 123, 186



46, 144, 242



60, 102, 186



83, 88, 92



0, 78, 156



0, 14, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 186, 60, 60 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

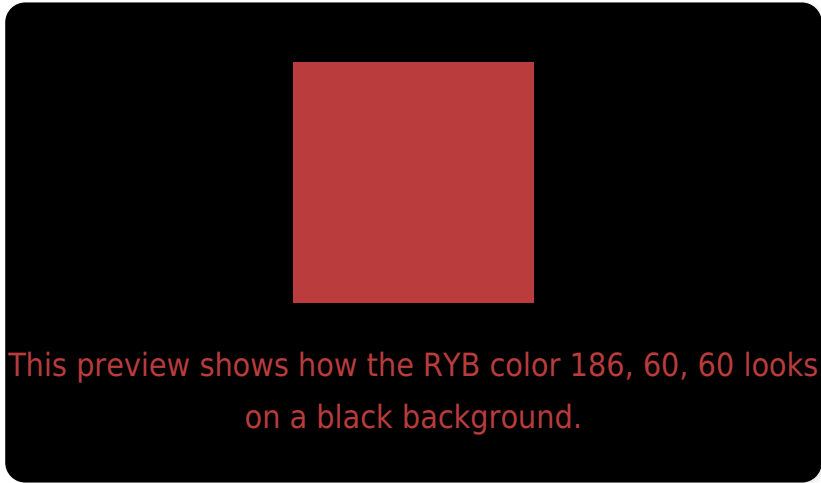
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 186, 60, 60 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 186, 60, 60.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 186, 60, 60.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
186, 60, 60

Protanopia
87, 113, 77

Deuteranopia
102, 130, 53



Tritanopia
186, 60, 63

Trichromacy



Original Color

186, 60, 60

Protanomaly

140, 95, 71

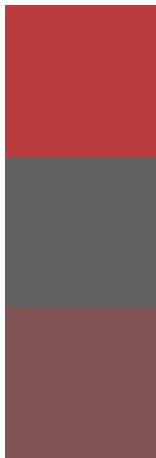
Deuteranomaly

150, 98, 56

Tritanomaly

186, 60, 62

Monochromacy



Original Color

186, 60, 60

Achromatopsia

98, 98, 98

Achromatomaly

130, 84, 84

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 186, 60, 60 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 60, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 60, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 60, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 60, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 186, 60, 60 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 60, 60) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 60, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 60, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 60, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 60, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 60,  
60) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 186, 60, 60 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 60, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186, 60,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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