

Converting Colors

`RYB(187, 90, 130)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(187, 90, 130) contains.

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Color

R_YB(187, 90, 130)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BB5A82
RGB	187, 90, 130
RGB Percent	73%, 35%, 51%
CMY	0.2667, 0.6471, 0.4902
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.30, 0.27
HSL	335°, 42%, 54%
HSV	335°, 52%, 73%
XYZ	28.1789, 19.4888, 23.3956
YIQ	123.5630, 44.9720, 33.0040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

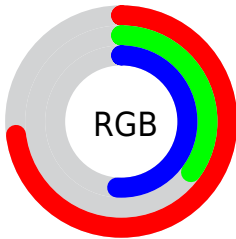
Format	Color
R_{YB}	187, 90, 130
Decimal	12278402
CIE _{Lab}	51.25, 43.51, -3.83
CIE _{LCh}	51, 43.679, 354.964
Yxy	19.4888, 0.3965, 0.2742
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290468482 (0xFFBB5A82)
YUV	123.5630, 3.1734, 55.6342
Hunter-Lab	44.1462, 36.6826, -0.5189

Details

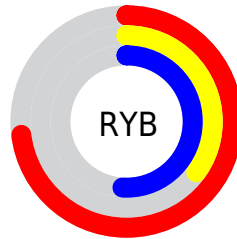
The RYB color **187, 90, 130** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **90, 151, 187**, and the grayscale version is **123, 123, 123**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **245, 143, 183**, and **131, 38, 81** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **187, 71, 119**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **187, 109, 141**.

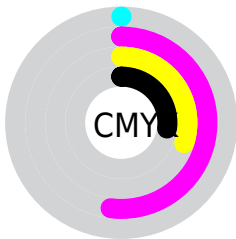
Distribution



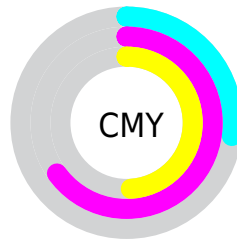
- Red (73%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (49%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 187, 90, 130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 187, 90, 130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 187, 90, 130

255, 255, 255

 245, 143, 183


 255, 170, 210

 255, 198, 239

 255, 227, 255

 187, 90, 130

 159, 64, 105

 131, 38, 81

 104, 4, 58

 77, 0, 36

 53, 0, 15


 15, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 187, 90, 130

 187, 71, 119

 187, 90, 130

 187, 109, 141

 187, 53, 108

 187, 127, 152

 187, 34, 97

 187, 146, 163

 187, 15, 86

 187, 165, 174

 187, 0, 77

 187, 184, 185

 187, 196, 202

 187, 208, 221

 187, 220, 240

 187, 229, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



162, 100, 165



187, 90, 130



191, 92, 93

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



187, 90, 130



51, 129, 68



0, 78, 182

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



187, 90, 130



90, 151, 187

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 73, 152



187, 90, 130



66, 127, 137

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



187, 90, 130



88, 149, 44



0, 77, 140



7, 81, 196

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



187, 90, 130



183, 108, 71



0, 77, 140



0, 77, 174

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



187, 90, 130



242, 203, 219



147, 90, 187



122, 99, 109



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



187, 90, 130



242, 92, 154



187, 99, 90



94, 85, 89



158, 0, 65



31, 0, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



187, 90, 130



242, 92, 154



90, 136, 187



94, 85, 89



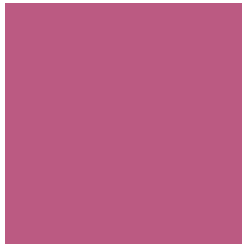
158, 0, 65



31, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 187, 90, 130 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

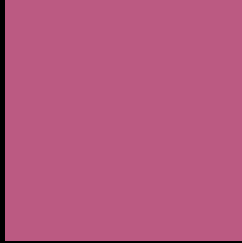
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 187, 90, 130 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 187, 90, 130 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 187, 90, 130.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 187, 90, 130.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
187, 90, 130

Protanopia
116, 120, 150

Deuteranopia
133, 119, 125



Tritanopia
185, 95, 102

Trichromacy



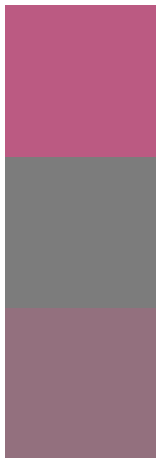
Original Color
187, 90, 130

Protanomaly
142, 110, 143

Deuteranomaly
153, 108, 127

Tritanomaly
186, 93, 112

Monochromacy



Original Color
187, 90, 130

Achromatopsia
124, 124, 124

Achromatomaly
147, 112, 126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 187, 90, 130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 90, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 90, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 90, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 90, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 187, 90, 130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 90, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 90, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(187, 90, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 90, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 90, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 90,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 187, 90, 130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 90, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187, 90,  
130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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