

# Converting Colors

`RYB(187, 60, 187)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(187, 60, 187) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(187, 60, 187)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BB3CBB
RGB	187, 60, 187
RGB Percent	73%, 24%, 73%
CMY	0.2667, 0.7647, 0.2667
CMYK	0.00, 0.68, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	300°, 51%, 48%
HSV	300°, 68%, 73%
XYZ	31.0790, 17.3844, 48.7312
YIQ	112.4510, 34.9250, 66.4210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

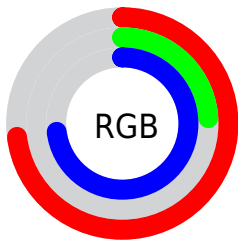
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	187, 60, 187
Decimal	12270779
CIELab	48.74, 65.41, -41.36
CIELCh	49, 77.391, 327.693
Yxy	17.3844, 0.3198, 0.1789
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290460859 (0xFFBB3CBB)
YUV	112.4510, 36.7527, 65.3795
Hunter-Lab	41.6946, 60.0879, -40.1099

# Details

The RYB color **187, 60, 187** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. A complement of this color would be **60, 187, 187**, and the grayscale version is **112, 112, 112**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **246, 118, 244**, and **130, 0, 133** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **187, 41, 187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **187, 79, 187**.

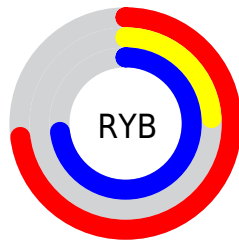
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (24%)

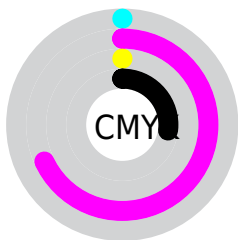
Blue (73%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (73%)

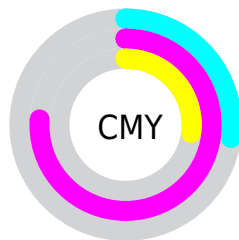


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 187, 60, 187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 187, 60, 187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





187, 60, 187



187, 60, 187

255, 255, 255



158, 25, 160



246, 118, 244



130, 0, 133



255, 146, 255



102, 0, 107



255, 174, 255



75, 0, 83



255, 203, 255



51, 0, 59



255, 233, 255



16, 0, 36



0, 0, 11



0, 0, 0



187, 60, 187



187, 60, 187

■ 187, 41, 187

■ 187, 79, 187

■ 187, 23, 187

■ 187, 97, 187

■ 187, 4, 187

■ 187, 116, 187

■ 187, 0, 187

■ 187, 135, 187

■ 187, 154, 187

■ 187, 172, 187

■ 187, 191, 191

■ 187, 210, 210

■ 187, 228, 228

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92, 100, 234



187, 60, 187



224, 4, 124

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



187, 60, 187



43, 145, 0



0, 79, 175

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



187, 60, 187



60, 187, 187

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 81, 143



187, 60, 187



0, 129, 48

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



187, 60, 187



194, 142, 0



0, 110, 139



0, 86, 227

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



187, 60, 187



227, 19, 81



0, 110, 139



0, 74, 154



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



187, 60, 187



242, 194, 242



60, 60, 187



122, 93, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



187, 60, 187



242, 46, 242



187, 60, 123



94, 85, 94



158, 0, 158



31, 0, 31



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



187, 60, 187



242, 46, 242



60, 145, 187



94, 85, 94



158, 0, 158



31, 0, 31



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 187, 60, 187 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 187, 60, 187 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

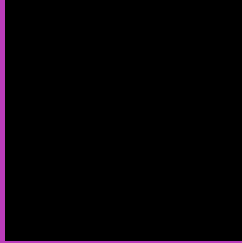
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 187, 60, 187 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 187, 60, 187.

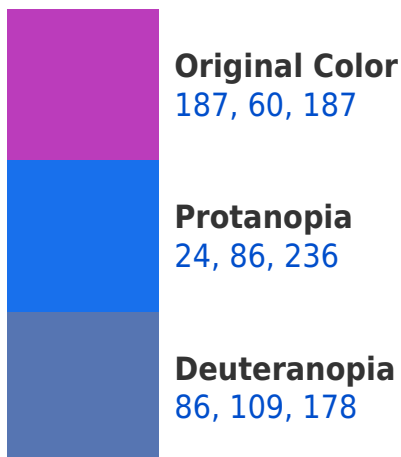



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 187, 60, 187.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



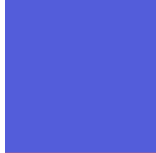


**Tritanopia**  
177, 89, 96

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
187, 60, 187



**Protanomaly**  
83, 92, 218



**Deuteranomaly**  
123, 96, 181



**Tritanomaly**  
181, 78, 129

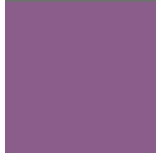
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
187, 60, 187



**Achromatopsia**  
112, 112, 112



**Achromatomaly**  
139, 93, 139

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 187, 60, 187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 60, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 60, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 60, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 60, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 187, 60, 187 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 60, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 60, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(187, 60, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 60, 187); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 60, 187); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 60, 187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 187, 60, 187 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 60, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187, 60,  
187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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