

# Converting Colors

`RYB(187, 75, 103)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(187, 75, 103) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(187, 75, 103)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BB4B67
RGB	187, 75, 103
RGB Percent	73%, 29%, 40%
CMY	0.2667, 0.7059, 0.5961
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.45, 0.27
HSL	345°, 45%, 51%
HSV	345°, 60%, 73%
XYZ	25.4578, 16.5762, 14.6897
YIQ	111.6800, 57.7640, 32.4520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

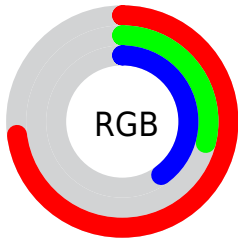
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	187, 75, 103
Decimal	12274535
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	47.72, 47.64, 7.29
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	48, 48.195, 8.698
Yxy	16.5762, 0.4488, 0.2922
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290464615 (0xFFBB4B67)
YUV	111.6800, -4.2792, 66.0556
Hunter-Lab	40.7139, 40.3639, 7.1077

# Details

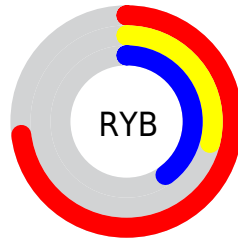
The RYB color **187, 75, 103** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. A complement of this color would be **75, 139, 187**, and the grayscale version is **112, 112, 112**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **247, 128, 154**, and **129, 16, 56** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **187, 56, 89**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **187, 94, 117**.

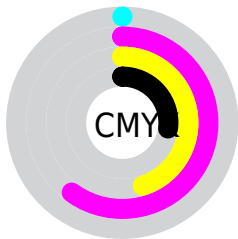
# Distribution



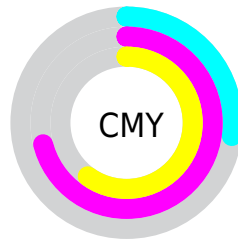
- Red (73%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 187, 75, 103 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 187, 75, 103 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





187, 75, 103



187, 75, 103

255, 255, 255



158, 48, 79



247, 128, 154



129, 16, 56



255, 156, 181



101, 0, 35



255, 184, 208



74, 0, 13



255, 212, 236



48, 0, 2



255, 241, 255



0, 0, 0



187, 75, 103



187, 75, 103



187, 56, 89



187, 94, 117



187, 38, 75




187, 112, 131


 187, 19, 61


 187, 131, 145

 187, 0, 47

 187, 150, 159

 187, 169, 173

 187, 187, 187

 187, 198, 206

 187, 209, 225

 187, 219, 243

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171, 81, 144



187, 75, 103



181, 88, 64

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



187, 75, 103



45, 125, 90



0, 75, 189

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



187, 75, 103



75, 139, 187

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 73, 163



187, 75, 103



0, 81, 131

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



187, 75, 103



34, 124, 24



0, 69, 133



50, 94, 194

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



187, 75, 103



167, 133, 43



0, 69, 133



0, 75, 182



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



187, 75, 103



242, 199, 210



159, 75, 187



122, 95, 102



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



187, 75, 103



242, 68, 111



187, 112, 75



94, 85, 87



158, 0, 40



31, 0, 8



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



187, 75, 103



242, 68, 111



75, 123, 187



94, 85, 87



158, 0, 40

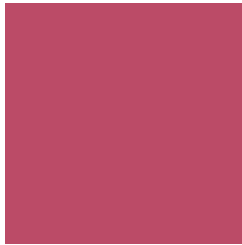


31, 0, 8



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 187, 75, 103 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

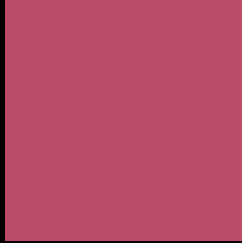
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 187, 75, 103 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 187, 75, 103 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 187, 75, 103.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 187, 75, 103.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
187, 75, 103

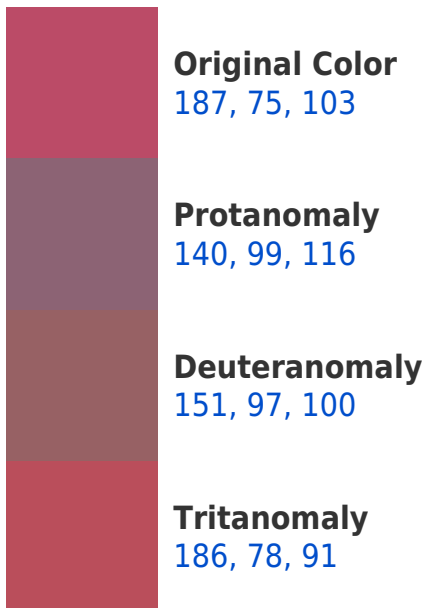
**Protanopia**  
113, 113, 124

**Deuteranopia**  
131, 117, 98



**Tritanopia**  
186, 79, 84

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 187, 75, 103 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 75, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 75, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 75, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 75, 103) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 187, 75, 103 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 75, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 75, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 75, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 75, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 75, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 75,  
103) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 187, 75, 103 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 75, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187, 75,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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